Savitribai Phule Pune University Faculty of Science & Technology



B.E. (Electronics & Telecommunication) (2015 Pattern) Syllabus

(With effect from Academic Year 2018-19)

Savitribai Phule Pune University Final Year E&TC Engineering (2015 Course) (With effect from Academic Year 2018-19)

				,	Semes	ter I						
Course	Course	Teachi Hou									Credits	
Code	Course	Theor y	Tut	Pract	In- Sem	End- Sem	TW	PR	OR	Total	TH/TW	PR+OR
404181	VLSI Design & Technology	3			30	70				100	3	
404182	Computer Networks & Security	4			30	70				100	4	
404183	Radiation & Microwave Techniques	3			30	70				100	3	
404184	Elective I	3			30 70 100		3					
404185	Elective II	3			30	70				100	3	
404186	Lab Practice -I (CNS+ RMT)			4			50		50	100		2
404187	Lab Practice -II (VLSI + Elective I)			4			50	50		100		2
404188	Project Stage I	-	2				-		50	50		2
	Audit Course 5										-	
	Total	16	2	8	150	350	100	100	50	750	16	6
			Total	l Credi	its							22
											1	
Elective I Elec			Elective II					Audit Course 5				
1 Digital Image and Video 1. Way			. Wavelets				1. Green Energy					
Processing 2. Electro			lectron	ics Pro	oduct E	Design	l	2. Hu	man Beh	avior		
2. Indu	strial Drives and Con	trol	3.0	3. Optimization Techniques								
3. Emb	oedded Systems & RT	0	4. A	4. Artificial Intelligence								
4. Internet of Things 5. Ele			lectron	ics in a	agricul	ture						

Final Year E&TC Engineering (2015 Course) (With effect from Academic Year 2018-19)

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		Teach	ing Sc	heme	Sem	ester	Exan	nina	tion Sc	heme of		
		Hou	rs / Week Marks				Cr	Credit				
Course Code	Course	Theory	Tut	Pract		End- Sem		PR	OR	Total	TH/TW	PR+OR
404189	Mobile Communication	3			30	70				100	3	
404190	Broadband Communication Systems	4			30	70				100	4	
404191	Elective III	3			30	70				100	3	
404192	Elective IV	3			30	70				100	3	
404193	Lab Practice –III (MC+BCS)			4			50	50		100		2
404194	Lab Practice –IV (Elective III)			2					50	50		1
404195	Project Stage II		6	-			150		50	200		6
	Audit Course 6											I
	Total	13	6	6	120	280	200	50	100	750	13	9
								l	Tota	l Credits	2	2
Elective II	<u>u</u>		<u>Elect</u>	ive-IV					<u>Audit</u>	Course (<u>6</u>	
1. Machine Learning			1. Robotics					1. Team Building, Leadership and				
2. PLC s at	2. PLC s and Automation			2. Biomedical Electronics					Fitness for Engineers			
3. Audio a	nd Speech Processi	ng	3. Wireless Sensor Networks				5	2. Environmental issues and				
4. Softwar	e Defined Radio		4. Renewable Energy Systems					ns	Disaste	er Manag	ement	
	Video Engineering		-	Open Elective*								

 Audio video Engineering
 5. Open Elective*

 *Any one course from the list of Elective IV of computer/IT/Electrical/Instrumentation or Institute can offer elective IV based on any industry need with prior approval from BoS(Electronics). Repetition of course or topics should be avoided.

		Cro	dits: 03		
Teaching Scheme:		CIE		nination Schen	ne:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week				In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks
Course Objectives:					
• To explore HDL an	d related o	lesign ar	pproach.		
• To nurture students			-		
			logic circuit design.		
			and PLD architectur		ed features.
Course Outcomes:					
On completion of the course, s	tudent wil	l be able	to		
1. Write effective HDL co	ding for d	ligital de	sign.		
2. Apply knowledge of re-			0 0		
3. Model digital circuit w			•	type in PLDs.	
4. Design CMOS circuits					
5. Analyze various issues			U	•	
6. Apply knowledge of ter	stability in	design	and build self test cir	rcuit.	
Unit I : HDL Design Design Flow, Language cons	structs D	ata ohia	octe Data types Fi	atity Architect	7 Hrs
modeling, Sequential statemer		•	• 1	•	• •
modeling of Combinational, S					
styles, Hierarchical and flat de	-		and I DIVI. Dimutation	Jus, bynulosis,	
	signs, Pari	itioning		•	
		itioning		•	
Unit II : Digital design and Is Sequential synchronous mach FIFO. Metastability and solut Clock distribution, Clock jitte optimization, Interconnect r	sues ine design ions, Nois r, Supply	n, Moor se margi and gro	for synthesis, Pipelin e and Mealy machi n, Fan-out, Skew, T pund bounce, Power	ning, Resource ines, HDL cod iming consider distribution te	sharing. 6 Hrs le for Machines rations, Hazards chniques, Powe
Unit II : Digital design and Is Sequential synchronous mach FIFO. Metastability and solut Clock distribution, Clock jitte optimization, Interconnect r architecture.	sues ine design ions, Nois r, Supply outing te	n, Moor se margi and gro chniques	for synthesis, Pipelin e and Mealy machi n, Fan-out, Skew, T pund bounce, Power	ning, Resource ines, HDL cod iming consider distribution te	sharing. 6 Hrs le for Machines rations, Hazards chniques, Powe rity issues. I/C
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Unit II : Digital design and Is Sequential synchronous mach FIFO. Metastability and solut Clock distribution, Clock jitte optimization, Interconnect r architecture. Unit III : PLD Architectures a Design Flow. CPLD Archite Features, Specifications, Appl	sues ine design ions, Nois r, Supply outing te and applic ecture, Fe ications.	n, Moor se margi and gro chniques cations satures,	for synthesis, Pipelin e and Mealy machi n, Fan-out, Skew, T bund bounce, Power s; Wire parasitic, Specifications, App	ning, Resource ines, HDL cod iming consider distribution te Signal integr blications. FPC	sharing. 6 Hrs le for Machines rations, Hazards cchniques, Powe rity issues. I/O 6 Hrs GA Architecture
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Unit II : Digital design and Is Sequential synchronous mach FIFO. Metastability and solut Clock distribution, Clock jitte optimization, Interconnect r architecture. Unit III : PLD Architectures a Design Flow. CPLD Archite Features, Specifications, Appl implementation. Unit IV:Digital CMOS circuit N-MOS, P-MOS and CMOS, Hot electron effect, Velocity s	sues ine design ions, Nois r, Supply outing te and applic ecture, Fe ications. ' ts MOSFET aturation,	n, Moor se margi and gro chniques ations atures, The Sim	for synthesis, Pipelin e and Mealy machin, Fan-out, Skew, Tound bounce, Power s; Wire parasitic, Specifications, App nulation and Synthes c, Technology scalin Inverter, Device sizi	ning, Resource ines, HDL cod l'iming consider distribution te Signal integr plications. FPG sis Tools, FPG ng, Channel ler	sharing. 6 Hrs le for Machines rations, Hazards chniques, Powe rity issues. I/C 6 Hrs 6 Hrs 6 A Architecture 6 A synthesis an 7 Hrs ngth modulatior nbinational logi
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Unit VI : VLSI Testing and Analysis

Types of fault, Need of Design for Testability (DFT), DFT Guideline, Testability, Fault models, Path sensitizing, Test pattern generation, Sequential circuit test, Built-in Self Test, JTAG & Boundary scan, TAP Controller.

6 Hrs

Text Books:

- 1. Charles H. Roth, "Digital systems design using VHDL", PWS.
- 2. Wyane Wolf, "Modern VLSI Design (IP-Based Design)", 4E, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Steve Kilts "Advanced FPGA Design Architecture, Implementation and Optimization", Wiley.

Reference Books:

- 1. E. Weste, David Money Harris, "CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuit &System Perspective", Pearson Publication.
- 2. R. Jacob Baker, "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout, and Simulation", 3E, Wiley-IEEE Press
- 3. John F. Wakerly, "Digital Design Principles and Practices", 3E, Prentice Hall
- 4. M. Morris Mano, "Digital Design", 3E, Pearson
- 5. CemUnsalan, Bora Tar, "Digital System Design with FPGA: Implementation Using Verilog and VHDL", McGraw-Hill

Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme: Lecture : 04Hrs/Week In-Sem: 30 Marks End-Sem: 70 Marks Course Objectives: • • To understand state-of-the-art in network protocols, architectures, and applications • To provide students with a theoretical and practical base in computer networks issues • To outline the basic network configurations • To understand the transmission methods underlying LAN and WAN technologies. • To understand security issues involved in LAN and Internet. Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, student will be able to 1. Understand fundamental underlying principles of computer networking 2. Describe and analyze the hardware, software, components of a network and the interrelations. 3. Analyze the requirements for a given organizational structure and select the most appropria networking architecture and technologies 4. Have a basic knowledge of installing and configuring networking applications. 5. Specify and identify deficiencies in existing protocols, and then go onto select new and bett protocols. 6. Have a basic knowledge of the use of cryptography and network security. 7.	404182	-	Networks & Security lits: 04
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 Specify and identify deficiencies in existing protocols, and then go onto select new and bett protocols. Have a basic knowledge of the use of cryptography and network security. 7. 			anizational structure and select the most appropriate
protocols.6. Have a basic knowledge of the use of cryptography and network security.7.	4. Have a basic knowledg	e of installing and	configuring networking applications.
7.		ficiencies in existin	ng protocols, and then go onto select new and better
	6. Have a basic knowledg	e of the use of cryp	ptography and network security.
Unit I : Introduction to Local Area Networks 6 Hrs	7.		
Unit I : Introduction to Local Area Networks 6 Hrs			
	Unit I : Introduction to Local A	rea Networks	6 Hrs
	Channelization. Wired LAN:	Ethernet Protocol,	, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet (100 MBPS)

Gigabit Ethernet, 10 Gigabit Ethernet. Wireless LAN : Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project, Bluetooth

Unit II :Network Layer Part I7 Hrs
Introduction to Network Layer:Network-Layer Services, Packet Switching, Network-Layer
Performance, IPv4 Addresses, Forwarding Of IP Packets, Network Layer Protocols: Internet Protocol
(IP), ICMPv4, Mobile IP
Unit III : Network Layer Part II6 Hrs
Unicast and Multicast Routing:Introduction, Routing Algorithms, Unicast Routing Protocols,
Introduction, Multicasting Basics, Intra-domain Multicast Protocols, Inter-domain Multicast
Protocols, IGMP. Next Generation IP:IPv6 Addressing, The Ipv6 Protocol, TheICMPv6 Protocol,
Transition From IPv4 toIPv6.
Unit IV : Transport Layer 6 Hrs
Introduction to Transport Layer: Introduction, Transport-Layer Protocols, Transport Layer Protocols:
Introduction, User Datagram Protocol, Transmission Control Protocol, SCTP.
Unit V : Application Layer7 Hrs
Introduction to Application Layer, Standard Client Server Protocols:World Wide Web and HTTP,
FTP, Electronic Mail, Telenet, SSH, DNS.Network Management: Introduction, SNMP.
Unit VI : Network Security7 Hrs
Cryptography & Network Security: Introduction Confidentiality, Other Aspects Of Security.
Internet Security: Network-Layer Security, Transport-Layer Security, Application-Layer Security,
Firewalls.
Text Books:
1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking" MacGraw Hill, 5th edition
2. James F. Kurouse& W. Rouse, "Computer Networking: A Top down Approach", 6thEdition, Pearson
Education.
Reference Books:
1. Andrew S. Tannenbaum, "Computer Networks", Pearson Education, Fourth Edition, 2003

2. Wayne Tomasi, "Introduction to Data Communication and Networking", 1/e, Pearson Education

3. Natalia Olifer, Victor Olifer, "Computer Networks" Wiley Student Edition

404183	Radiation an	d Microwave Techniques
	Crea	lits: 03
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week		In-Sem : 30 Marks End-Sem : 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- To introduce fundamental theory of radiation and microwaves.
- To understand design principles of various radiating elements.
- To understand theory of passive and active components of microwave systems.
- To learn microwave measurement techniques.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Differentiate various performance parameters of radiating elements.
- 2. Analyze various radiating elements and arrays.
- 3. Apply the knowledge of waveguide fundamentals in design of transmission lines.
- 4. Design and set up a system consisting of various passive microwave components.
- 5. Analyze tube based and solid state active devices along with their applications.
- 6. Measure various performance parameters of microwave components.

Unit I : Fundamental Theory of Radiation and Radiating Elements 8Hrs
Fundamental equations for free space propagation, Friis transmission equation, Definition of
antenna, radiation mechanism and types of antenna, performance parameters such as radiation
pattern, directivity, gain, efficiency, half power beam width, bandwidth, polarization, input
impedance, radiation efficiency, effective length, effective area, radiation sphere.
Unit II : Radiating elements and arrays 7 Hrs
Comparison of various radiating elements such as infinitesimal dipole, small dipole, finite length
dipole and half wave length dipole, analytical treatment of these elements. Planar, log periodic and
YagiUda antenna. Types of arrays, two element array, N-element array, uniform amplitude
uniformly spaced linear broad side and end-fire array.
Unit III : Transmission lines and Waveguides 6 Hrs
General solution for TEM, TE and TM waves. Analysis of coaxial line and rectangular waveguides.
Analysis of rectangular cavity resonators and their applications, Striplines: Structural details, types
and applications.
Unit IV : Passive Microwave Components 6 Hrs
Construction, working principle and scattering analysis of passive microwave components such as E-
plane, H-plane and magic tee. Ferrite composition, characteristics and Faraday rotation principle.
Construction, working principle and scattering analysis of isolator, circulator and directional coupler.
Construction and operation of gyrator.
Unit V: Active Microwave Components 6 Hrs
Limitations of conventional tubes, O and M type classification of microwave tubes, re-entrant
cavity, velocity modulation.Construction, operation, performance analysis and applications of
-Single cavity and two cavity klystron, Cylindrical wave magnetron and Helix traveling wave.
Construction, working principle and applications of two terminal microwave devices such as tunnel
diode, Gunn Diode, PIN Diode, Schottky Barrier Diode and Varactor.
Unit VI : Microwave Systems and Microwave Measurement Techniques 6 Hrs
Microwave terrestrial and satellite communication system and industrial applications of microwaves
such as microwave heating, thickness and moisture measurement, medical application such as
microwave diathermy. Microwave measurement devices such as slotted line, tunable detector,
VSWR meter, power meter, and their working principles. Microwave measurement techniques to
measure S-parameters, frequency, power, attenuation, phase shift, VSWR, impedance.
Radiation hazards and protection.
1. C.A. Balanis, "Antenna Theory - Analysis and Design", John Wiley.
2. Samuel Y. Liao, "Microwave Devices and Circuits", 3rd edition, Pearson
3. Annapurna Das and Sisir K. Das, "Microwave Engineering", Second edition, Tata McGraw
Hill.
Reference Books:
1. David M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineering", Fourth edition, Wiley.
 Ahmad Shahid Khan, "Microwave Engineering : Concepts and Fundamentals
3. K. D. Prasad, "Antenna & Wave Propagation", SatyaPrakashan, New Delhi.
 K. D. Hasad, "Antenna & Wave Hopagation", Satya Takashan, New Denn. M. Kulkarni, "Microwave and Radar engineering", 3rd edition, Umesh Publication
5 E.C. Jordon and E.G. Balman "Electromagnetic Wayes and Radiation Systems" Prentice

5. E.C. Jordon and E.G. Balman, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiation Systems", Prentice Hall India.

