

BHUPAL NOBLES' UNIVERSITY, UDAIPUR
Post Graduate Programme: 2017-2018
M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

1. At each of the Previous and Final Year Examination in a subject, a candidate must obtain for a pass (i) at least 36 % marks of the aggregate marks in all the papers prescribed at the examination, and (ii) at least 36% marks in practical, wherever prescribed, at the examination; provided that if a candidate fails to secure 25% marks in each individual paper of theory at any of the examination and also in the Dissertation; wherever prescribed, he/she shall be deemed to have failed at the examination, notwithstanding his/her having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for the examination. Division will be awarded at the end of the Final Examination of the combined marks obtained at the Previous and the Final Examinations taken together as noted below. No Division will be awarded at the Previous Examination.

First Division : 60 Percent of the total aggregate

Second Division : 48 Percent marks of Previous and

Third Division : 36 Percent Final year taken together

Note : The candidate is required to pass separately in theory and practicals.

2. Dissertation may be offered by regular students only in lieu of one paper of Final Year Examination as prescribed in the syllabus of the subject concerned. Only such candidates will be permitted to offer dissertation who have secured at least 50% marks in the aggregate at the previous examination.

Note: Dissertation shall be type-written and shall be submitted in triplicate, so as to reach the Controller of Examinations at least two weeks before the commencement of Examination.

3. There shall be at least nine theory in Post-Graduate Examination, 4 in Previous and 5 in Final year examinations of 100 marks each unless and otherwise prescribed. The non-credit papers wherever prescribed will remain as such. The marks of these non-credit papers will not be counted for division but passing in the same is compulsory.
4. Each theory paper will be of three hours duration.
5. Wherever practicals are prescribed the scheme will be included in the syllabus.
6. A candidate who has completed a regular course of study for one academic year and Passed M.A. / M.Sc./ M.Com. Previous Examination of the university shall be admitted to the Final Year Examination for the degree of Master of Arts / Master Of Science / Master of Commerce provided that he / she has passed in at least 50% of the papers at the previous examination by obtaining at least 36% marks in each such paper.

- (a) For reckoning 50% of the papers at the previous examination, practical will be included and one practical will be counted as one paper.
 - (b) Where the number of papers prescribed at the previous examination is an odd number it shall be increased by one for the purpose of reckoning 50% of the paper.
 - (c) Where a candidate fails for want of securing minimum aggregate marks but secured 36% marks in at least 50% of the papers, he/she will be exempted from re-appearing in those papers in which he/she has secured 36% marks.
 - (d) Where the candidate secures requisite minimum percentage in the aggregate of all the papers but fails for want of the requisite minimum percentage of marks prescribed for each individuals paper he/she shall be exempted from re-appearing in such paper (s) in which he / she has secured at least 25% marks.
7. A candidate who has declared fail at the Final Year Examination for the degree of Master of Science / Arts, Commerce shall be exempted from reappearing in a subsequent year in the following papers :
- (a) Where a candidate fails for want of securing the minimum percentage in the aggregate marks, he/she shall be exempted from re-appearing in such paper (s) Practical (s). Dissertation in which he/she has secured at least 36% marks; provided he/she is passing in at least 55% of the papers. (Here passing in each paper requires 36% marks).
 - (b) Where a candidate secures the minimum requisite including dissertation wherever prescribed but fails for want of minimum percentage of marks prescribed for in each individual paper / dissertation, he / she shall be exempted from reappearing in such paper (s) dissertation in which he/she has secured at least 25% marks provided he/she is passing in at least 50% of the paper (here passing in each paper requires 25% marks).

Instruction Regarding Examination Scheme 2017-18

Maximum Marks of Each Paper: 100 (Internal marks: 30 & External marks: 70)

Note: Each paper will be divided into three parts.

Part A: In this section fifteen questions are to be set taking three questions from each unit.

Each question will be of short answer type not exceeding 50 words. The candidate is

required to attempt all ten questions in all taking two questions from each unit.

Part B: In this section ten questions are to be set taking two questions from each unit with internal choice. The answer of each will not exceed 250 words. The candidate is required to attempt five questions in all taking one questions from each unit.

Part C: In this section five questions are to be set covering all the five unit. Each question

may be sub parts in it. The candidate will be required to attempt any two questions. The answer of each question will not exceed 300 words.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (PREVIOUS)

Papers	Paper Name	Paper Code
PAPER I	POLITICAL THOUGHT:PLATO TO THE PRESENT DAY	POLSC-611
PAPER II	COMPARATIVE POLITICS	POLSC -612
PAPER III	INTERNATIONAL POLITICS	POLSC -613
PAPER IV	ADMINISTRATIVE PRINCIPLES AND THEORIES	POLSC -614

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (FINAL)

