## 29

# EE 8351 – BASICS OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (REGULATION – 2012)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

#### Answer ALL Questions

#### Part - A $[10 \times 2 = 20]$

- 1. Mention any two advantages of a three phase power supply system.
- 2. Define power factor of an AC supply. How is it measured?
- 3. What is the relative direction of currents on the two sides of a coil in a DC generator?
- 4. Give the torque equation of a DC motor.
- 5. What is the purpose for shifting the electrical component values of transformers from primary to secondary and vice versa?
- 6. Define all-day efficiency of a transformer.
- 7. Compare and contrast the effects of single phase connection vs three phase connection to the stator of an induction motor.
- 8. What is the use of capacitors in a single phase induction motor construction?
- 9. Name the types of electrical power tariffs followed by supply companies.
- 10. What is the principle of operation of repulsion type moving iron instruments?

### Part - B $[5 \times 16 = 80]$

- 11. Explain the voltage, current and power equations of star and delta connected systems with diagrams. [16]
- 12. a) Explain the armature reaction of a DC generator in detail. What are the various component forces which form the total effect? [16]

#### Or

- b] For a lap wound DC shunt motor with supply voltage 230 V, and armature resistance 2 ohms, flux per pole is 2.827 m.Wb. and the total number of conductors are 3000.
  - i) Find that speed when the armature current is 9 amperes
  - ii) Find the armature current when the speed is 1300 rpm for the same supply voltage. [8]
- 13. a] i) Derive the emf equation of the transformer.

[8]

ii) Derive the condition for maximum efficiency in a transformer.

[8]

#### Or

b] Derive the equivalent circuit of the transformer with respect to primary and secondary.

[16]

| 14. a]                                 | Explain the construction details of a three phase alternator. What are the of having the armature on stator?               | advantages<br>[16]  |
|--|--|---------------------|
| b]                                     | i) Explain the starting methods of synchronous condensers. ii) Draw and explain the phasor diagram of a loaded alternator. | [8]                 |
| 15. a]                                 | Explain the components of transmission and distribution systems from destination.  | n source to<br>[16] |
| b]                                     | Or Explain in detail about essentials of constructing the indicating instrument  | is.<br>[16]         |
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