404184 Digital Image and Video Processing (Elective-I)

	C	redits: 03
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week		In-Sem: 30 Marks End-Sem: 70 Marks

Course Objectives:

- Understand the fundamental concepts of Digital Image Processing with basic relationship of pixels and mathematical operations on 2-D data.
- Learn design and integrate image enhancement and image restoration techniques
- Understand object segmentation and image analysis techniques
- Learn the need for effective use of resources such as storage and bandwidth and ways to provide effective use of them by data compression techniques
- Learn basic concepts of video processing

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Develop and implement basic mathematical operations on digital images.
- 2. Analyze and solve image enhancement and image restoration problems.
- 3. Identify and design image processing techniques for object segmentation and recognition.
- 4. Represent objects and region of the image with appropriate method.
- 5. Apply 2-D data compression techniques for digital images.
- 6. Explore video signal representation and different algorithm for video processing.

Unit I : Fundamentals of Image Processing

Steps in Image processing, Human visual system, Sampling & quantization, Representing digital images, spatial and gray level resolution, Image file formats, Basic relationships between pixels, Distance Measures, Basic operations on images – image addition, subtraction, logical operations, scaling translation, rotation. Color fundamentals and models – RGB, HIS, YIQ

Unit II : Image Enhancement and Restoration

Point – Log transformation, Power law transformation, Piecewise linear transformation, Image histogram, histogram equalization, Mask processing of images, filtering operations- Image smoothing, image sharpening, frequency domains image enhancement: 2D DFT, smoothing and sharpening in frequency domein, Pseudo coloring. Image Restoration: Noise models, restoration using Inverse filtering and Wiener filtering

Unit III : Image Compression

Types of redundancy, Fidelity criteria, Compression models - Information theoretic perspective – Fundamental coding theorem, Lossless Compression: Huffman Coding- Arithmetic coding. Introduction to DCT, Lossy compression: DCT based compression, Wavelet based compression, Image compression standards JPEG and JPEG 2000.

Unit III : Image Segmentation

Pixel classification, Bi-level thresholding, Multi-level thresholding, Adaptive thresholding, Otsu's method, Edge detection – First order derivative Prewitt and Sobel, Second order derivative – LoG, DoG, Canny. Edge linking, Hough transform, Region growing and region merging. Morphological operators: Dilation, Erosion, Opening, Closing, Hit or Miss transform, Boundary detection, Thinning, Thicking, Skelton.

Unit V : Representation and Description

Representation – Chain codes, Polygonal approximation, Signatures, Boundary descriptors, Shape numbers, Fourier descriptors, Stastical moments, Regional descriptors – Topological, texture, Principal components for description

6 Hrs

5 Hrs

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

5 Hrs

Irc

Unit VI : Video Processing

6 Hrs Fundamental Concepts in Video – Types of video signals, Analog video, Digital video, Color models in video, Motion Estimation; Video Filtering; Video Compression, Video coding standards MPEG.

Text Books:

1. Gonzalez and Woods, "Digital Image Processing", Pearson Education, 3rd edition 2. Iain E. G. Richardson, "H.264 and MPEG

3. Video Compression: Video Coding for Next Generation Multimedia", John Wiley and Son's Publication, 3rd Edition.

Reference Books:

1. A. K. Jain, Fundamentals of digital image processing, Prentice Hall of India, 1989.

2. Pratt William K. "Digital Image Processing", John Wiley & sons

3. A. Bovik, Handbook of Image & Video Processing, Academic Press, 2000

404184 Industrial Drives and Control (Elective-I) Credits: 03 **Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme:** Lecture : 3Hours / Week In-Sem : 30 Marks : 70 Marks End-Sem

Course Objectives:

- Describe the structure of Electric Drive systems and their role in various applications such as flexible production systems, energy conservation, renewable energy, transportation etc., making Electric Drives an enabling technology
- Study and understand the operation of electric motor drives controlled from a power electronic converter and to introduce the design concepts of controllers for closed loop operation
- Study DC, AC, special machines like stepper motor, servo motor and brushless motor and their control.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Understand the basic principles of power electronics in drives and its control, types of drives and basic requirements placed by mechanical systems on electric drives for various applications
- Understand the operation of $1\phi \& 3\phi$ converter drives for separately excited & series DC 2. motors, dual converter drives, 2 quadrant and 4 quadrant DC chopper drives, Open-loop & closed-loop control of DC drives with transfer function, Dynamic and regenerative braking. Protection circuits for DC drives.
- 3. Learn speed control of induction motor drives in an energy efficient manner using power electronics. To study and understand the operation of both classical and modern induction motor drives like FOC or Vector control.
- 4. Learn and understand working of various types of synchronous motors and their drive systems
- 5. Learn stepper motors & drives, BLDC and SRM motors and drives
- 6. Understand modern control techniques of Fuzzy logic and ANN in motor drive application

Unit I :Motor Drive as system5 Hrs
Electrical drive as system, Parts of Electrical drives AC / DC drives, Components, nature and
classification of load torques. Four quadrant operation of a motor drive. Control of Electrical drives,
steady state stability Closed loop control, Selection of motor power rating
Unit II : DC Motors and drives 6 Hrs
Basic characteristics of DC motors, Operating modes, Motor performance parameters, 1¢ & 3¢
converter drives for separately excited & series DC motors for continuous & discontinuous
operations. Chopper fed DC drives, Comparison of converter fed drive & chopper fed drive. Open
loop & closed loop control of dc drives with transfer function PLL control, Microprocessor based
control of dc drives, Dynamic and regenerative braking of DC motors
Unit III :Induction Motors and Drives 8 Hrs
Induction motor characteristics, Control strategies like stator voltage control, v/f control, rotor
resistance control, Variable frequency Square wave VSI Drives, Variable frequency PWM VSI
Drives, Variable frequency CSI Drives, Closed loop control of Induction motors, v/f control of three
phase IM using PWM inverter, Vector Control (Field oriented Control): Basic principle of vector
control, Direct vector control & indirect vector control, DQ Transformation, Braking of induction
motor, soft acceleration and deceleration, various protections.
Unit IV :AC and DC synchronous Motors and drives 6 Hrs
Cylindrical rotor motor Drive, Salient pole motor Drive, Switched reluctance motor (SRM) drive,
Synchronous Reluctance motor drive, self-controlled synchronous motor drives Permanent magnet
Brushless DC motor drive, Permanent magnet AC synchronous motor drive, Variable reluctance &
permanent magnet stepper motor and drive. Servo motor Drives.
Unit V :Power Electronics applications in Renewable Energy 6 Hrs
Wind power system: System component, Turbine rating, Electrical load matching, fixed speed and
variable speed operation, System design features, Maximum power operations and System control
requirement WECS: Principle of WECS, role of power electronics in WECS, Drive selection criteria
for fixed speed and variable speed WECS, Stand-alone PV systems, Grid connected PV systems.
Power Electronics for Photovoltaic Power Systems Basics of Photovoltaic: The PV cell, Module and
array, I-V and P-V curves, PV system component, Stand-alone PV systems, Grid connected PV
systems.
Unit VI :Artificial Intelligence in Motor Drives5Hrs
Fuzzy logic principle and applications: Introduction, Fuzzy sets, Fuzzy system, Fuzzy control, Fuzzy
logic based induction motor speed control. Neural network principle and applications: Introduction,
Neural network in identification and control, AI Applications in electrical machines and drives,
Neural network based PWM controller.
Text Books:
1. Fundamental of Electrical Drives, Gopal K. Dubey, Narosa Publishing House .
2. Power Electronics, circuits, devises and applications by Muhammad Rashid, Pearson
3. Modern Power Electronics and AC Drives, Bimal K. Bose, Pearson
Reference Books:
1. Wind & Solar Power system, Mukund Patel, CRC Press
2. Thyristor DC drives, P. C Sen, John Wiley.
3. Power Electronics, Converters, Applications and Design, N. Mohan, T. M. Undeland
& W. P. Robbins, John Wiley and Sons, 3rd Edition

ЛОЛ18 Embedded Systems and RTOS(Flective-I)

404184	Embedded Sys	tems and RIOS	(Elective-1)		
	Cre	edits: 03			
Teaching Scheme:Examination Scheme:					
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week			In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks	
Course Objectives:					
• To understand and ab	le to design an app	lication specific systematic	ems.		
• To develop implement	tation skill for app	lication specific system	ems.		
• To understand design		- ·			
• To understand open s	-	•	8		
	F				
Course Outcomes:					
On completion of the course,	student will be abl	e to			
1. Understand design of	embedded system				
2. Use RTOS in embedd	led application				
3. Use modern architect	ure for embedded s	ystem			
4. Use Linux for embed	ded system develop	oment			
5. Use open platform fo	r embedded system	development			
	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Ł			
Unit I: Embedded System	Overview			6 Hrs	

**Unit I : Embedded System Overview** Embedded System Introduction, Hardware and software architectures of ES, Design metrics(technical and techno- economical), Prototyping models, Development tool chain insights(GNU), guidelines for Selection of hardware and memory architecture, embedded C programming, embedded system design challenges, standard programming practices in embedded

#### **Unit II :Real time system and RTOS**

7 Hrs Real time system, types, design approaches and considerations, Usage of Shared resources and related issues, Concept of RTOS, Types of RTOS, differences from GPOS (Multitasking, Interprocess communication, Timers, Device drivers, protection mechanism etc.), real time scheduling algorithms, commercial RTOS, survey of RTOS.

#### Unit III : ucos-II – RTOS8 Hrs

system.

µcos-II features, kernel structure, data structure, µcos-II services as task management, time management, inter-process communication (mailbox, queue, events, pipes etc.), memory management. µcos-II porting on ARM7/Cortex (M3/M4) architecture.

**Unit IV : Advanced embedded architectures (Cortex-M3/M4)** 

Introduction to ARM CORTEX series, Design Philosophy, processors series, versions, features and applications. CMSIS standard for ARM Cortex. Survey of CORTEX M3/M4 based controllers. ARM-CM3 Based Microcontroller LPC1768: Features, Architecture (Block Diagram & its Description), System Control, Clock & Power Control, GPIO, Pin Connect Block, interfacing with RGB LED, Seven Segment, TFT Display, MOTOR control using PWM.

**Unit V : Embedded Linux** 

Linux for embedded systems, embedded Linux development system, kernel architecture and configuration, file systems, porting Linux on ARM architecture, boot loaders, tool utilities such as Minicomp, Busybox, Redboot, Libc, Device drivers- concept, architecture, types, sample character device driver.

Unit VI :Open hardware /development systems and Case study

Arduino open platform (IDE), development using ATMega328p based Uno board, structure of Arduino programs, introduction to Arduino library, sample GPIO program.

Case study of implementation with control, compute and communication modules using Arduino platform.

8 Hrs

8 Hrs

7 Hrs

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Jean J.Labrosse, "MicroC OS II, The Real-Time Kernel", 2nd edition, CMP Books.
- 2. Christopher Hallinan, "Embedded Linux Primer A Practical, Real-World Approach "2nd edition, Prentice Hall.

3. Parag H Dave, Himanshu .H.Dave," Embedded systems" Concepts, design and programming, Pearson India

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, "Embedded System Design – A Unified hardware/ Software introduction "3rd edition, Wiley

- 2. David Simon, "Embedded system primer"
- 3. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems Architecture, Programming and Design" 2nd edition,
- 4. http://www.ti.com/lit/an/slaa207/slaa207.pdf
- 5. MSP430x5xx: http://www.ti.com/product/msp430f5529
- 6. MSP430x4xx : http://www.ti.com/product/msp430f438
- 7. MSP430x2xx: http://www.ti.com/product/msp430g2302-ep

404184	Interr	net o	f Things (Elec	tive-I)	
			lits: 03	,	
Teaching Scheme:			Exa	mination Sch	eme:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week				In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks
<b>Course Objectives:</b>					
• To study fundamental c	oncepts of I	σT			
• To understand roles of	sensors in Io	σT			
• To Learn different prote	ocols used for	or IoT	design		
• To be familiar with data	a handling a	nd ana	lytics tools in IoT		
<b>Course Outcomes:</b>					
1. On completion of the co	ourse, studer	nt will	be able to		
2. Understand the various	concepts, te	rminol	ogies and architect	ure of IoT sys	stems.
3. Use sensors and actuate	U				
4. Understand and apply	-		•	stems	
5. Use various techniques		0	l analytics in IoT		
6. Understand various app	lications of	IoT			
Unit I : Fundamentals of IoT					6 Hrs
Introduction, Definitions & Ch	aracteristics	s of Io'	Γ, IoT Architecture	s, Physical &	Logical Design of
IoT, Enabling Technologies in			-		0 0
About the Internet in IoT, IoT	frameworks,	IoT a	nd M2M.		
Unit II :Sensors Networks					7 Hrs
Definition, Types of Sensors,	Types of A	Actuate	ors, Examples and	Working, RI	FID Principles and
components, Wireless Sensor	Networks:	: Hist	ory and Context,	The node,	Connecting nodes,
Networking Nodes, WSN and	loT.				
<b>Unit III :Wireless Technolog</b>					6 Hrs
WPAN Technologies for IoT:		5.4, Zig	gbee, HART, NFC,	Z-Wave, BLI	E, Bacnet, Modbus.
<b>Unit IV : IP Based Protocols f</b>	or IoT				6 Hrs
IPv6, 6LowPAN, RPL, REST,	AMPQ, Co.	AP, M	QTT.		