Papers	Paper Name	Paper Code
Compulsory Papers		
PAPER I	POLITICAL THEORY AND ANALYSIS	POLSC-621
PAPER II	INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITCS	POLSC -622
Paper III & IV - Select any one group from A, B and C		
Optional Group (A)		
PAPER III	SOCIAL & POLITICAL THOUGHT IN MODERN INDIA	POLSC -623 A
PAPER IV	GANDHIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	POLSC -624 A
Optional Group (B)		
PAPER III	INTERNATIONAL LAW	POLSC -623B
PAPER IV	FOREIGN POLICIES	POLSC -624 B
Optional Group (C)		
PAPER III	THEORY AND PRACTICE OF FEDERALISM	POLSC -623C
PAPER IV	STATE POLITICS IN INDIA	POLSC -624 C
Optional Papers (Select any one paper)		
PAPER V(A)	DESSERTATION	POLSC -625 A
PAPER V(B)	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	POLSC -625 B
PAPER V(C)	ADVANCE INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	POLSC -625 C

M.A. (PREVIOUS) POLITICAL SCIENCE 2017-18

Paper – I
Paper Code:POLSC- 611

Political Thought: Plato to the Present Day

Unit I

Plato: Nature of his Political Theory; Justice, Education, Communism and Ideal State; Aristotle: Nature of his Political Theory and Method; Theory of State, Classification of States, Ideal State, Citizenship, Slavery, Revolution; Nature of Roman Political Thought: Its Significance; Cicero.

Unit II

Modern Thought: Machiavelli, The Contractualists: Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau.

Unit III

The Utilitarians: Bentham, John Stuart Mill; The Idealists: Hegel, Green.

Unit IV

Marxism: Marx, Lenin and Mao; Pluralism: Laski.

Unit V

Indian Political Thinking: Basic Features of Ancient and Modern Indian Political Thought.

Suggested Readings:

1. Sabine: A History of Political Theory, Vols. I, II and III.
2. Catlin: Political Philosophers
3. Dunning: A History of Political Theories
4. Barker: Greek Political Theory: Plato and his Predecessors.
5. Laski: Political Thought in England from Locke to Bentham.
6. Vaughan: Studies in Political Philosophy, Vols. I and II.
7. Ebenstein: Plato to Present Day.

8. Sharma, P.D.: राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास ।
9. Mathur, D.B. & Shrivastava, B.P.: प्रमुख राजनीतिक विचारक, जयपुर
10. Purohit, B.R.: प्रतिनिधि राजनैतिक विचारक एवं विचारधाराएं, (Ed) M.P. Granth Academy.
11. Jha, B.K. : प्रमुख राजनीतिक चिन्तन, खण्ड-1 और 2, Bihar Hindi Granth Academy.

Paper – II
Paper Code:POLSC -612
Comparative Politics

Unit I

Comparative Politics: Meaning, Nature and Scope.

Unit II

Approaches in Comparative Politics: System, Structural - Functional, Marxist - Leninist, Developmental Approach.

Unit III

Classification of Governments: Democracy, Traditional and Modern Dictatorship, Modern Federations: Theory and Practice.

Unit IV

Separation of Powers: Theory and Practice; Executive: Presidential and Parliamentary; legislature: Organisation and Functions; Judiciary: Organisation, Function and Judicial Review.

Unit V

Party System: Theories, Functions and Programmes; Pressure Groups; Electoral Systems; Bureaucracy.

Suggested Readings:

1. Carl J. Friedrich: Constitutional Government and Democracy (New Delhi).
2. Jean Blondel: An Introduction to Comparative Government (London, 1969).
3. Pennock and Smith: An Introduction to Politics Smith (Macmillan & Co., New York).
4. Cory and Abraham: Elements of Democratic Government (Oxford University Press, New York).
5. H. Finer: Theory and Practice of Modern Government.
6. Pennock and Smith: Political Analysis – An Smith Introduction.
7. Verney: The Analysis of Political Systems.

8. Almond and Coleman: The Politics of the Developing Areas.
9. Mayer, L.C.: Redefining Comparative Politics, Sage, 1989.
10. Almond and Powell: Comparative Politics, Sage, 1989.
11. S.F. Finer: Comparative Government.
12. K.C. Wheare: Federal Government.
13. Shanker Das, Dwivedi: आधुनिक राज्य (Hindi).
14. R. Tiwari & S. Singh (Trans): मन्त्रिमण्डल शासन ।
15. J.C. Johari: Comparative Politics (Hindi & English).
16. V.N. Khanna: Comparative Study of Government and Politics, (S. Chand & Co., New Delhi).
17. S.L. Verma: संघ व्यवस्था (राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रन्थ अकादमी, जयपुर, 1988) ।
18. B.D. Sharma: आधुनिक शासन तंत्र : सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा) ।
19. H. Rai & B. Singh : तुलनात्मक सरकार और राजनीति (भारतीय भवन, पटना-4) ।
20. C.B. Gena : तुलनात्मक राजनीति एवं राजनीतिक संस्थाएं ।
21. Prabhudutt Sharma : तुलनात्मक, राजनीतिक संस्थाएं (कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर) ।

Paper – III
Paper Code:POLSC -613
International Politics

Unit I

International Politics: Meaning, Nature and Scope; Political Realism and Idealism.