Unit V :Data Handling & Analytics6 Hrs
Introduction, Bigdata, Types of data, Characteristics of Big data, Data handling Technologies, Flow
of data, Data acquisition, Data Storage, Introduction to Hadoop. Introduction to data Analytics,
Types of Data analytics, Statistical Models, Analysis of Variance, Data Dispersion, Contingence and
Correlation, Regression Analysis, Precision and Error limits.
Unit VI :Applications of IoT 7 Hrs
Home Automation, Smart Cities, Energy, Retail Management, Logistics, Agriculture, Health and
Lifestyle, Industrial IoT, IoT design Ethics, IoT in Environmental Protection.
Text Books:
1.Hakima Chaouchi, "The Internet of Things Connecting Objects to the Web" ISBN : 978-1-
84821-140-7, Wiley Publications
2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, and Omar Elloumi, "The Internet of Things: Key
Applications and Protocols", WileyPublications
3. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)", 1st Edition,
VPT, 2014.
References
1. Daniel Minoli, "Building the Internet of Things with IPv6 and MIPv6: The Evolving World of
M2M Communications", ISBN: 978-1-118-47347-4, Willy Publications
2. by Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman, "The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies,
Platforms, and Use Cases", CRC Press

3. http://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/cse570-15/ftp/iot_prot/index.html

4. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17_cs22/course</u>

40	4185 W	avelets (Elective-II)
		Credits: 03
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week		In-Sem : 30 Marks
		End-Sem : 70 Marks

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Learn and understand basic linear algebra
- Understand the need of time frequency resolution
- Understand the basics of Discrete Wavelet transform and various wavelets available
- Learn the signal analysis using multi-resolution analysis
- Study the applications of Wavelets in compression, enhancement, noise removal etc.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- 1. On completion of the course, student will be able to
- 2. Explore and learn the basics of linear algebra.
- 3. Identify the need of Wavelet transform and its properties.
- 4. Analyze the 1-D and 2-D signal using discrete wavelet transform.
- 5. Analyze the signal using Multi resolution analysis
- 6. Use wavelet transform in different applications like data compression, denoising, enhancement etc.

Unit I : Fundamentals of Linear Algebra6 Hrs
Vector spaces, Orthogonality, Ortho-normality, Projection, Functions and function spaces.
Orthogonal basis functions. Fourier series orthogonality of complex exponential bases, mathematical
preliminaries for continuous and discrete Fourier transformer. Limitations of Fourier domain signal
processing, Towards wavelet signal processing, signal representation with continuous and discrete
Short Time Fourier Transform.
Unit II : Introduction to Wavelet 6 Hrs
Concept of time-frequency resolution, Resolution problem associated with STFT, Heisenberg's
uncertainty principle and time frequency tiling, why wavelet transform? The origin of wavelets,
Properties of Wavelet Transform, Wavelet and other wavelet like transformer, different communities
and family of wavelets, different families of wavelets within wavelet communities, Continuous and
discrete wavelet transform
Unit III : Discrete Wavelet Transform 8 Hrs
Haar scaling function and function spaces, translation and scaling of $\varphi(t)$ , function spaces V0 Finer
Haar Scaling Functions, concept of nested vectopr spaces, Haar wavelet function, scaled and
translated Haar wavelet functions, orthogonality of $\phi$ (t) and $\gamma$ (t). Normalization of Haar bases at
different scales, daubechies wavelets, plotting of Daubechies wavelets. 1-D and 2-D decomposition
(analysis) of signals using Wavelet.
Unit IV : Multi-resolution Analysis6 Hrs
Signal decomposition and its relation with filter banks, frequencies response, signal reconstruction
course to fine scale, upsampling and filtering, QMF conditions, concepts of multi-Resolution analysis
and multi-rate signal processing, Perfect matching filters, Vanishing moments of wavelet function
and filter properties, introduction to wavelet lifting.
Unit V : Wavelet Transform in Data Compression6 Hrs
Transform coding, image compression using DWT, Embedded tree image coding, comparison of
JPEG and JPEG 2000, Audio masking, MPEG Coding for audio, Wavelet based audio coding, video
coding using Multi-resolution technique (introduction).
Unit VI : Applications of Wavelet Transform 4 Hrs
Wavelet denoising, speckle removal, Edge detection and object isolation Image fusion, wavelet
watermark, image enhancement. Communication application scaling functions as signaling pulses,
Discrete Wavelet Multitone modulation.
Text Books:
1. K.P Soman, K I Ramchandran, N G Resmi, "Insights into Wavelets from theory to Practice", Third
edition, PHI publication.
2. Raghuveer M Rao, Ajit S. Bopardikar, "Wavelet Transforms, Introduction to Theory and
Applications", Seventh Indian Reprint 2005, Pearson Education.
<b>Reference Books:</b>
1. Jaideva C. Goswami, Andrew K. Chan, "Fundamentals of Wavelets", Wiley Student Edition
2. V. M. Gadre, A. S. Abhyankar, "Multiresolution and Multirate Signal Processing, Introduction,
Principles and Applications", MGH Publication

# 404185 Electronic Product Design (Elective-II)

<b>Teaching Scheme:</b>	Examination Scheme:
Lectures: 3 Hrs./ Week	In Sem : 30 Marks
	End Sem : 70Marks

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the stages of product (hardware/ software) design and development.
- To learn the different considerations of analog, digital and mixed circuitdesign.
- To be acquainted with methods of PCB design and different tools used for PCBDesign.
- To understand the importance of testing in product design cycle.`
- To understand the processes and importance of documentation.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After Successfully completing the course students will be able to

- Understand various stages of hardware, software and PCBdesign.
- Importance of product test & testspecifications.
- Special design considerations and importance of documentation.

#### **Unit I: Introduction to Electronic Product Design**

Man machine dialog and Industrial design, user-centered design, five element of successful design, cognition, ergonomics. Packaging and factors, design for manufacture, assembly and disassembly, wiring, temperature, vibration and shock. Safety, noise, energy coupling, grounding, filtering and shielding.

#### **Unit II: Hardware Design & testing methods**

Design process. Identifying the requirements, formulating specifications, design specifications, Specifications verses requirements, System partitioning, Functional design, architectural design, Functional model verses architectural model. Prototyping. Performance and Efficiency measures. Formulating a test plan, writing specifications, Test procedure and test cases, Egoless design, design reviews. Module debug and test: black box test, white box test, grey box test.

#### **Unit III: Software Design and Testing methods**

Types of Software. Waterfall model of software development. Models, metrics and software limitations. Risk abatement and failure preventions. Software bugs and testing. Good programming practice. User interface .Embedded, Real time software.

#### **Unit IV: PCB design**

Fundamental Definitions, Standards. Routing Topology Configurations, Layer Stack up assignment, Grounding Methodologies, Aspect Ratio, Image Planes, Functional Partitioning, Critical frequencies, Bypassing and decoupling. Design techniques for ESD Protection, Guard Band implementation.

#### **Unit V: Product Debugging and Testing**

#### 6 Hrs

Steps of Debugging, Techniques for troubleshooting, characterization, Electromechanical components, passive components, active components, active devices, operational amplifier, Analog-Digital Conversion, Digital Components, Inspection and test of components, Simulation, Prototyping and testing, Integration, validation and verification. EMI & EMC issues.

#### 6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

#### **Unit VI : Documentation**

Definition, need, and types of documentation. Records, Accountability, and Liability. Audience. Preparation, Presentation, and Preservation of documents. Methods of documentation, Visual techniques, Layout of documentation, Bill of material.

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Kim Fowler," Electronic Instrument Design" Oxford universitypress.
- 2. Robert J. Herrick, "Printed Circuit board design Techniques for EMC Compliance", Second edition, IEEE press.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. James K. Peckol, "Embedded Systems A Contemporary Design Tool", Wiley publication
- 2. J C Whitakar," The Electronics Handbook", CRCpress.

404185	Artificial Intelligence (Elective II)			
Credits: 03				
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:		
Lecture : 03 hr/week		In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks	

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To learn various types of algorithms useful in Artificial Intelligence (AI).
- To convey the ideas in AI research and programming language related to emerging technology.
- To understand the concepts of machine learning, pattern recognition, and natural language processing.
- To understand the numerous applications and huge possibilities in the field of AI that go beyond the normal human imagination.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Design and implement key components of intelligent agents and expert systems.
- 2. To apply knowledge representation techniques and problem solving strategies to common AI applications.

3. Apply and integrate various artificial intelligence techniques in intelligent system

development as well as understand the importance of maintaining intelligent systems.

4. Build rule-based and other knowledge-intensive problem solvers.

#### **Unit I :Foundation**

Intelligent Agents, Agents and environments, Good behavior, The nature of environments, structure of agents, Problem Solving, problem solving agents, example problems, Searching for solutions, uniformed search strategies, avoiding repeated states, searching with partial information.

#### **Unit II :Searching**

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

Search and exploration, Informed search strategies, heuristic function, local search algorithms and optimistic problems, local search in continuous spaces, online search agents and unknown environments, Constraint satisfaction problems (CSP), Backtracking search and Local search for CSP, Structure of problems, Games: Optimal decisions in games, Alpha- Beta Pruning, imperfect real-time decision, games that include an element of chance.

Unit III :Knowledge Representation	6 Hrs			
First order logic, representation revisited, Syntax and semantics for first order logic, Usin	g first			
order logic, Knowledge engineering in first order logic, Inference in First order logic,				
prepositional versus first order logic, unification and lifting, forward chaining, backward				
chaining, Resolution, Knowledge representation, Uncertainty and methods, Bayesian Pro-	bability and			
Belief network, probabilistic Reasoning, Bayesian networks, inferences in	Bayesian			
networks,Temporal models,Hidden Markov models.				
Unit IV :Learning	6 Hrs			
Learning from observations: forms of learning, Inductive learning, Learning decision tree	es,			
Ensemble learning, Knowledge in learning, Logical formulation of learning, Explanation based				
learning, Learning using relevant information, Inductive logic programming, Statistical learning				
methods, Learning with complete data, Learning with hidden variable, EM algorithm, Instance				
based learning, Neural networks - Reinforcement learning, Passive reinforcement learning,				
Active reinforcement learning, Generalization in reinforcement learning.				
Unit V :Pattern Recognition and Expert System	6 Hrs			
Basic steps of pattern recognition system, Feature Extraction- Principal Component Analysis, Linear				
Discriminant Analysis, Classification, Object Recognition- Template Matching theory, Prototype				
Matching Theory, Speech Recognition, Pattern Mining- Apriori Algorithm,				
Unit VI :Natural Language Understanding	6Hrs			
Why NL, Formal grammar for a fragment of English, Syntactic analysis, Augmented gran	nmars,			
Semantic interpretation, Ambiguity and disambiguation, Discourse understanding, Grammar				
induction, Probabilistic language processing, Probabilistic language models				

#### **Text Books:**

1. Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence", A Modern Approach, Pearson Education/Prentice Hall of India.

2. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw-Hill. **Reference Books** 

404185	<b>Optimization Techniques (Elective II)</b>		
	Cred	lits: 03	
<b>Teaching Scheme:</b>		Examination Scheme:	
Lecture : 03hr/week		In-Sem : 30 Marks End-Sem: 70 Marks	

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the need and origin of the optimization methods. ٠
- To get a broad picture of the various applications of optimization methods used in • engineering
- To define an optimization problem and its various components.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

- 1. Describe clearly a problem, identify its parts and analyze the individual functions.
- 2. Perform mathematical translation of the verbal formulation of an optimization problem.
- 3. Design algorithms, the repetitive use of which will lead reliably to finding an approximate solution
- 4. Discover, study and solve optimization problems.
- 5. Investigate, study, develop, organize and promote innovative solutions for various applications.

Unit I a Introduction to Ontimization	(IIma
Unit I : Introduction to Optimization	6 Hrs
Introduction: Historical Development, Engineering Applications of Optimization, Sta	
Optimization Problem, Classification of Optimization Problems, Optimization	Techniques,
Engineering Optimization Literature, Mathematical Background.	
Unit II :Classical Optimization Techniques	7 Hrs
Single-Variable Optimization, Multivariable Optimization with No Constraints,	
Optimization with Equality Constraints, Multivariable Optimization with Inequality	y Constraints,
Convex Programming Problem.	
Unit III : Linear Programming	6 Hrs
Introduction, Applications of Linear Programming, Standard Form of a Linear	• •
Problem, Geometry of Linear Programming Problems, Definitions and Theorems,	
System of Linear Simultaneous Equations, Pivotal Reduction of a General System	-
Motivation of the Simplex Method, Simplex Method, Revised Simplex Method, Dua	•
Programming, Decomposition Principle, Sensitivity or Post optimality Analysis, 7	Fransportation
Problem.	
Unit IV : Nonlinear Programming -I	7 Hrs
Unimodal Function, Elimination Methods: Unrestricted Search, Unrestricted Search,	Dichotomous
Search, Interval Halving Method, Fibonacci Method	
Interpolation Methods: Quadratic Interpolation Method, Cubic Interpolation Method	, Direct Root
Methods, Practical Considerations,	
Unit V :Nonlinear Programming-II	7 Hrs
Introduction to Unconstrained Optimization techniques, Direct Search Methods: Ra	ndom Search
Methods, Grid Search Method, Univariate Method, Pattern Directions, Powell's Met	hod, Simplex
Method. Indirect Search Methods: Gradient of a Function, Steepest Descent (Cau	chy) Method,
Conjugate Gradient (Fletcher-Reeves) Method, Newton's Method, Davidon-Fle	etcher–Powell
Method, Test Functions.	
Unit VI : Modern Methods of Optimization	6 Hrs
Genetic algorithms, Simulated annealing, Particle Swarm Optimization, Ant Colony	Optimization,
Optimization of Fuzzy systems, Neural Network based optimization	
Text Books:	
1. Singiresu S Rao, "Engineering optimization Theory and Practice", New Age Internat	ional, 2009
2. Kalynamoy Deb, "Optimization for Engineering Design, Algorithms and Examples",	PHI
Reference Books:	
1. Hadley, G. "Linear programming", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.	
2.Ashok D Belegundu, Tirupathi R Chandrupatla, "Optimization concepts and A	application in
Engineering", Pearson Education.	
3. Kanti Swarup, P.K.Gupta and Man Mohan, Operations Research, Sultan Chand and S	Sons.
4. J. S. Arora, Introduction to Optimum Design, McGraw-Hill Book Company.	
5. David Lay, Steven L Lay, "Linear Algebra and its Applications", Pearson Education.	
6. Papalambros & Wilde, Principles of Optimal Design, Cambridge University Press, 20	

<b>404185</b> E	lectron	ics in	Agriculture	(Elective	II)
		Cred	lits: 03		
Teaching Scheme:			Exa	amination Sch	eme:
Lecture: 03 Hr/Week				In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks
Course Objectives:	I				
<ul> <li>To inculcate the ability to agricultural sector.</li> <li>An over view of technolo Instrumentation.</li> <li>The ability to select the exemption Automation</li> </ul>	gy of adv	vanced to	opics like DAS, SC and practices need	CADA and Virt	ual
Course Outcomes:		unturur			
<ol> <li>Understand Role of comp</li> <li>Provide communication s systems.</li> <li>Describe Instrument techt</li> <li>Apply knowledge of Elect</li> <li>Understand Greenhouse T</li> </ol>	olution fo nology us tronics ir	or interp sed in ag Agricu	reting environmen riculture. lture.	-	with Electronics
of PLC, Functional block diagram Historical Perspective, advantag techniques, graphical programmi <b>Unit II: Communication Syste</b> Use of field buses, functions, Instrumentation network: sense Network, Foundation field bus	es, Block ng in data ms internation or netwo	c diagra a flow, c onal sta orks, O _l ork.Prof	m and architecture comparison with co andards, field bus pen networks-adva ibus PA: Basics	e of virtual ins onventional prog advantages a antages and 1 , architecture,	trument, data flow gramming. 6 Hrs and disadvantages, imitations, HART
design.Foundation field bus segn	nents: Ge	neral co	nsideration, networ	rk design.	
<b>Unit III: Instrument technolog</b> Instrument for measurement o chlorophyll content, and soil moi	f pH, E	lectrical	conductivity, ga	s analysis, hu	6 Hrs midity, leaf area,
<b>Unit IV: Precision Farming</b> An introduction to precision farm monitoring and mapping, soil sar systems. Precision farming- Issue precision farming.	ning. GIS npling an	/GPS po d analys	ositioning system fo sis. Computers and	Geographic in	formation
Unit V: Electronics in Agricul Instrument for crop monitoring resistance. Monitoring soil and parameters – irrigation control sy – selective crop spraying – flo Instruments for protected cultiv system. Instruments and systems	g – mois d weathe ystems. Ir ow contr ation – g	r – me nstrumer ol. Yie green ho	easurement of soints for crop established monitoring. Te successful to the solution of the sol	l properties a shment monitor chnology for control – transe	nd meteorological ing. Crop spraying precision farming.

#### **Unit VI: Applications & Electronics Governance**

6 Hrs

Greenhouse: History of modeling and control of Greenhouse, Identification of control and manipulation variables for Greenhouse. Crop Preservation : Importance of Preservation of various commodities and parts of plants, Drying process for preservation, Variable identification for drying process, Electronic control system for grape drying process.Agriculture & Electronics Governance: Governance products & services in agriculture sector, Role of Electronics Governance in Agricultural sector.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Curtis Johnson, "Process Control Instrumentation Technology"; 8th Edition, Pearson Education

2. Stuart A. Boyer, SCADA supervisory control and data acquisition, ISA Publication

#### **Reference Books:**

1. De Mess M. N. Fundamental of Geographic Information System. John Willy & sons, NewYork, Datta S.K.1987.

2. K. Krishna Swamy, "Process Control"; New Age International Publishers

3. Kuhar, John. E. 1977. The precision farming guide for agriculturalist.

4. Lori J. Dhabalt, US Manual of Soil & Water conservation Engineering. Oxford & IBH Co. Sigma

& Jagmohan, 1976.

	404186 La	ab Practice I		
Credits:02				
<b>Teaching Scheme:</b>	Teaching Scheme:Examination Scheme:			
Practical : 04 Hrs/week			Oral : 50 Marks Term-work :50 Marks	
	Computer Net	works & Security		
List of the Experiments(Mini	mum 8 experime	nts are to be performe	ed).	
1	•		ws operating System and	
demonstrating client-se	1 I	0	on.	
2. Installation and configu				
			, Ping to a host using its	
			al host file Configure DNS	
			esolve hostnames into IP	
addresses. Interact with		-	-	
4. Installation and configu			nication.	
5. Installation and configu	•			
-	6. Installation and configuration of DHCP server.			
7. Study of IP Addresses	•			
8. Study of Network Protocol Analyzer tool/software.				
9. Study of network monitoring tool/software.				
10. Simulating LAN or WA	U U			
11. Write a program to sim	•			
12. Echo Client and Server			C/Java	
13. Write a program for En	• •	-		
14. Study of HTTPS, IPSec	e and SSH using W	'ireshark.		

#### **Radiation & Microwave Techniques**

#### List of Experiments[Minimum 08]

#### Group A [Any 2]

1. To measure and compare radiation pattern, return loss, impedance, gain, beam width of dipole antenna and folded dipole antenna at microwave frequency

#### OR

- 1. To measure radiation pattern and gain of horn or parabolic antenna at microwave frequency
- 2. Design, simulate and compare performance of microwave dipole antennas of length  $2\lambda$ ,  $\lambda$ ,  $\lambda/2$  and  $\lambda/4$ .
- **3.** Design, simulate and compare the performance of two element broad side and end fire uniform amplitude and uniformly spaced linear array.

#### Group B[Any 6]

- 4. To measure and plot mode characteristics of reflex klystron.
- 5. To measure VI characteristics of Gunn Diode and study of PIN modulator.
- 6. To measure and verify port characteristics of microwave tees (E, H, E-H or magic planes).
- 7. To measure and verify port characteristics of directional coupler and calculate coupling factor, insertion loss and directivity.
- 8. To measure and verify port characteristics of isolator and circulator and calculate insertion loss and isolation in dB.
- 9. To measure wavelength of the microwave using microwave test bench and verify with its theoretical calculations.
- 10. To plot standing wave pattern and measure SWR for open, short and matched termination at microwave frequency using slotted section with probe carriage.
- 11. Study the network analyzer and carry out the measurements of s-parameters.

	404186 Labora	tory Practice II		
Credits: 02				
Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme:				e:
Practical : 04 hr/week		Practical : 50 Mar Term work : 50 Mar		
<b>Digital Image and Video Pr</b>	ocessing			
List of Practicals				
(Perform any 8 practical on a	opropriate software)			
1. Perform basic operations of	n images.			
2. Perform conversion betwe	en color spaces.			
3. Perform histogram equaliz	ation.			
4. Perform image filtering in	spatial domain.			
5. Perform image filtering in	frequency domain.			
6. Perform image restoration				
7. Perform image compression	n using DCT / Wave	let transform.		
8. Perform edge detection us	ng various masks.			
9. Perform global and adaptiv	e thresholding.			
10. Apply morphological ope	rators on an image.			
11. Obtain boundary / region	d descriptors of an in	nage.		
12. Extraction of frames from	video, improve the	quality and convert then	n back to con	mpressed
video.				

**Industrial Drives and Control** 

(Minimum 8 experiments are to be performed):

- 1. DC motor control using semi/full  $1-\Phi/3-\Phi$  converter. (Open loop and closed loop)
- 2. 4-Quadrant chopper fed reversible DC drive
- 3. Dual converter fed DC Drive (Single phase/ Three phase)
- 4. Induction motor speed control using VFD
- 5. Speed Control of Universal Motor.
- 6. Stepper motor drive.
- 7. BLDC Motor drive.
- 8. Three phase brushless generator for wind energy applications.

9. Simulation of closed loop controlled DC motor drive using PSIM/Matlab/MathCad/ open source software

10 Simulation of closed loop controlled AC motor drive using PSIM / Matlab/MathCad/ open source software

#### Embedded Systems & RTOS

#### Minimum 08 experiments

Any 02 Lab exercise from Sr.No 2,3,4

Any 01 Lab exercise from Sr.No 05,06

#### List of Practicals:

- 1. Porting of ucos-II on ARM7/Cortex controller.
- 2. Implementation/Verification of multitasking (minimum 03 tasks) with ucos-II on ARM7/Cortex controller.
- 3. Implementation of semaphore with ucos –II service ARM7/Cortex controller for resource management and synchronization.
- 4. Implementation of interprocess communication with ucos-II mailbox and message queue service on ARM7/Cortex controller.
- 5. Programming with exploring onchip ADC of Cortex /MSP430 based microcontroller.
- 6. Programming on motor control with exploring onchip PWM of Cortex based microcontroller.
- 7. Exercise on Porting of Linux on ARM board (ARM9 preferably)
- 8. Programming for device driver with Embedded Linux.
- 9. Programming with Arduino development for GPIO on Arduino Uno board.

Case study of any compute/communication/control application on Arduino Uno board

#### **Internet of Things**

# A Project based Learning approach will be followed for this course hence the experiments will be small projects to be built by the students.

Suggested List of the Experimental Projects(Minimum 6 are to be performed):

1. Study& Survey of various development boards for IoT.

- 2. Study & Survey of various IoT platforms.
- 3. Interfacing sensors and actuatorswithAurdino .
- 4. Build a cloud-ready temperature sensor with the Arduino Uno and the anyIoT Platform: This project shows the building of a temperature sensor.
- 5. Interfacing Sensors and actuators with Raspberry Pi 2.

6. IoT based Stepper Motor Control with Raspberry Pi: The combination of Raspberry Pi and IoT is an exciting one. Raspberry Pi has many general purpose I/O pins and has the ability to control different actuators like stepper motors. In this project, an internet control of stepper motor using Raspberry Pi computer is developed. The connectivity is divided into server side software and client side software.

7.IoT based Web Controlled Home Automation using Raspberry Pi.

8. A Simple IoT Project with the ESP8266 WiFi module: Here is a simple project with ESP8266 wifi module. This project collects the temperature and is displayed on the network.

9. Implement a RFID Based IoT Project

404188 Project Phase-I				
Credits: 02				
Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme:				
Tutorial: 2 Hrs/week	OR :50 Marks			

Note:

1. Term work assessment is based on the project topic. It consists of Literature Survey and basic project work. The abstract of the project should be submitted before Term work assessment.

2. The report consists of the Literature Survey, basic project work and the size of the report should be maximum of 40pages.

3. The examination is conducted by two examiners (internal and external) appointed by the university. The examiners appointed must have minimum 5 years of experience with UG qualification or 2 years with PG qualification.

4. The assessment is based on Innovative Idea, Depth of understanding, Applications, Individual contributions, presentation, and the grade given by the internal guide based on the work carried out in a semester.

5. A log book of Work carried out during the semester will be maintained with monthly review remarks by the guide and HoD.

6. A certified copy of report is required to be presented to external examiner at the time of final examination.

### **Audit Course 5 (1) : Green Energy**

#### About the course

This course provides an introduction to energy systems and renewable energy resources, with a scientific examination of the energy field and an emphasis on alternate energy sources and their technology and application. The students will explore society's present needs and future energy demands, examine conventional energy sources and systems, including fossil fuels and nuclear energy, and then focus on alternate, renewable energy sources such as solar, biomass (conversions), wind power, geothermal, and hydro. Energy conservation methods will be emphasized

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand the conventional and non conventional energy sources
- To understand different renewable energy sources and their generation
- To understand the various applications & benefits of renewable energy sources
- To enable student to understand project management, energy audit and Installation

**Course Outcomes:** 

After the successful completion of this course, the student is expected to have/be able to:

1. List and generally explain the main sources of energy and their primary applications in the India, and the world.

2. Describe the challenges and problems associated with the use of various energy sources, including fossil fuels, with regard to future supply and the environment.

3. Discuss remedies/potential solutions to the supply and environmental issues associated with fossil fuels and other energy resources.

4. List and describe the primary renewable energy resources and technologies.

5. Describe/illustrate basic electrical concepts and system components.

6. Convert units of energy—to quantify energy demands and make comparisons among energy uses, resources, and technologies.

7. Collect and organize information on renewable energy technologies as a basis for further analysis and evaluation.

Unit 1: Introduction of conventional & renewable energy sources:

Environment aspects, Energy Efficient materials, Pollution Control techniques, Energy conservation, Energy Audits

Unit II: Details of renewable energy sources & various systems

Solar, Wind, Hydro, Bio-power, Waste to Power

**Unit III: Various applications & benefits** 

Renewable power projects for smart cities & rural electrification, Power conversion techniques, Offgrid/Stand-alone systems, Grid connected systems, Design of Grid-tied & off-grid Solar PV systems, Design of Grid-tied & off-grid Wind systems, Design of Grid-tied & off-grid Hybrid systems, Storage technologies

**Unit IV: Project management** 

Installation & commissioning techniques & standards, Remote monitoring & control techniques, Performance optimization & control, Practical's / Hands-on exposure, Maintenance & Service of plants, Government policies

Guidelines for Conduction (Any one or more of following but not limited to)

• Guest Lectures

• Group Activities

• Assignments

• Taking up small project for short duration

Guidelines for Assessment (Any one or more of following but not limited to)

Practical Test

• Presentation

• Paper / (Theory assessment test)

• Report

Sources/ References:

1. Boyle, Godfrey. 2004. Renewable Energy (2nd edition). Oxford University Press, 450 pages (ISBN: 0-19- 926178-4).

2. Boyle, Godfrey, Bob Everett, and Janet Ramage (eds.) 2004. Energy Systems and Sustainability: Power for a Sustainable Future. Oxford University Press, 619 pages (ISBN: 0-19-926179-2)

3. Ashok Desai V, Non-Conventional Energy, Wiley Eastern Ltd, 1990.

4. Mittal K.M, Non-Conventional Energy Systems, Wheeler Publishing Co. Ltd, 1997.

5. Ramesh R, Kurnar K.U, Renewable Energy Technologies, Narosa Publishing House,

New Delhi, 1997.

6. Renewable Energy Resources by John Twidell and Tony Weir.

## Audit Course 5 (2) : Human Behavior

#### **About the Course:**

Human behavior is the responses of individuals or groups of humans to internal and external stimuli. It refers to the array of every physical action and observable emotion associated with individuals, as well as the human race. Social behavior is a subset of human behavior and includes the study of considerable influence of social interaction and culture. Additional influences include ethics, encircling, authority, rapport, hypnosis, persuasion and coercion.

The behavior of humans falls within a range with some behavior being common, some unusual, some acceptable, and some beyond acceptable limits. The acceptability of behavior depends heavily upon social norms and is regulated by various means of social control. Human behavior is experienced throughout an individual's entire lifetime. It includes the way they act based on different factors such as genetics, social norms, core faith, and attitude. An attitude is an expression of favor or disfavor toward a person, place, thing, or event.