Unit II

Theories of International Politics: Classical and Scientific; Systems Approach of Morton Kaplan, Communications Approach, Decision Making Theory, Game Theory, Dependency Approach, Marxist Leninist Approach, Peace Research, Non-alignment, Balance of Power, Collective Security.

Unit III

Power: Meaning, Significance and Elements of National Power, National Interest, Diplomacy, Foreign Aid, Imperialism, Colonialism and Neo-Colonialism; Impact of Science and Technology on International Politics.

Unit IV

International Organization: Theory of Functionalism, United Nations Organisation: A critical review; Commonwealth of Nations, Regional Organizations with special reference to ECM, ASEAN, OPEC, SAARC, CIS, LAFTA, NAFTA.

Unit V

Emerging Trends in International Politics; Human Rights; Non-Aligned Movement, International Environmental Laws, Post-Cold War World; Disarmament and Arms Control, Religio-Ethnic Conflicts in Europe and South Asia.

Suggested Readings:

1. Burton, J.W. : International Relations: A General Theory, Bombay, 1971.
2. Deustch, K.N. : The Analysis of International Relations, N.J. 1968.
3. Fox, W.T.R. : Theoretical Aspects of International Relations, New Delhi, 1949.

4. Kaplan Morton : System and Process in International Politics, New York, 1957.
5. Knorr, K. and Rosenau, J.N. : Contending Approaches to International Politics, Princeton, 1969.
6. Kothari Rajni: Footsteps into the Future, New Delhi, 1974.
7. Kumar, Mahendra : Theoretical Aspects of International Politics.
8. Said, A.A. : Theory of International relations, New Delhi, 1969.
9. Sprout, H. & Sprout, M. : Foundations of International Politics, Princeton, 1962.
10. Wright, Quincy : The Study of International Relations, Bombay, 1970.
11. Roberts & Kmgbury : United Nations, Divided World, Oxford, 1993.
12. Rittberger, V. (Ed) : Recent theory and International Relations, Oxford, 1993.
13. Haglund, D. (Ed) : Trends in Global Security, Oxford, 1993.
14. Rotfeld, A.D. (Ed) : Global Security and the Rule of Law, OUP/SIPRI, 1994.
15. Fischer, David : Nuclear Disarmament and Global Order, OUP/SIPRI, 1994.
16. Griffiths, S.I. : Nationalism and Ethnic Conflict: Threats to European Security, OUS/SIPRI, 1993.
17. Sharma, P.D. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति
18. Pant, H. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध (Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy).
19. Buddhirraja, V.C : द्वितीय विश्वयुद्ध के पश्चात् अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध (Haryana Sahitya Academy).
20. Devbala, S. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति के सिद्धान्त (U.P. Hindi Sansthan).
21. Rajan, M.S. : गुट निरपेक्षता आन्दोलन एवं सम्भावनाएं (Hindi Madhyam Karyanvya Nideshalay, D.U.).

Paper – IV

Paper Code: POLSC- 614

Administrative Principles and Theories

Unit I

Public Administration as An Academic Discipline: Nature and Scope, Public and Private Administration; Public Administration and Ecology.

Unit II

Concept of Formal and Informal Organization: Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of command, Line and staff, Leadership, Co-ordination, Communication, Delegation, Techniques of Management: O and M; Developmental Administration (Riggs).

Unit III

Scientific Management, Hawthorne Experiment (Elton Mayo), Motivation and Morale (Maslow and Herzberg), Decision-making Model (Simon).

Unit IV

Personnel Administration: Bureaucracy (Max Weber), Recruitment, Training, Promotion, Employees Organisation.

Unit V

Administrative Discretion and Role of Ombudsman, Principles of Sound Budgeting: Formulation and Implementation of Budget, Performance Budgeting.

Suggested Readings:

1. Terry : Principles of Management.
2. Pfiffner & Presthus : Public Administration.
3. Simon Smith Berg and Thompson : Public Administration.
4. Rowat : Ideas and Issues in Public Administration.
5. Pfiffner & Sherwood : Administrative Organisation.
6. Simon : Administrative Behaviour.
7. Prabhudutt Sharma : लोक प्रशासन, सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार (जयपुर)।
8. V.M. Sinha : लोक प्रशासन, सिद्धान्त एवं व्यवहार (जयपुर)।
9. Parmatma Saran : लोक प्रशासन (मेरठ)।
10. R.L. Singh : लोक प्रशासन (आगरा)
11. B.L. Fadia : लोक प्रशासन (साहित्य भवन, आगरा)।

M.A.(FINAL) POLITICAL SCIENCE
2017-18
Paper – I
Paper Code: POLSC- 621
POLITICAL THEORY AND ANALYSIS

Unit I

Nature of Modern Political Theory.