**Course Objectives:** 

- To develop understanding of Behavioral Aspects.
- To identify and develop Attitude and Core Faith values
- To expose students to Family Relations, time and career management
- To enable student to understand Creative Thinking and Problem solving
- To enable students to understand Humanistic Education.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, society will observe -

- 1. Change in awareness levels, knowledge and understanding of student
- 2. Change in attitudes / behavior of students with regards to their education improved teamwork,

institutional leadership and other life skills

3. Improvement in social health and attitude.

#### Unit 1:

Why Human Relations are so important? Understanding Behavior, Human Relations, and Performance, Personality, Stress, Learning, and Perception, Attitudes, Self-Concept, Natural acceptance of human values, and Ethics, Dealing with Conflict, Leading and Trust.

#### Unit 2:

Time and Career Management, Interpersonal Communication, Organizational Structure and Communication, Team Dynamics and Leadership, Teams and Creative Problem Solving and Decision Making

#### Unit 3:

Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society, Harmony in Human Relationship, Understanding the meaning of *Vishwas*; Difference between intention and competence, Understanding the meaning of *Samman*; Difference between respect and differentiation. Understanding the harmony in the society: *Samadhan, Samridhi, Abhay, Sahasttva*as comprehensive Human Goals.

#### Unit 4:

Justice in Humankind, Nurturing and Exploitation, Definitiveness of Ethical Human Conduct, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic Universal Order, Competence in professional ethics.

#### Reference Books:

1. "Human Relations in Organizations Applications and Skill Building" RobartLussier, eighth edition, McGraw-Hill (2014).

2. Atkinson and Hilgard's, "Introduction to psychology" Nolen-Hoeksema, S., Fredrickson, B. L., Loftus, G. R., & Lutz, C., Cengage Learning EME.

3. "A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics" R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, Excel Books, New Delhi and Teacher's Manual, R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, Excel Books, New Delhi

4. A Nagraj, 1998, JeevanVidyaekParichay, Divya Path Sansthan, Amarkantak.

5. A.N. Tripathy, 2003, Human Values, New Age International Publishers.

# Semester-II

40418	<b>39 Mobile Com</b>	munication			
Credits: 03					
Teaching Scheme:		Examination	n Scheme:		
Lectures: 3Hrs/ Week		In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks		
Course Objectives					
• To nurture students with	•	ineering to design			
Course Outcomes					
On completion of the course, stu 1. Apply the concepts of synetworks. 2. Explore the architecture 3. Differentiate thoroughly	vitching technique and tra of GSM.		o design multistage		
Time Division Switching. Sin networks. Synchronization, Con Control, Reliability, Availability Switching techniques for Data perceptive with mobile commun Unit II - Traffic Engineering a Telecommunication Traffic: Lost- call systems: Theory, traf systems: Erlang Distribution, p server, Queues in tandem, delay Signaling: Customer line sig signaling, Common channel s signaling.	<ul> <li>and Security.</li> <li>circuit switching, Mestication.</li> <li>and Signalling</li> <li>Unit of Traffic, Traffic</li> <li>fic performance, loss system</li> <li>robability of delay, Finite</li> <li>tables and application of</li> <li>naling. FDM carrier system</li> </ul>	ns: Call processin sage Switching ar measurement, A tems in tandem, t e queue capacity, delay formulae. ystems, PCM sig	g Functions, Common ad packet Switching in <b>8 Hrs</b> mathematical model, traffic tables. Queuing Systems with a single gnaling, Inter-register		
Unit III - Cellular Concept Introduction to cellular teleph capacity through frequency reu sectoring, Coverage and capacit <b>Propagation Mechanism:</b> Fro mechanism. Hata outdoor prop Small scale fading, Small scal channel and Small scale multipa Unit IV - GSM Fundamentals Introduction, Architecture of transmission parameters in GSM	use, Cell geometry, Select y in cellular system and H ee space and two ray p agation model. <b>Small Se</b> e multipath propagation, ath measurements. GSM, characteristics	ction of cluster si landoff strategies. propagation mode cale Fading and Impulse respons	el, Basic propagation Multipath: Types of e model of multipath 8 Hrs		

Unit V - GSM Channels and Services	8 Hrs
Traffic and Logical Channels in GSM, GSM time hierarchy, GSM burst structure, D	escription of
call setup procedure, Handover mechanism in GSM, Security in GSM.	
Data transmission in GSM: Data Services, SMS, HSCSD, GPRS, EDGE.	
Multiple Access Techniques-TDMA, CDMA and OFDMA.	
Unit VI - Evolution of Mobile Technologies	6 Hrs
Evolution of Mobile Generation and its comparison(GSM & CDMA)	
Overview of LTE : LTE basics, LTE frame structure, LTE Design parameters with	
Standardization and Architecture of LTE.	
<b>Overview of 5 G Networks :</b> Comparison of 4G and 5G technology, Opportunities	and
requirements in 5G network, Open Wireless Architecture of 5G network and Disrupt	
technologies for 5G.	
Text Books	
1. ThiagarajanVishwanathan, "Telecommunication Switching Systems and Net	works"· PHI
Publications	
2. Theodore Rappaport, "Wireless Communications Principles and Practi	ico" Socond
••••	ice Second
Edition, Pearson Education	
Reference Books	
1. Fei Hu, "Opportunities in 5G Networks : A research& development perspe	ctive", CRC
Press	
2. J. E. Flood, "Telecommunications Switching, Traffic and Networks", Pearso	
3. Krzysztof Wesolowski, "Mobile Communication Systems", Wiley Student E	Edition
4. John C. Bellamy, "Digital Telephony", Third Edition; Wiley Publications	
5 Mischa Schwartz "Mobile Wireless Communications" Cambridge University Press	<u>'</u>

- 5. Mischa Schwartz, "Mobile Wireless Communications", Cambridge University Press
- 6. AdityaJagannatham,"Principles of Modern Wireless Communication Systems"

Broadband Communication Systems						
Credits: 04						
Examination Scheme:						
	In-Sem : 30 Marks End-Sem : 70 Marks					

- To comprehend the three primary components of a fiber optic communication system.
- To understand the system design issues and the role of WDM components in advanced light wave systems.
- To understand the basics of orbital mechanics and the look angles from ground stations to the satellite.
- To apply subject understanding in Link Design.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After successfully completing the course students will be able to:

- 1. Perform Link power budget and Rise Time Budget by proper selection of components and check its viability.
- 2. Perform Satellite Link design for Up Link and Down Link.

UNIT I: Light wave System Components	8 Hrs
Key Elements of optical fiber system, Optical fibers as a communication channel: Optical fi modes and configurations, Mode theory for Circular waveguides, Single mode fibers, Grade	
fiber structure, Signal degradation in optical fibers. Optical sources: Basic concepts and	
characteristics of LEDs and LASERs. Photo detectors: Basic concepts, Common photo dete	
UNIT II: Light wave Systems	6 Hrs
System architectures, Point to point links: System considerations, Design guidelines: Optic	al power
budget, Rise time budget, Long - Haul systems.	
UNIT III: Multichannel Systems	6 Hrs
Overview of WDM, WDM Components: 2 x 2 Fiber coupler, Optical isolators and c	irculators,
Multiplexers and De-multiplexers, Fiber Bragg Grating, FBG applications for multiplexin	ig and de-
multiplexing function, Diffraction gratings, Overview of optical amplifiers: SOA, EDFA ar	nd RFA in
brief.	
UNIT IV: Orbital Mechanics and Launchers	8 Hrs
History of Satellite communication, Orbital mechanics, Look angle determination	
perturbations, Orbital determination, Launchers and launch vehicles, Orbital e	ffects in
communication system performance.	
UNIT V: Satellite sub systems	6 Hrs
Satellite Subsystems, Attitude and Control Systems (AOCS), Telemetry, Tracking, Comma	
monitoring, Power systems, Communication subsystems, Satellite antennas, Equipment reli	ability
and space qualification.	
UNIT VI: Satellite communication link design	8 Hrs
Introduction, Basic transmission theory, System noise temperature and G/T Ratio, I	U
downlinks, SatelHrsite systems using small earth stations, Uplink design, Design of speci	ified C/N:
Combining C/N and C/I values in satellite links system design examples.	
Text Books:	
1. Gerd Keiser, "Optical fiber Communications", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th edition.	
2. Timothy Pratt, Charles Bostian, Jeremy Allnutt, "Satellite Communications", John V	N1ley &
Sons.	
Reference Books:	

- 1. Govind P. Agrawal, "Fiber -Optic Communication Systems", Wiley, 3rd edition.
- 2. Dennis Roody, "Satellite Communications", McGraw Hill

40419	1 Machine L	Machine Learning (Elective III)				
Credits: 03						
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:				
Lecture : 03 Hr/week		In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks			

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Explore supervised and unsupervised learning paradigms of machine learning used for regression and classification.
- To design and analyze various machine learning algorithms using neural networks
- To explore Deep learning technique and various feature extraction strategies.

**Course Outcomes:** 

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. To compare and contrast pros and cons of various machine learning techniques and to get an in sight of when to apply a particular machine learning approach.
- 2. To mathematically analyze various machine learning approaches and paradigms.
- 3. To implement convolution neural networks in recognition applications.

Unit I :Introduction to Machine Learning4 HrsWhy Machine learning. Types of machine learning, basic concepts in machine learning like<br/>parametric and non-parametric<br/>modeling, linear and nonlinear regression, overfitting and<br/>dimensionality reduction. Decision trees, Feature reduction.

**Unit II : Models for Regression and Classification** 

Linear Models for Regression :Least Squares and Nearest Neighbors ,Linear Basis Function Models, The Bias-Variance Decomposition, Bayesian Linear Regression, Bayesian Model Comparison Linear Models for Classification : Discriminant Functions .Probabilistic Discriminative Models Multivariate Data,ParameterEstimation,MultivariateClassification,Multivariate Regression Kernal Methods : Support Vector machines and Relevance Vector Machines

Unit	Π	:Clus	tering

**6Hrs** 

Dimensionality Reduction : Principal Components Analysis, Factor Analysis, Multidimensional Scaling, Linear Discriminant Analysis Clustering : k-Means Clustering, Mixtures of Gaussians. Unit IV : Artificial Neural Networks I 6 Hrs

Biological neuron, Artificial neuron model, concept of bias and threshold, Activation functions, McCulloch-Pits Neuron Model, learning paradigms, concept of error energy, gradient descent algorithm and application of linear neuron for linear regression,: Learning mechanisms: Hebbian, Delta Rule, Perceptron and its limitations.

**Unit V : Artificial Neural Networks II** 

6 Hrs

8 Hrs

Multilayer perceptron (MLP) and back propagation algorithm, Application of MLP for classification, Self-Organizing Feature Maps, Learning vector quantization Radial Basis Function networks.

Unit VI : Deep Learning and Convolution Neural Networks6 HrsImprovement of the Deep Neural Network: Vanishing Gradient, Overfitting, Computational Load,<br/>ReLU Function, Dropout Architecture of ConvNet, Convolution Layer, Pooling Layer, Applications<br/>of CNN's.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Christopher Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2007.

2. Laurene Fausett," Fundamentals of Neural Networks: Architectures, Algorithms And

Applications, Pearson Education, Inc, 2008.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Kevin Murphy, Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, MIT Press, 2012.
- 2. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, "The Elementsof Statistical Learning", Springer 2009.
- 3. Phil Kim, "MATLAB Deep Learning: With Machine Learning, Neural Networks and Artificial Intelligence", a Press 2017.
- 4. Ethem Alpaydın "Introduction to Machine Learning" Second Edition The MIT Press 2010.

5. Simon Haykin," Neural Networks : A comprehensive foundation, Prentice Hall International Inc. 1999.

404191		itomation (Elective III)		
	Cre	edits: 03		
Teaching Scheme:     Examination Scheme:				
Lecture : 03hr/week		In-Sem : 30 Marks End-Sem: 70 Marks		
Course Objectives:				
<ul> <li>The learners will get a Systems, DigitalContro</li> <li>Student will gain the a and implement the Eng</li> </ul>	n over view of te- ller, CNC Machin bility to select the	ndustrial control problems suitable for PLC control echnology of advanced topics such as SCADA, DCS nes. e essential elements and practices needed to develop tion using PLC approach.		
Course Outcomes:				
On successful completion of th		s able to:		
1. Understand PLC archit				
2. Develop PLC ladder pr	• •			
3. Design Automation sys				
4. Implement the Enginee	ring Automation u	using PLC approach.		
limitations of Automation, competitiveness. Unit II: Transmitters and Si Need of transmitters, Standard	Effects of mo gnal Conditionin ization of signals, Analog and Digita smitters.	of Industrial Automation Systems, Advantages and odern developments in automation on global ng 6 Hrs , Current, Voltage and Pneumatic signal standards, 2- al signal conditioning for RTD, Thermocouple, DPT 6 Hrs		
automation controller), Mech Relays and Contactors, AC M	anical switches, S lotor, VFD, energ	roprocessor Based control, PAC (Programmable Solid state switches,Electrical actuators: Solenoids, gy conservation schemes through VFD, DC Motor, pumatic and hydraulic actuators.		
<b>Unit – IV Introduction to PL</b> PLC: Characteristics, Operati PLC, PC v/s PLC, PLC progra for different logical condition	C on, function, Typ amming, Ladder d ons or logical eq imer in PLC, Cla	6 Hrs pes of PLC, Architecture Of PLC, Applications of diagram: of logic gates, multiplexer, Ladder diagram quations or truth table. Timers: types of timer, assification of a PLC timer, Ladder diagram using ter.		
Disadvantages, Architecture	Hierarchy of D	<b>6 Hrs</b> DCS, Functions of each level, Advantages and ΓU- functions of MTU, RTU- Functions of RTU, of PLC, DCS and SCADA, Applications: Thermal		

Unit VI: Automation and CNC (Computer Numeric Control) Machines

7 Hrs

Introduction of CNC Machines: Basics and need of CNC machines, NC, CNC and DNC (Direct NC) systems, Structure of NC systems, Applications of CNC machines in manufacturing, Advantages of CNC machines. Industrial Communication:Devicenet, Interbus , Device network: Foundation Fieldbus -H 1, HART, CAN, PROFIBUS-PA, Control network: ControlNet, FF-HSE, PROFIBUS-DP, Ethernet, TCP/IP. Panel Engineering for Automation

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Curtis Johnson, "Process Control Instrumentation Technology"; 8th Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. MadhuchhandaMitra, SamarjitSen Gupta, "Programmable Logic controllers and Industrial Automation"; Penram International Publishing India Pvt. Ltd.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Stuart A. Boyer, SCADA supervisory control and data acquisition, ISA Publication.
- 2. John W. Webb, Ronold A Reis, "Programmable Logic Controllers, Principles and Applications"; 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. Kilian, "Modern control technology: components & systems, Delmar 2nd edition.
- 4. Bela G Liptak, Process software and digital networks, 3rd edition, 2002.
- 5. Pollack. Herman, W & Robinson., T. "Computer Numerical Control", Prentice Hall. NJ. Pabla, B.S. & Adithan, M. "CNC Machines", New Age Publishers, New Delhi

# 404191 Audio and Speech Processing (Elective III)

### Credits: 03

Teaching Scheme		Examination Scheme		
Lecture : 03 hr/week		In-Sem: 30 Marks End-Sem: 70 Marks		

#### **Course Objectives:**

- To understand basics of speech production and perception mechanism.
- To understand classification of speech sounds based on acoustic and articulatory phonetics.
- To understand the motivation of short-term analysis of speech and audio.
- To understand various audio and speech coding techniques.
- To perform the analysis of speech signal using LPC.
- To extract the information of the speech or audio signals in terms of cepstral features.
- To provide a foundation for developing applications in the field of speech and audio processing.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Design and implement algorithms for processing speech and audio signals considering the properties of acoustic signals and human hearing.
- 2. Analyze speech signal to extract the characteristic of vocal tract (formants) and vocal cords (pitch).
- 3. Analyze speech signal for extracting LPC and MFCC Parameters of speech signal.
- 4. Apply the knowledge of speech and audio signal analysis to build speech processing applications like speech coding, speech recognition, speech enhancement and speaker recognition/verification.

Unit I : Fundamentals of speech production6 Hrs
Anatomy and physiology of speech production, Human speech production mechanism, LTI
model for speech production, Nature of speech signal, linear time varying model, articulators,
articulatory phonetics, manner of articulation, place of articulation, acoustic phonetics, spectrogram,
classification of speech sounds: vowels, semivowels, nasal diphthongs, stops, affricates, fricative,
vowel triangle.
Unit II : Human auditory system and speech perception 6 Hrs
Anatomy and physiology of the ear, outer ear, middle ear and inner ear. Human auditory system,
simplified model of cochlea. Sound perception, Auditory psychophysics, thresholds, just noticeable
differences (JNDs), Sound pressure level and loudness. Sound intensity and Decibel sound levels.
Pitch perception, masking, Concept of critical band and introduction to auditory system as a filter
bank, Uniform, non-uniform filter bank, mel scale and bark scale. Speech perception: vowel
perception. Coarticulation effects. Consonant perception, perception of manner of articulation
feature. Perception of place of articulation.
Unit III: Time and frequency domain methods for speech and audio signal analysis. 6 Hrs
Time-dependent speech processing. Short-time energy, short time average magnitude, Short
time average zero crossing rate. Speech Vs. silence discrimination using energy and zero
crossing rate. Short-time autocorrelation function, short-time average magnitude difference
function. Pitch period estimation using autocorrelation method. Audio feature extraction,
Spectral centroid, spectral spread, spectral entropy, spectral flux, spectral roll-off. Spectrogram:
narrow band and wide band spectrogram.
Unit IV : Linear prediction and cepstral analysis 6 Hrs
Basic principles of linear predictive analysis. Autocorrelation method, covariance method. Solution
of LPC equations: Durbin's recursive solution, lattice formulations and solutions. Frequency domain
interpretation of LP analysis. Applications of LPC parameters as pitch detection and formant
analysis
Homomorphic processing of speech signal, application of cepstral analysis for vocal tract vocal cord
parameter estimation (formants and pitch). Computation of MFCC.
Unit V : Speech and Audio coding 6 Hrs
Time domain waveform coding: linear PCM, companded PCM, DPCM, DM, ADM.
Spectral coders: Filter bank analysis, sub-band coders, Adaptive transform coders (ATC), Harmonic
coding. Linear predictive coders (LPC), Non-LP source voice coders: phase vocoders, channel
vocoders, excitation for vocoders, Homomorphic (Cepstral) vocoders. Speech coding standards and
applications.
Unit VI : Digital speech processing for man-machine communication6 Hrs
Automatic speech recognition (isolated word recognition, automatic telephone number dialing
system etc. using statistical signal modeling e.g. GMM, GMM-HMM ), Linear and dynamic time
warping, text to speech synthesis, speaker recognition and verification, speech enhancement,
Introduction to Musical instrument classification, Musical Information retrieval.
Text Books:

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Thomas F. Quateri, "Discrete-Time Speech Signal Processing: Principles and Practice" Pearson Publication.
- 2. ShailaApte, "Speech and audio processing", Wiley India Publication
- 3. Ben Gold and Nelson Morgan, "Speech and Audio Signal Processing: Processing and Perception of Speech and Music", Wiley India.
- 4. L. R. Rabiner , B. H. Juang and B. Yegnanarayana "Fundamentals of speech recognition". Pearson Publication

404191 Software Defined Radio (Elective III) Credits: 03					
					Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week		In-Sem : 30 Marks End-Sem : 70 Marks			
<ul> <li>To understand GNU F</li> <li>To understand how SI</li> <li>To understand how un</li> <li>access to both PHY at</li> <li>To understand the cor</li> </ul> Course Outcomes: On completion of the course, <ul> <li>1. Compare SDR with tr</li> <li>2. Implement modern with</li> <li>3. Build experiment with</li> </ul>	Radio DR platform provid like simulation in G ad MAC layer cept of Cognitive F student will be able aditional Hardware reless system based real wireless wave MATLAB and Hardware	Radio HDR. I on OFDM, MIMO & Smart Antenna. form and applications, accessing both PHY and			
radio and SDR, SDR charact GNU radio -What is GNU radio MATLAB in SDR, Radio I Range ,RF receiver Front E ,Diplexer ,RF filter ,LNA ,I Transmitter Architecture and chain, Pre-distortion <b>Unit II :SDR Architecture</b> Architecture of SDR-Open Receiver Homodyne/heterody ADC and DAC Distortion, R	of SDR, Principles eristics, required ha lio, GNU Radio Ar Frequency Implement and topologies, Flex mage reject filters their issues, Samp Architecture, So one architecture, Ri ole of FPGA/CPU/0	entation 6 Hrs of SDR , Basic Principle and difference in Analog ardware specifications, Software/Hardware platform, chitecture, Hardware Block of GNU,GNU software , entation issues, Purpose of RF front End, Dynamic kibility of RF chain with software radio, Duplexer , IF filters , RF Mixers Local Oscillator , AGC, pling theorem in ADC, Noise and distortion in RF ftware Communication Architecture, Transmitter F front End, ADC, DAC, DAC/ADC Noise Budget, GPU in SDR, Applications of FPGA in SDR, Design SP, FPGA and ASIC, Power Management Issues in			

Unit III : Multi Rate Signal Processing	6 Hrs
Sample timing algorithms, Frequency offset estimation and correction, Channe	
Basics of Multi Rate, Multi Rate DSP, Multi Rate Algorithm, DSP techniques	
SDR	
Unit IV : Smart/MIMO Antennas using Software Radio	6 Hrs
Smart Antenna Architecture, Vector Channel Modeling, Benefits of Smart Ar	tenna Phased Antenna
Array Theory, Adaptive Arrays, DOA Arrays, Applying Software Radio	Principles to Antenna
Systems, Beam forming for systems-Multiple Fixed Beam Antenna Array, H	Fully Adaptive Array,
Relative Benefits and Trade-offs OF Switched Beam and Adaptive A	rray, Smart Antenna
Algorithms , Hardware Implementation of Smart Antennas, MIMO -fre	quency, time, sample
Synchronization, Space time block coding-Space Time Filtering, Space Time T	Trellis Coding .
Case Study : Principles of MIMO-OFDM	
Unit : Cognitive Radio	6 Hrs
Cognitive Radio Architecture, Dynamic Access Spectrum, Spectrum Efficiency	
gain in SDR and CR ,Spectrum Usage, SDR as a platform for CR, OFDM	
Modulator, OFDM Demodulator, OFDM Bandwidth, Benefits of OFDM in CH	R, Spectrum Sensing in
CR, CR Network	
Unit VI : Applications of SDR	7 Hrs
Application of SDR in Advance Communication System-Case Study, C	0
Implementation, Parameter Estimation - Environment, Location, other factor	ors, Vertical Handoff,
Network Interoperability.	
Case Study : 1)CR for Public Safety -PSCR , Modes of PSCR, Architecture of	PSCR
2)Beagle board based SDR 3)Embedded PCSR using GNU radio	
Text Books:	
1. Jeffrey. H. Reed ,Software Radio : A Modern Approach to Radio Engir	eering, Pearson LPE
2. Markus Dillinge, KambizMadani, Nancy Alonistioti, Software Defined	Radio : Architectures,
Systems and Functions, Wiley	
Reference Books:	
1. Tony .J. Rouphael, RF and DSP for SDR, Elsevier Newness Press ,200	8
2. Dr.TajStruman, Evaluation of SDR – Main Document	
3. SDR – Handbook, 8th Edition, PENTEK	
4. Bruce a. Fette, Cognitive Radio Technology, Newness, Elsevier	

# 404191 Audio Video Engineering (Elective III)

#### Credits: 03

Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week	In-Sem : 30 Marks End-Sem : 70 Marks

#### **Course Objectives**:

- After learning AVE course, students will get benefit to learn and understand the working of real life video system and the different elements of video system plus the encoding/decoding techniques.
- The learners will be groomed up to understand different channel allocations, difference between various systems present in this world, their transmission and reception techniques.
- Students will get insight on functioning of individual blocks, different standards of • compression techniques and they will be acquainted with different types of analog, digital TV and HDTV systems.
- The students will get overview of fundamentals of Audio systems and basics of Acoustics

#### **Course Outcomes:**

On successful completion of the course, students able to:

- 1. Apply the fundamentals of Analog Television and Colour Television standards.
- 2. Explain the fundamentals of Digital Television, DTV standards and parameters.
- 3. Study and understand various HDTV standards and Digital TV broadcasting systems and acquainted with different types of analog, digital TV and HDTV systems.
- 4. Understandacoustic fundamentals and various acoustic systems.

#### **Unit I: Fundamentals of Colour Television**

The basic Television system and scanning principles, Composite video signal and television standards, Color TV systems, fundamentals, mixing of colours, colour perception, chromaticity diagram. NTSC, PAL, SECAM systems, colour TV transmitter, (high level, low level), colour TV receivers.

#### **Unit II: Digital TV and Display Devices**

Introduction to Digital TV, Digital TV signals and parameters, Digital TV Transmitters, MAC signals, advanced MAC signal transmission, Digital TV receivers, Basic principles of Digital Video compression techniques, MPEG Standards. Digital TV recording techniques, Display devices: OLED, LCD, TFT, Plasma, Camcoder, Digicam.

#### **Unit III: HDTV**

HDTV standards and systems, HDTV transmitter and receiver/encoder, Digital TV satellite Systems, video on demand, CCTV, CATV, direct to home TV, set top box with recording facility, conditional access system (CAS), 3D TV systems, HD video cameras, Digital broadcasting, case study (Cricket match, Marathon, Football match).

#### **Unit IV: Advanced TV Systems**

IP Audio and Video, IPTV systems, Mobile TV, Video transmission in 3G/4G mobile System, Digital Video Recorders, Wi-Fi Audio / Video Transmitter and Receivers. 8 Hrs

#### **Unit V: Fundamentals of Audio-Video Recording**

Methods of sound recording & reproduction, optical recording, CD recording, audio standards. Digital Sound Recording, CD/ DVD player, MP3 player, Blue Ray DVD Players, MP3 Player.

#### **Unit VI: Fundamentals of Acoustics**

Studio acoustics & reverberation, P.A. system for auditorium, acoustic chambers, Cordless microphone system, special types of speakers & microphones, Digital Radio Receiver Satellite radio reception.

# 8 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

6 Hrs

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Television and video Engineering, A. M. Dhake, TMH Publication.
- 2. Television Engineering -Audio and Video Systems, D. S. Bormane, P.B. Mane& R R Itkarkar, Wiley publication.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. R. R. Gulati, "Monochrome and colour television"
- 2. S. P. Bali, "Color TV Theory and Practice".
- 3. Bernard Grobb, Charles E, "Basic TV and Video Systems".
- 3. Video Demisified, Kelth jack, Penram International Publication.
- 4. Audio Video Systems, R.G. Gupta, TMH Publication

404192 ROBOTICS (Elective-IV) Credits: 03							
Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme:							
Lecture : 03 Hr/Week					In-Sem End-Sem	: 3	30 Marks 70 Marks
<ul> <li>Course Objectives:</li> <li>To understand the latechnologies.</li> <li>To understand basic a transformation.</li> <li>Able to solve basic robe</li> <li>To understand and able</li> </ul>	mathemati	ics mani	pulations of spa	atial c roblen	coordinate ns	represe	ntation and
<ul> <li>Course Outcomes:</li> <li>On completion of the course, s</li> <li>1. Familiar with the histor</li> <li>2. Implement basic mat transformation.</li> <li>3. Solve basic robot forwa</li> <li>4. Understand and able to</li> </ul>	ry, concep hematics ard and in	t develop manipul verse kin	oment and key co lations of spati ematic problems	ial co	oordinate r	epresen	ntation and
<b>Unit I :Basic concepts in rob</b> Definition ; anatomyof robot, Safety Measures in robotics ,I	basic stru		-	ations	and Classi	ficatior	6 Hrs n of robot,
Unit II :Robot drivers, Senso Drives for robots: Electric, hy Sensors: Internal-External, C range. Vision: Introduction to technic	vdraulic ar Contact-no	nd pneum ncontact	, position, veloc		force, torqu	ue, pro	6 Hrs
<b>Unit III : End Effectors and</b> Different types of grippers- M Gripper Design , overview of and characteristics of Stepper	Actuators Iechanica actuators	l, Magne , Power	tics, vacuum, A and torque, Acce	dhesiv	on and velo		
<b>Unit IV : Robot Kinematics a</b> Direct and inverse kinematic Manipulator, direct and inv manipulator inertia tensor, N planning, interpolation, static f	and Dyna cs for ind erse velo ewton –E	<b>mics</b> dustrial city. La Eller forr	robots for posit grangian formu nulation for RP	ion a lation and	nd orientat , Link i RP manip	nertia ulators,	tensor and