Unit II

The Behavioural Revolution: Nature, Growth and Limitations, the Post- Behavioural Revolution.

Unit III

Approaches to Political Analysis:

- (a) General System Theory;
- (b) Structural Functional Analysis;
- (c) Group Theory;
- (d) Political Elite Theory;
- (e) Communication Theory;
- (f) Marxist Leninist Approach.

Unit IV

Mainstreams of Contemporary political thought:

- (a) The Traditionalists: Oakshott, Hannah Arendt, Leo Strauss, Eric Vogelin;
- (b) The Existentialists: Sartre, Robert Nisbet, Herbert Marcuse, Albert Camus.
- (c) Marxism and New Left.

Unit V

Concepts:

- (a) Political Development;
- (b) Political Modernization;
- (c) Political Culture;
- (d) Political Socialization.

Core Books:

1. James C.: Contemporary Political Analysis, New York, Free Press, Charlesworth (Ed) 1967.
2. David Easton : A Framework for Political Analysis, Prentice Hall, 1965.
3. Almond and Powell : Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, Little Brown and Boston, 1966.
4. Robert Dahl : Modern Political Analysis, Englewood Cliffs, N.J., Prentice Hall, 1963.
5. Carl J. Friedrich : An Introduction to Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row, 1967.
6. Eugene Mahan : Contemporary Political Thought, Homewood, Illinois, 1967.
7. S.P. Verma : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त, Vikas Publication, New Delhi, 1978.
8. S.L. Verma : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त, Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut.
9. H.C. Sharma : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त, College Book Depot, Jaipur.
10. Jain and Phadia : आधुनिक राजनीतिक सिद्धान्त, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.

Additional Readings:

1. Almond and Coleman : The Politics of the Developing Area, Princeton Univ. Press, 1960.
2. Ronald Young (Ed): Approaches to the study of Politics, Evanstpm, North, West Univ. Press, 1958.
3. Gould and Thusby (Ed) : Contemporary Political Thought, New York, Holt and Winston, 1969.
4. Arnold Brecht : Political Theory : The Foundations of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Bombay, Times of India Press, 1970.
5. Crespigny and Minoyual (Ed): Contemporary Political Philosophers, Methuenx Co., London, 1976.
6. Lasswell and Kaplan : Power and society, New Haven, Yak Univ. Press, 1950.
7. Samuel P. Huntington : Political Order in Changing Societies, New Haven, London, 1961.

8. David Apter : The Politics of Modernization, Chicago Univ. Press, 1965.
9. H.J. Blackham : Six Existentialist Thinkers, London Routledge and Kegan, 1952.
10. Haas and Kariel : Approaches to the study of Political Science, California, Chandler Pub., 1970.
11. Charles Hynoman : The Study of politics, Urbana Univ. of Illinois Press, 1959.
12. Pye and Verba (Ed): Political Culture and Political Development, Princeton, Princeton Univ. Press, 1965.
13. Rudolph and Rudolph : The Modernity of Tradition, Chicago, Chicago Univ. Press, 1967.
14. Martin Shubik Approaches (Ed) : Game Theory are Related to Social Behaviour, New York, Wiley and Sons, 1964.
15. Bernard Grick : The American Science of Politics, Berkeley, Univ. of California Press, 1959.

Paper – II

Paper code: POLSC -622

Indian Government and Politics

Unit I

Sources of the Indian Constitution, Role and Composition of the Constituent Assembly, Objectives Resolution: Basic Values and Nature of the Indian Constitution.

Unit II

Union Executive: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Union Legislature, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Union Judiciary, Supreme Court and Judicial Review, Fundamental Rights and Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy, Centre-State Relations.

Unit III

Social Basis of Indian Politics: Caste, Class, Religion, Region, Language: State and Class Formation in India, Tradition and Modernity in Indian Politics.

Unit IV

Political Parties: National and Regional; Role and Programme; Electoral system and Voting Behaviour; Procedure of Amendment with special reference to 42nd & 44th Constitutional Amendments.

Unit V

State Politics with reference to Rajasthan: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers; Vidhan Sabha and High Court; Social and Economic bases of Politics in Rajasthan with special reference to caste and class; Elections in Rajasthan and Electoral Politics. Democratic Decentralisation – 73rd & 74th Constitutional Amendment – Basic Features with Special Reference to Rajasthan.

Suggested Readings:

1. J.C. Johari : Indian Government and Politics (Vishal Publications; Delhi - 7).
2. C.H. Alexandrovicz: Constitutional Development in India.
3. K.R. Bomwal : The Foundation of Indian Federalism.
4. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation.