Unit V:Programming methods	6 Hrs
Robot language classification, Robot language structure, elements and its f	functions. Simple
programs on Sensing distance and direction., Line Following Algorithms, Feedba	ick Systems Other
topics on advance robotic techniques	
Unit VI : Developing and building a robot	6 Hrs
Models of flexible links and joints, Robotic arm – Components and structure, T	ypes of joints and
workspace, Design models for mechanic arms and lifting systems	
Case Study: 1. Robots in material handling and assembly.	
2. Human Robot Interaction	

## **Text Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Robotics By S.K.Saha , Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Robotics Control ,Sensing ,Vision and Intelligence by K.S. Fu, R.C .Gonzalez, C.S.G.Lee , Tata McGraw Hill

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. J. Hirchhorn: Kinematics and Dynamics of Machinery, McGraw Hill book co.
- 2. Robert J. Schilling , Fundamentals of Robotics- Analysis and Control, Prentics Hall india.
- 3. Robotics Technology and Flexible Automation by S.R.Deb, S. Deb, Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Robot Motion and Control ( Recent Developments ) by M.Thoma& M. Morari

404194	Biomed	ical Electronics (	<b>Elective-</b>	[V)	
Credits: 03					
Teaching Scheme:		Examination Scheme:			
Lecture : 03 hr/week			In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks	
Course Objectives:	·				
To study Human Physiolo	gical Systems f	rom Engineering Persp	ectives		
• To understand the basic si	gnals in the fiel	d of biomedical.			
• To study origins and chara including ECG, EEG, PC		me of the most commo	nly used biom	edical signals,	
• To understand Sources an	d characteristic	s of noise and artifacts	in bio signals.		
• To understand use of bio	signals in diagn	osis, patient monitoring	g and physiolo	ogical	
investigation					
Course Outcomes:	_				
After successfully completing the		s will be able to:			
1. Model a biomedical system	m.				
2. Understand various method	ods of acquiring	bio signals.Understand	l various sour	ces of bio	
3. signal distortions and its r	emedial technic	ues.			
4. Get an Overview of major	Devices currer	ntly used in Medical fie	ld		
5. The students will have an	understanding	of analyzing bio-signal	and classifyir	ng them	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
Unit I: Introduction to Biomedi				6 Hrs	

Biomedical Instrumentation System, Cell structure, Bio-Cell potential, Concept of Bio-electrodes, Types of Bio-electrodes to measure Bio-signal, Transducers and Sensors to measure Bio signal EEG,ECG,EMG, Respiration, Body temperature, SPO2, and Pulse. Artifacts in Bio signal Acquisition: Noise, Power line, Baseline, Skin Impedance and Motion Artifacts, Techniques to reduce the artifacts.

Edition, Prentice Hall, 2. R. Rangayan, "Biomed 3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II. <b>Reference Books:</b> 1. John L Semmlow, "Bio- 2. Joseph J. Carr and John Prentice Hall, 2000.	nn M. Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment T , 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002. lbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hi -signal and Biomedical Image Processing", Marcel Dekker M. Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technol Wireless Sensor Networks (Elective-IV) Credits: 03 Examination Schem	ll, New Delhi, logy", 4thEdition,
Text Books: <ol> <li>Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,</li> <li>R. Rangayan, "Biomed 3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II.</li> <li>Reference Books:         <ol> <li>John L Semmlow, "Bio- 2. Joseph J. Carr and John Prentice Hall, 2000.</li> </ol> </li> <li>404194</li> </ol>	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002. lbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hi -signal and Biomedical Image Processing", Marcel Dekker M. Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technol Wireless Sensor Networks (Elective-IV) Credits: 03	ll, New Delhi, logy", 4thEdition,
<ul> <li>Text Books:</li> <li>1. Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,</li> <li>2. R. Rangayan, "Biomed</li> <li>3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II.</li> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>1. John L Semmlow, "Bio-</li> <li>2. Joseph J. Carr and John Prentice Hall, 2000.</li> </ul>	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002. lbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hi -signal and Biomedical Image Processing", Marcel Dekker M. Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technol Wireless Sensor Networks (Elective-IV)	ll, New Delhi,
<ul> <li>Text Books:</li> <li>1. Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,</li> <li>2. R. Rangayan, "Biomed</li> <li>3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II.</li> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>1. John L Semmlow, "Bio-</li> <li>2. Joseph J. Carr and John</li> </ul>	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002. lbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hi -signal and Biomedical Image Processing", Marcel Dekker	ll, New Delhi,
<ol> <li>Text Books:         <ol> <li>Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,</li> <li>R. Rangayan, "Biomed</li> <li>R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Reference Books:         <ol> <li>John L Semmlow, "Bio- 2. Joseph J. Carr and John</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002. lbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hi -signal and Biomedical Image Processing", Marcel Dekker	ll, New Delhi,
Text Books: 1. Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall, 2. R. Rangayan, "Biomed 3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II. Reference Books: 1. John L Semmlow, "Bio-	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002. lbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw Hi -signal and Biomedical Image Processing", Marcel Dekker	ll, New Delhi,
<ol> <li>Text Books:</li> <li>Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,</li> <li>R. Rangayan, "Biomed 3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II.</li> </ol>	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002.	
<ol> <li>Text Books:</li> <li>Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,</li> <li>R. Rangayan, "Biomed 3. R.S.Khandpur, "Hand 2003, Edition-II.</li> </ol>	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002.	
Text Books: 1. Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall, 2. R. Rangayan, "Biomed	, 2000. dical Signal Analysis", Wiley 2002.	
<b>Text Books:</b> 1. Joseph J. Carr and Joh Edition, Prentice Hall,	, 2000.	echnology", 4 th
<b>Text Books:</b> 1. Joseph J. Carr and Joh		echnology", 4 th
Text Books:	M. Duran Winter brating ( D' - 1' - 1 D - 1' - 1 D	- 1
		-
	tors, Central Monitoring system, Stress Test System, X	
Unit VI: Medical Devices	ure Measurement (noninvasive), Life saving Devices	4 Hrs Pacemakers and
	Use of Multiscale analysis for ECG parameter estimatio	
Highlight ECG feature point	ts, QRS detection, ECG classification for normal and	abnormal state
	noval of Base line and Power line Interference, Muscle	
Unit: Analysis of Electrical	Activity of Heart	6 Hrs
adaptive cancellation of mater Concepts	rnal ECG from fetal ECG of Interest. Grounding and shi	ielding
<b>1</b> • <b>1</b>	cellation model, removal of periodic events, using adapti	
•	echniques using Active Filters, Wiener Filters, Adaptive	•
	estem for ECG acquisition, Isolation Amplifier, Right Le	
Unit IV: Medical Instrumen	ntation	8 Hrs
machine, EEG applications fo		
	age configuration, Types of EEG signals and its sig	
Nerve Cell and nerve notenti	ial, Neural Communication, Brain structure, 10-20 elec	trode placement
•		
Unit III: Nervous System 6H		
preamplifiers, ECG recorder, Unit III: Nervous System 6H	logy and anatomy of Heart, Lead Configurations to acq Heart Sounds and Murmurs, Phonocardiography	uire ECG, ECG

## **Course Objectives:**

- To learn basic concepts of Wireless sensor networks
- To be familiar with architecture and protocols used in Wireless sensor networks
- To provide knowledge of deployment and security issued of Wireless sensor networks

End-Sem: 70 Marks

## **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, student will be able to

- 1. Explain various concepts and terminologies used in WSN
- 2. Describe importance and use of radio communication and link management in WSN
- 3. Explain various wireless standards and protocols associated with WSN
- 4. Recognize importance of localization and routing techniques used in WSN
- 5. Understand techniques of data aggregation and importance of security in WSN
- 6. Examine the issues involved in design and deployment of WSN

#### **Unit1 : Introduction**

What are Wireless Sensor Networks, Wireless Sensor Node, Anatomy of a Sensor Node, architecture of WSN, Performance metrics in WSNs, types of WSN

#### **Unit 2: Radio Communication And Link Management**

Radio Waves and Modulation/Demodulation, Properties of Wireless Communications, Medium Access Protocols, Wireless Links Introduction, Properties of Wireless Links, Error Control, Naming and Addressing, Topology Control

#### **Unit 3: Wireless Standards And Protocol Stack**

WSN Standards- IEEE802.15.4 Low rate WPAN, Zigbee, WirelessHART, ISA 100.11a, 6LoWPAN, IEEE802.15.3, Wibree, BLE, Zwave, ANT, Insteon, Wavenis, Protocol stack of WSNs, Cross Layer Protocol Stack

#### **Unit 4: Localization And Routing**

Localization : Localization Challenges and Properties, Deployment Schemes, Proximity Schemes. Ranging Schemes, Range-Based Localization, Range-Free Localization,

Routing Basics, Routing Metrics, Routing Protocols, Full-Network Broadcast, Location-Based Routing, Directed Diffusion, Collection Tree Protocol, Zigbee, Multi-Hop Communications

#### **Unit 5: Data Aggregation And Security**

Clustering Techniques, In-Network Processing and Data Aggregation, Compressive Sampling, Security Issues in Wireless Sensor Networks, Attacks, Defensive Measures, Security requirements and threat model,

## **Unit 6: Designing And Deploying WSN Applications**

Designing and Deploying WSN Applications, Early WSN Deployments, General Problems, General Testing and Validation, Requirements Analysis, The Top-Down Design Process, Bottom-Up Implementation Process.

#### **Text Books**

1.Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli and Taieb Znati, "Wireless Sensor Networks Technology, Protocols, and Applications", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

2.Holger Karl and Andreas Willig, "Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks", John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, 2005.

### **Reference Books**

1. Hossam Fahmy, "Wireless Senor Networks: Concepts, Application, experimentation and analysis", Springer Publication

2. Anna Forster, "Introduction to Wireless Sensor Networks", IEEE Press, Wiley Publication

3. Anna Hac, "Wireless Sensor Network Designs", John Wiley & Sons Ltd,

7 Hrs

7 Hrs

6 Hrs

7 Hrs

## 6 Hrs

7 Hrs

# 404194 Renewable Energy Systems (Elective-IV)

	Crea	lits: 03		
Teaching Scheme:		Exami	nation Scher	ne:
Lecture : 03hr/week			In-Sem End-Sem	: 30 Marks : 70 Marks
Course Objectives:				
• To study energy gene	ration, different e	nergy sources and the	eir utilization	n and impact on
environment	,	0,		1
• To gain knowledge of s	olar radiation and	its applications		
• To understand the wind				
<ul> <li>To analyze the perform</li> </ul>			S	
<ul> <li>To learn fuel cell and it</li> </ul>			.5	
Course Outcomes:	semency			
On successful completion of th	e course students	able to:		
1. Interpret energy res			merov source	× C
2. Measure the solar ra		1		
3. Calculate different	1	1	different sold	r concetors.
		ns of geothermal and	ocean energy	
		el cell and potential for	•••	
5. Demonstrate known		or een und potentiar io	r power gene	iunon.
	T TT			< <b>T</b>
Unit I : Energy Resources an		• • • • •		6 Hrs
Conservation and forms of en				
potential, India's power sce				
parameters, cogeneration, ratio			ciency and co	onservation, nev
technologies, distributed energ	y systems and disp	ersed generation.		0.11
Unit II :Solar Energy				8 Hrs
Solar constant, spectral distri				
radiation geometry, computati				
solar radiation measurement,			-	
radiation, radiation heat transf		dies, radiation optics,	transmitivity	, heat losses and
coefficient, Solar Thermal ener	0, 0	1		0.11
Unit III : Solar photovoltaic s	•		1. M	8 Hrs
Solar photovoltaic systems:P		• 1	· •	• •
amorphous Silicon solar cells.	0	5	•	
Solar Applications: Solar wat	er neating, solar u	istillation, solar ponds	s, solar pullip	ing system, sola
cooker, solar green house.				8 Hrs
Unit IV : Wind energy	terminalogy oner	tion of wind turbing	wind onergy	
Classification, types of rotors, characteristics, wind speed, en			0.	
data analysis, direction and wi		-		-
wind power studies, land for				
power generation curve, horiz				
advantages and disadvantages,		-	cs or white p	ower generation
Unit V: Ocean and Geothern				6 Hrs
<b>Ocean Energy:</b> Tidal Energy,		ce Tidal Energy estin	nation Daval	
power scheme, Wave energy-				opinent of a flua
Cooth come low come of			c waves.	

Geothermal energy: Structure of earth's interior, sites, field, gradient, resources, power generation, geothermal resources in India, utilization, global status of electricity generation from geothermal resources, advantages of geothermal energy

## **Unit VI : Fuel Cells**

#### 6 Hrs

Principle of operation of an acidic Fuel Cell, Technical parameter, Fuel Processor, methanol fuel cell, fuel cell types, Advantages of fuel cell power plants, comparison between acidic and alkaline hydrogen-oxygen fuel cells, state of art fuel cells, energy output of a fuel cell, efficiency and EMF of a fuel cell, Gibbs-Helmholtz equation, operating characteristics of fuel cells.

## **Text Books:**

- 1. D.P. Kothari, K.C. Singal and RakeshRanjan, "Renewable Energy Sources and Emerging Technologies", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. S.P. Sukhatme, "Solar Energy: Principles of Thermal Collection and Storage", TMH, New Delhi, 2008

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Chetan Singh Solanki, "Renewable Energy Technologies", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2009
- 2. G. D. Rai, "Non- conventional Energy Sources", Khanna publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
- 3. MaltiGoel, "Energy Souces and Global Warming", allied publishers Pvt Ltd. New Delhi, 2005.