5. W.H. Morris Jones : Parliament in India, 1957.
6. M.V. Pylee : Constitutional Government in India.
7. W.H. Morris : Government and Politics of India, 1974.
8. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India (English and Hindi).
9. K. Santhanam : Union-State Relations in India.
10. N.D. Palmer : Indian Political System.
11. Iqbal Narain: State Politics in India.
12. Rajni Kothari: Caste in Indian Politics, 1970.
13. Babu Lal Fadia: Pressure Groups in Indian Politics.
14. Satyanarayan Jain: भारतीय राजनीतिक व्यवस्था (पंचशील प्रकाशन फिल्म कॉलोनी, जयपुर)।
15. Fadia and Jain: भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति (साहित्य भवन, आगरा)।
16. M.P. Roy : भारतीय सरकार एवं राजनीति (कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर)।
17. Dr. Zenab Banu: Politics of Communalism, Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1989.
18. Prabhat Datta: India's Democracy: New Challenges, Kanishka Publishers, New Delhi, 1991.
19. Dr. B.L. Fadia: Contemporary Indian Politics, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra.
20. C.P. Bhambhri: Indian Politics since Independence Vol. I & II, Shipra Publication, Delhi.
21. Bhawani Singh: Recent Trends in Indian Government and Politics, Vol. I & II.
22. Rashiddudin Khan: Federal India: A Design for Change.
23. Veddan Sudhir: भारतीय राजनीति।
24. Dharmchand Jain: राज्यपाल।
25. Shanta Bhatt: Role of Women in Indian Parliament.
26. Arun Chaturvedi and S.L. Meena: राजनीति के विविध आयाम, प्रिन्टवैल, जयपुर, 1997
27. Zenab Banu: Immigrants: A new Virus for Communal Violence in India, Ajanta International, New Delhi, 1998.

OPTIONAL PAPERS

Paper III & IV

Paper Code: POLSC – 623(A)

(Two Optional Papers to be offered from any one of the four groups A to C)

Group A: Political Theory

Paper-A (i)

Social & Political Thought in Modern India

(Study of the Nature, Evolution and Subject matter of Modern Indian Social and Political Thought. The Emphasis is also on a Study of the Evolution of such Concepts as nationalism, Swaraj, Trusteeship, Satyagraha, Socialist Tradition and Decentralization).

Unit I

Modern India : Socio-economic and Political thought in the making; Impact of Western Contact; the Contribution of Socio-Religious movements of the 19th century with special reference to the Political Ideas of Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekanand and Annie Besant; Hindu Revivalism and Nationalism.

Unit II

The Liberal School with special reference to Socio-Economic and Political Ideas of Mahadev Govind Ranade, Dadabhai Naoroji, Pheroze Shah Mehta, Surendra Nath Banerjee, Gopal Krishan Gokhale and V.S. Srinivas Shastri; Meaning of Indian Liberalism.

Unit III

Radical School with special reference to the Socio-Economic and Political Ideas of Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Lala Lajpat Rai and Bipin Chandra Pal. Concepts of Swaraj and Nationalism.

Unit IV

Communalist challenge and the Socio-Economic and Political thought of V.D. Savarkar, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Mohammed Iqbal and M.A. Jinnah; the Era of Synthesis in Modern India, Socio-Economic and Political thought with special reference to the Ideas of M.K. Gandhi, Aurobindo Ghosh, Ravindra Nath Tagore, Jawahar Lal Nehru and Maulana Azad.

Unit V

Some Contemporary Trends: Humanism, Socialism and Sarvodaya with special reference to M.N. Roy, Jai Prakash Narayan and Ram Manohar Lohia.

Suggested Readings:

1. V.P. Verma : Indian Political Thought.
2. B.R. Purohit : Hindu Revivalism and Indian National Movement.
3. M.A. Buch : Rise and Growth of Indian Nationalism.
4. M.A. Buch : Rise and Growth of Indian Militant Nationalism.
5. K.P. Karunakaran : Modern Indian Political Traditions.
6. K.P. Karunakaran : Continuity and change in India's Politics.
7. Theodore de Bary & Others (Ed) : Sources of Indian Tradition (Vol. II), (New York, Columbia University Press, 1950).
8. K. Damodaran : Indian Thought (Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967).
9. B.B. Majumdar : History of Indian Social and Political Ideas from Ram Mohan to Dayanand (Calcutta Bookland, 1967).
10. V.D. Mahajan : Modern Indian Political Thought (S. Chand & Co., Delhi-55).
11. A. Appadorai : Indian Political Thinking in the 20th Century (New Delhi, South-Asian Publishers, 1987).
12. M.V. Ram Krishna: The Growth of Indian Liberalism in the 19th Century.
13. C.E. Heimsath: Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform (Bombay, Oxford University Press, 1970).
14. D.G. Karve : The Prophet of Liberated India (Poona, 1942).
15. T.L. Shay : The Legacy of the Lokmanya: The Political Philosophy of B.G. Tilak (London, 1956).
16. Aurobindo : The Spirit and Form of Indian Polity (Calcutta, Arya Publishing House, 1947).
17. M.N. Das : Political Philosophy of Jawahar Lal Nehru (London, Allen and Unwin, 1916).

Paper-A (ii)

Paper Code: POLSC -624(A)

Gandhian Political Thought

Unit I

Socio-Cultural Structure Culture of Indian Society and Metaphysical and Ideological Foundations of Gandhian Political Thought. Personality of Gandhi and his Role in South Africa and the Indian National Movement-Sources and Legacies.

Unit II

Idealism and Empiricism in Gandhian Political Thought, Gandhi's Concept of Religion and Spiritualisation of Politics-Non-violence, Truth and Satyagraha.

Unit III

Essential Writings of Gandhi-Hind Swaraj, Concepts of Swaraj, Sarvodaya, Trusteeship, Decentralisation and Autonomous Village Republics.

Unit IV

Gandhi and Neo-Gandhians - Gandhism in Practice, Gandhi, Marx and Mao; Gandhi and Martin Luther King, Relevance of Gandhi in Modern India and Contemporary World; Gandhi and Opposition Techniques.

Unit V

Evolution of Gandhian Political Thought in the context of Technological Society and Alienated individual. Socio-Economic Philosophy of Gandhi as an Answer to Problems of East and West.

Suggested Readings:

1. Murthy, V. Ramanna : Essential Writings of Gandhi.
2. Mashruwalla K.G : Gandhi and Marx.
3. Narayan, J.P. : Gandhi and Socialism.
4. Schweitzer, A.: Indian Thought and Its Development.
5. Radha Krishan: Mahatma Gandhi.
6. Holmes J. : Gandhi, A World Leader.
7. Diwakar, R.R. : Satyagraha.
8. Original Writings of Mahatma Gandhi.

9. Dr. D.K. Mishra : Gandhi and Social Order.
10. Dr. P.K. Bhattacharya : Gandhi Darshan.
11. Pratap Singh : Gandhi Darshan (College Book Depot, Jaipur).

Group-B
Paper-B (i)
Paper Code: POLSC -623(B)

International Law

Unit-I

Nature of International Law; Sanctions behind International Law, Bases of International Law; Sources of International Law, Relations between International law and Municipal Law, Historical Development of International Law: Factors helping the growth of International Law: Marxist view, States in International Law: Codification of International Law and Major Conventions after World War-II.

Unit II

States: Types of States, State Territory: Modes of Acquisition and Loss of state territory; State Succession; Recognition; Jurisdiction; Limits on State's jurisdiction; Asylum and Extradition; Self-defence in International Law; Doctrine of Necessity and Self-Preservation; Subjects of International Law - States and Individuals; Nationality.

Unit III

Diplomatic Agents and Consuls; Privileges and Immunities with special reference to 1961 Vienna Convention; Treaties; International Organisation. United Nations, International Court of Justice; Human Rights, GATE, Settlement of International Disputes, Amicable and Compulsive.

Unit IV

Definition and Nature of War: Declaration of War, Effects of War, Modes of Termination of War; Belligerency and Insurgency; Enemy character of Persons, Property, Corporations, Warfare on Land, Belligerent Occupation; Aerial Warfare and Nuclear Warfare, Warfare on Sea; Prize courts; War Crimes; Nuremberg and Tokyo Trials; Doctrine of Postlimium.

Unit V

Neutrality - Definition and Kinds, Neutrality in the United Nations Charter, Duties of Neutrals and Belligerents, Right of Angary, Blockade and Contraband: Unneutral Service and Right of Visit and Search: Doctrine of Continuous Voyage.

Suggested Readings:

1. Akehurst Michael : A Modern Introduction of International Law, Lingon, 1970.
2. Anand, R.P. : New States and International Law, Delhi, 1972.
3. Brierly, James : Law of Nations, Oxford, 1973.
4. Brownlie, Ian : Principles of Public International Law, London, 1973.
5. Elias, T.O. : Africa and the Development of International Law, Le Yden, 1972.
6. Chimni, B.C. : International Law and World Order, New Delhi, 1993.
7. Friendmann, W. (Ed.) : International Law: Cases and Materials, St. Paul, Mini, 1969.
8. Oppenheim, L. : International Law, London, 1955.
9. Soresen, Max (Ed) : Manual of International Law, London, 1955.
10. Schwarzen Berger : A Manual of International Law, London, G. 1967.
11. Kelson, Hans : The Law of the United Nations, 1951.
12. Khan, Rahmatullah : Implied Powers of the United Nations, Delhi, 1970.
13. Brownlie, Ian : International Law and for Use of Force by States, Oxford, 1963.
14. Stone, Julius : Legal Controls of International Conflict, New York, 1959.
15. Moore, J.N. (Ed) : Law and Civil War in the Modern World, Baltimore, 1974.
16. Aasopa, S.K. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि।
17. Kapoor, A.C. : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि।
18. Chaturvedi, Arun : नये देश और अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय विधि।

Paper-B (ii)
Paper Code: POLSC -624(B)

Foreign policies

Foreign Policies of the following countries have to be studied: U.S.A., Russia, U.K., China, India.