		Cree	lits: 02		
Teaching Scheme: Examination Scheme:			eme:		
Practical : 02 Hr/week				TW : Oral :	50 Marks 50 Marks
Mobile Communication:					
List of Practicals: (Any Eigh	t)				
1. Perform an experiment to ex	plain PST	IN TST s	witch.		
2. Write a program to elaborate	e Lost cal	l system/	delay system used i	n the analysis	s of voice/data
traffic.					
3. Write a program to measure					
4. Write a program to simulate $\tilde{a}$	speech co	oding and	l decoding technique	used in mob	ile
Communication.		<b>T</b>	1.0.11		
5. Set up and carry out experim				n.	
6. Write a program to simulate	1			• 4	
7. Write a program to measure 8. Set up and carry out experim					ation model.
9. Visit to Mobile Telephone S	1	-	01	55.	
10. Perform an experiment / Si				ultiple access	techniques
such as TDMA/CDMA/OFDM		Claborati		luttiple access	steeninques
Broadband Communication					
List of the Experiments:	System.				
<ul> <li>Minimum 8 experiments:</li> </ul>	nte ara ta	he norf	ormed excluding tu	torials	
<ul> <li>Tutorials are mandate</li> </ul>		-	5	tor iais.	
• Tutorials are manual	лу. (Ехр	u Janu	12)		
1. Estimation of Numerica	al aperture	e of fiber			
2. Plot the characteristics					
3. Measure attenuation of	MMSI an	d SMSI	fiber and comment o	on the result b	ased on
attenuation due to incre	ase in len	gth as we	ell as loss due to ben	d.	
4. Set up a digital link and	•				
5. Tutorial on Power budg	-	-		•	
6. Establishing a direct co		tion link	between Uplink Trai	nsmitter and I	Downlink
Receiver using tone sig					
7. To set up an Active Sat					
8. To establish an AUDIC				litter and Rec	eiver.
9. To communicate VOIC	-	-		<b>T</b>	1 1.
10. To transmit and receive satellite Link.	e three sep	arate sig	nais (Audio, video,	Tone) simulta	ineously through
11. To transmit and receive		through s	atellite link.		
12. Tutorial on satellite lin	-				
13. Students, as a part of th	air tarm 1	vorte cho	uld visit satellite ear	th station and	submit a report
of visit. (Optional).		VOIK, SHO	uld visit satellite cal	in station and	sublint a report

404194	V	Practice IV (Elec	tive III)		
Credits: 01					
<b>Teaching Scheme:</b>	Examination Scheme:			eme:	
Practical : 02 Hr/week			Oral :	50 Marks	
Machine Learning	II				
List of Practical's:					
(Use appropriate Software a					
1. Implement simple logic	e network using M	P neuron model			
2. Implement a simple lin	near regressor with	a single neuron model			
3. Implement and test ML	P trained with bac	k-propagation algorith	m		
4. Implement and test RB	F network				
5. Implement SOFM for c	haracter recogniti	on.			
6. Implement SVM classi	e		sses Studer	nt can use datasets	
such as flower classific					
7. Implement and test Mu	lticlass SVM class	sifier.			
8. Implement and test CN	N for object recog	nition.			
PLC & Automation					
List of Experiments (Minimu	im 8 experiments	are to be performed)	•		
1. Control the speed of se	rvo motor using a	nalog voltage 0-10V			
2. Rotate the servo motor	-				
3. Temperature detection	5		water at des	sired set point.	
4. Control the flow of war	•	1		1	
5. Control the speed of A	С 3ф motor using	VFD.			
6. Design simulation of 3			t & PLC.		
7. Detect the angle of sha					
8. Control the speed of 3d				<b>D</b> 4	
9. Interfacing of RFID wi control.	th PLC & show th	e corresponding user d	ata on SCA	DA to access the	
10. Interface PLC with RT	U & SCADA at re	mote location			
11. Exchange the data betv					
		0			

12. Interfacing of PLC to VFD over profibus& exchange the data

Audio and Speech Processing

List of Experiments (Minimum 8 experiments are to be performed):

NOTE: To perform the experiments software like MATLAB, SCILAB or any appropriate open source software can be used. For analysis of speech signals tools

like PRAAT, Audacity can be used. Open source software is encouraged.

1. Record speech signal (isolated words, continuous speech) and analyze the speech signal using speech analysis tool (e.g. PRAAT). Observe spectrogram, pitch, formants, intensity etc.

2. Write a program to compute short time Energy and ZCR for different frame rates and comment on the result.

3. Write a program to classify voiced, unvoiced and silence frames using frame level energy and zero crossing rate

4. Write a program to compute narrow band and wide band spectrogram. Comment on the time and frequency resolution of wide band and narrow band spectrogram.

5. Write a program for extracting pitch period for a voiced part of the speech signal using autocorrelation method and average magnitude difference function (AMDF).

6. Write a program to design a Mel filter bank and using this filter bank write a program to extract MFCC features.

7. Write a program to perform the cepstral analysis of speech signal and detect the pitch from the voiced part using cepstrum analysis.

8. Write a program to find LPC coefficients using Levinson Durbin algorithm.

9. Write a program to enhance the noisy speech signal using spectral subtraction method.

10. Write a program to extract frequency domain audio features like SC, SF and Spectral roll off.

Software Defined Radio

## List of the Experiments(Minimum 8 experiments are to be performed):

1. Introduction to GNU Radio

2. Introduction to Software Defined Radio Systems

3. Implementation of AM using SDR

4. Implementation of FM using SDR with application such as transfer of files

5. Implementation of M-PSK transmitter using SDR

6. Implementation of M-PSK receiver using SDR

7. Implementation of M-QAM transmitter using SDR

8. Implementation of M-QAM receiver using SDR

9. Implementation of Transmission of files on Wireless media using SDR

10. Implementation of OFDM using SDR

11. Implementation of Cognitive radio using SDR

Audio Video Engineering

List of Experiments (Minimum 8 experiments are to be performed).

1. Voltage and waveform analysis for color TV.

2. Study of direct to home TV and set top box.

3. Study Wi-Fi TV system

4. Study of Digital TV pattern generator.

5. Study of HDTV

6. Study of Digital TV.

7. Simulation of Video, Audio and Image compressing techniques (Software Assignments)

8. Study of Audio system: CD players and MP3 player.

9. Study of PA system with chord less microphone

10. Directivity pattern of Microphones / Loud speakers

11. Visit to TV transmitter/ Digital TV Studio/ All India Radio / TV Manufacturing factory

# 404195 Project Phase-II

## Credits: 06

Teaching Scheme:	Examination Scheme:
Tutorial: 6 Hrs/Week	TW :100Mark OR: 50 Marks

## 1. Group Size

The student will carry the project work individually or by a group of students. Optimum group size is in 3 students. However, if project complexity demands a maximum group size of 4 students, the committee should be convinced about such complexity and scope of thework.

## 2. Selection and approval of topic

Topic should be related to real life application in the field of Electronics and Telecommunication OR

Investigation of the latest development in a specific field of Electronics or Communication or Signal Processing

## OR

The investigation of practical problem in manufacture and / or testing of electronics or communication equipment

## OR

The Microprocessor / Microcontroller based applications project ispreferable.

OR

Software development project related to VHDL, Communication, Instrumentation, Signal Processing and Agriculture Engineering with the justification for techniques used / implemented is accepted.

OR

Interdisciplinary projects should be encouraged. The examination will be conducted independently in respective departments.

## 3. Note:

The group should maintain a logbook of activities. It should have entries related to the work done, problems faced, solution evolved etc., duly signed by internal and external guides.

Project report must be submitted in the prescribed format only. No variation in the format will be accepted. One guide will be assigned at the most 3 project groups.

# Audit Course 6 (1) Team Building, Leadership and Fitness for Engineers

#### About the course

Team building allows students to work together in social situations just as they would in the classroom, their daily lives, or down the road in the workplace. Team building challenges students to solve problems and execute working with others. It shows them how to be accountable. It allows team members to stay motivated and energized to work on the project together. They work on jobs and tasks cohesively, rather than working alone without interaction. By working together, members of the team can "work together, stay together, and achieve together". Trust and communication issues can also be noticed from team building exercises. Team building is known to improve performance in teams; members will remain motivated and can easily overcome indifferences to see the strengths in all team members.

Leadership is about the art of motivating, influencing and directing people so that they work together to achieve the goals of a team or broader organization. It's important for students to experience leadership opportunities during their schooling, to learn the art of building relationships within teams, defining identities and achieving tasks effectively. It also provides an opportunity to learn to identify and display effective communication and interpersonal skills. Leadership begins with identifying and understanding our values. Our values are our fundamental beliefs – those principles we consider to be worthwhile and desirable. Fitness does not only refer to being physically fit, but also refers to a person's mental state as well. If a person is physically fit, but mentally unwell or troubled, he or she will not be able to function optimally. Mental fitness can only be achieved if your body is functioning well. You can help relax your own mind and eliminate stresses by exercising regularly and eating right. People who are physically fit are also healthier, are able to maintain their most optimum weight and are least prone to cardiac and other health problems. In order to maintain a relaxed state of mind, a person should be physically active. A person who is fit both physically and mentally strong enough to face the ups and downs of life, and is not affected by drastic changes if they take place.

## **Course Objectives:**

- To develop understanding of team skills and dynamics
- To identify and develop personal skills to become a more effective team member
- To introduce to the students the social change model of leadership
- To expose students to the leadership skills and imbibe within them that the fact that Leadership is a process, not a characteristic associated with an individual or role.
- To enable student to understand principles of fitness training and exercise
- To enable students to understand human posture, nutritional values and mental fitness

## **Course Outcomes:**

On completion of the course, society will observe -

- 1. Change in awareness levels, knowledge and understanding of today's youth
- 2. Change in attitudes / behavior of students with regards to their improved teamwork, institutional leadership and other life skills
- 3. Increase in the body's fitness levels and also reduced health problems
- 4. Improvement in social health and attitude.

## **Unit 1: Team Building**

Types of Teams, Characteristics of a Team, Stages of Team Development (Forming ,Storming, Norming, Adjourning), Systematic Approach to Team Work, High Performing Team (Characteristics, Maintenance, Causes of low performance Why Teams Fail, People,Communication, Resources, Objectives)

Unit II: Leadership

Defining Leadership , Personal Leadership Profile, Leadership in the Context of Community, Leadership Theory, Leadership Concepts, Foundations of Group Behavior: The Meaning of Group, Group behavior & Group Dynamics, Types of Groups, The Five -Stage Model of Group Development Managing Organizational Change, Leadership Styles leading to Authenticity, Learning and Development, Positive Responses to Aggressive Behavior, Professionalism, Team Building

#### **Unit III: Educational Leadership**

Key challenges for educational leaders, Characteristics, Capabilities of authentic leader, values and ethics in decision making, Continuous professional Development suitable for 21st century pedagogy, Emotional intelligence for educational leaders. Need of Educational research for educational leadership

#### **Unit IV: Fitness for Engineers**

Fundamentals of Exercise Science: Skeletal, muscular, cardiovascular, nervous system, nutrition, flexibility, special population and injuries, Basics of fitness, Weight management and supplementation

#### Guidelines for Conduction (Any one or more of following but not limited to)

Guest Lectures

- Group Activities
- Assignment
- Taking up assisted Health challenge for short duration (ex. Yoga and Pranayam, Weight management, stability in mental health)

## Guidelines for Assessment (Any one or more of following but not limited to)

Practical Test

- Presentation
- Paper / (Theory assessment test)

•• Report

#### Sources/ References:

- 1. Organizational Behavior by Fred Luthans
- 2. Organizational Behavior by M N Mishra
- 3. Leadership Development Activities, John Adair, 2nd Edition Jaico Publication
- 4. Leadership Games, Stephen S Kogan,
- 5. Mastering Leadership, 2nd Edition, Michael Williams, Viva Books
- 6. Sculpt and Shape: The Pilates Way by YasminKarachiwala
- 7. Total Fitness: The LeenaMogre Way by LeenaMogre
- 8. Don't Lose Your Mind, Lose Your Weight: RutujaDiwekar
- 9. Yog Its Philosophy and Practice English by Swami Ramdevji

# Audit Course 6 (2) Environmental Issues And Disaster Management

## About the Course:

The importance of environmental science and environmental studies cannot be disputed. The need for sustainable development is a key to the future of mankind. Continuing problems of pollution, loss of forget, solid waste disposal, degradation of environment, issues like economic productivity and national security, Global warming, the depletion of ozone layer and loss of biodiversity have made everyone aware of environmental issues.

It is clear that no citizen of the earth can afford to be ignorant of environment issues. Environmental management has captured the attention of health care managers. Managing environmental hazards has become very important. In spite of the deteriorating status of the environment, study of environment has so far not received adequate attention in our academic programmes.

## **Course objective :**

- To develop understanding of Environment Issues and Biodiversity
- To introduce to the students the environment, Disaster Management
- To enable students to understand ecosystem and preservation of environment
- To understand Disaster Management and handling them

## **Course Outcomes :**

On completion of course students will be able:

- 1. To learn the different environmental issues and disasters.
- 2. To deal with problems associated with environment and effectively handle the disasters.

**Unit 1: Environmental Pollution** 

A) Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :-

Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution,

Nuclear hazards, Solid waste Management, urban and industrial wastes.

Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Pollution case studies.

B) Social Issues and the Environment:

Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management, Resettlement and

rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns.

Unit 2 : Ecosystems, Biodiversity and its conservation

A) Concept of an ecosystem.

Structure and function of an ecosystem, Producers, consumers and decomposers, • Energy flow in the ecosystem, Ecological succession, Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids.

Structure and function of the following ecosystem :

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem

d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity at global, National and local levels, India as a mega-diversity nation

Hot-sports of biodiversity, Threats to biodiversity : habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, Endangered and endemic species of India, Conservation of biodiversity : In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

**Unit 3 : Disaster Management** a) Causes – Natural disaster and Manmade disaster b) Speed of onset – Sudden and Slow Natural Disasters These types of disaster naturally occur in proximity to, and pose a threat to, people, structures or economic assets. Examples are Storm, Flood, Earthquake, Tsunamis **Manmade Disasters** Accidents: Road, Rail, Air, Sea, Building collapse. Industrial Mishaps: Gas leak, Explosion, Safety. Fire: Building, Coal, Oil. Forest Fire (In tropical counters, forest fires are often manmade) Speed of onset 1 Sudden onset: little or no warning, minimal time to prepare. For example, an earthquake, tsunami, cyclone, volcano, etc. 2 Slow onset: adverse event slow to develop; first the situation develops; the second level is an emergency; the third level is a disaster. For example, drought, civil strife, etc. **Unit 4: Case Studies** • Environmental ethics: Awareness, Issues and possible solutions. • Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. • Wasteland reclamation. • Consumerism and waste products. • Environment Protection Act. • Air and Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act

- Wildlife Protection Act and Forest Conservation Act
- Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation.

• Role of an individual in prevention of pollution and case studies.

#### **References:**

1. Disaster Management: Disaster Manager's Handbook by W. Nick Carter, Asian Development Bank.

2. An Introduction To Disaster Management EBook By S. Vidyanathan - Publisher: IKON

3. Textbook for environmental studies ,ErachBharucha For UGC.