Unit I

An Overview of International Relations since 1945, Comparative Study of Foreign Policy, Basic Approaches to Foreign Policies, Elements of Foreign Policy. U.S. Foreign Policy: A Historical Survey; Making of Foreign Policy in the U.S.; Objectives of U.S. Foreign Policy.

U.S. - Russia Relations (Both in the cold war and post cold war phase); U.S.-China Relations, U.S. Japan Relations, U.S. and South Asia, U.S. and West Asia, U.S. and Europe.

Unit II

Russian Foreign Policy: A Historical Survey: Making of Foreign Policy in Russia; Objectives of Russian Foreign Policy; Russian-American Relations (both in the cold war and post cold war phase); Russo-Chinese Relations (1949 onward), Russia and Eastern Europe (1945 onwards), Commonwealth of Independent States and Russia, Russia and South Asia.

Unit III

U.K. Foreign Policy: A Historical Survey; Making of Foreign Policy in U.K., Objectives of British Foreign Policy in U.K., Objective of British Foreign Policy, U.K. and European Union, U.K. and U.S.A., U.K. and South Asia, Commonwealth of Nations and U.K.

Unit IV

Chinese Foreign Policy: A Historical Survey, Making of Foreign Policy in China: Objectives; Sino-U.S. Relations: Sino-Russian Relations (1949 onwards) China and South Asia; Sino-Japanese Relations; China and South East Asia.

Unit V

Indian Foreign Policy: A Historical Survey; Making of Foreign Policy in India; Objectives; Policy of Non-alignment, Indo-U.S. Relations; Indo-Russian Relations; Indo-Chinese Relations; India's Relations with Neighbours: Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Nepal, India and SAARC.

Suggested Readings:

1. Berding, A.H. : The Making of Foreign Policy, Washington, 1966.
2. Frankel, J. : The Making of Foreign Policy: An Analysis of Decision Making, OUP, 1963.
3. Macridis, R.C. : Foreign Policy in World Politics, Prentice Hall, 1967.
4. Snyder, R.C. & Other (Ed) : Foreign Policy in World Politics, Prentice Hall, 1967.
5. Hyde Price, Adrian : European Security beyond the Cold War, Sage, 1991.
6. Davy, Richard (Ed): European Detento, Sage, 1992.
7. Hasegawa, T. & Pravada, A. : A Perestroika Soviet Domestic and Foreign Policies, Sage, 1990.
8. Stremlau, J.J. (Ed) : Soviet Foreign Policy in an Uncertain World, APB, 1985.
9. Macridis : The United States in the World Asia, Harper, 1960.
10. Brezezinski, Z.K. : Ideology and Power in Soviet Politics, New York, 1962.
11. Kanets, Roger, E. (Ed) : The Soviet Union and Developing Nations, London, 1974.
12. Rubinstein, A.Z. : The Foreign Policy of the Soviet Union, (Ed) New York, 1966.
13. --do-- (Ed) : Soviet and Chinese Influence in the Third World, New York, 1975.
14. Bell, Coral : Europe without Great Britain, Melborne, 1963.
15. Jones, Roy E. : The Changing Structure of British Foreign Policy, 1975.
16. Clubb, O.E. : China and Russia: The Great Game, New York, 1971.
17. Dutt, V.P. : China and the World, New York, 1966.
18. Fitzgerald, C.P. : Changing Directions of Chinese Foreign Policy, Canberra, 1971.
19. Hinton, H.C. : Communist China in World Politics, London, 1966.
20. Zagoria, D.S. : The Sino-Soviet Conflict, 1956-61, Princeton, 1962.
1. Sanjay Lodha : The Communist Tug of War in Indo- China, 1997, Printwell, Jaipur.
2. Arun Chaturvedi & Sanjay Lodha (Ed) : Indian Foreign Policy Emerging World order, 1997, Printwell, Jaipur.

3. Susheela Agarwal, Arun Chaturvedi & Sanjay Lodha (Ed) : Africa in the 21st Century, 1998, Printwell, Jaipur.
4. Sharma, Gopal : भारतीय विदेश नीति : बदलते आयाम, प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 1991
5. Sheela Ojha : भारतीय विदेश नीति : एक मूल्यांकन, प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 1992
6. Sheela Ojha : भारतीय विदेश नीति : एक अध्ययन, प्रिंटवैल, जयपुर, 2001
7. R.S. Yadav : भारतीय विदेश नीति, 2000
8. For Additional Reading on Indian Foreign Policy see the reading list of Paper-B (7) "India in world Affairs".

Group-C
Paper-C (i)
Paper Code:POLSC – 623(C)
Theory and Practice of Federalism

Unit-I

Growth of Federalism in India.

Unit II

The Federal Structure and its Working.

Unit III

Achievements and Problems of Indian Federalism.

Unit IV

Coalition Government at the Centre and the Role of Regional Parties.

Unit V

A Comparative Study of Federations: India, U.S.A., Canada and the U.S.S.R. (Broad Features only).

Suggested Readings:

1. Roy, A : Tension Areas in India's Federal System.
 2. Santhanam, K. : Union-State Relations in India.
 3. Wheare, K.C. : Federalism.
 4. Srinivas, M.N. : The Nature and Problems of Indian Unity.
 5. Jones, M. : The Government and Politics of India.
 6. Bombwal, K.R. : The Foundation of Indian Federalism.
 7. Hardgrave, R.L. : India: Government and Politics in a Developing Nation.
 8. Verma, S.L. : 'संघवाद', Rajasthan Hindi Granth Academy, Jaipur.
- Khan, Rashiduddin : Federal India: A Design for Change

Paper-C (ii)
Paper Code: POLSC -624(C)

State Politics in India

Unit I

The Integration of the Princely States. The Linguistic States: State Recognition and Its Aftermath. Creation of States: Problems and Prospects.

Unit II

Governor in the State Politics: Different Roles of the Governor, Governor During Emergency, Governor as an Agent of the Centre and the Custodian of the State, Emerging Trends in the Governor's Office.

The Council of Ministers and the Chief Minister : Nature, Role and Functions with Special Reference to the Latest Developments.

Unit III

Legislature in State Politics: Composition and Role of the State Legislature. Legislative Organisation and Procedure, Party Politics in State Legislature, The Governor and Council of Ministers in Legislative Decision-making.

Unit IV

Participation in State Politics – Nature and Political Participation, General Elections and State Legislature. Democratic Processes and Panorama of State Politics.

Unit V

Main Current in State Politics with Special Reference to:

- (a) Multiplication of Regional Conflicts
- (b) Regional Pressures
- (c) Centre-State relations: Historical, Legal, Sociological and Dynamic Aspects, Inter-Regional Conflicts.

Suggested Readings:

1. Iqbal Narain & Others : State Politics in India.
2. Myron Weiner : State Politics in India.
3. R.S. Darda : From Feudalism to Democracy.
4. Rajni Kothari : Party and Election Studies.
5. Rajni Kothari : Politics in India.

6. Ramkrishan Nair : How the Communists Came to Power in Kerala.
7. Spraft : D.M.K. in Power.
8. Durgadas : From Curzon to Nehru.
9. D.C. Pavte : My Days as Governor.

Paper-V

The student will be required to offer only one of the following: Two Papers or dissertation [only those students who have obtained 50% and above marks in M.A. (Previous) Exam. can opt dissertation].

Dissertation–V (A) **Paper Code: POLSC – 625(A)**

Paper-V (B) **Paper Code: POLSC – 625(B)**

Research Methodology

Unit I

Nature of Social Research; Interplay between Theory and Research; Pure and Applied Research, Methodological Problems in the Study of Social Phenomenon. Theory building in Political Science and The Problems associated with it.

Unit II

Formulation of Research Design; Definition of the Problem; Concept -Formation and Hypotheses, Units of Study and Sampling.

Unit III

Data: Primary and Secondary; Collection of Data Techniques: Questionnaire, Schedule, Interviewing, Observation and Content Analysis, Case Study Method - Its Role and Significance in Political Science.

Unit IV

Data Analysis: Editing, Property - space, Classification, Codification and Tabulation. Data Interpretation and Analysis.

Unit V

Problems of Measurement in Social Research: Mean, Mode, Median, Chi-square and Standard Deviation etc.

Suggested Readings:

1. Galtung, John : Theory and Methods to Social Research (London, 1970).
2. Moser, C.A. and Kalton, G. : Survey Methods in Social Investigation (London, 1971).
3. Shibely W. Philips : The Craft of Political Research.
4. Miller, D.C. : Handbook of Research Design and Social Measurement.
5. Dr. S.P. Arya : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण की पद्धतियां
6. James, C. (Ed.) : Contemporary Political Analysis (The Free Press, New York).
7. Stephen, L. Wasby : Political Science: The Discipline and its Dimensions: An Introduction (New York, Charles Scribener's Sons).
8. Charles, H. Backstorm and Gerald D. Hursch : Survey Research (North-Western University Press).
9. Goode and Hatt : Methods in Social Research (McGraw Hill Book Company, Tokyo).
10. Dennis J. Patumbo : Statistics in Political and Behavioural Science (Appleton Century - Corft. New York).
11. हेलेन एवं प्रसाद : सामाजिक अनुसंधान, रस्तोगी, पब्लिशर्स, शिवाजी रोड, मेरठ, 1973।
12. रामनाथ शर्मा : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण एवं अनुसंधान (राजहंस प्रकाशन मन्दिर, मेरठ)।
13. डॉ. आर.एन. त्रिवेदी एवं डॉ. डी.पी. शुक्ला : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी, कॉलेज बुक डिपो, जयपुर, 1989।
14. पारसनाथ राय : अनुसंधान परिचय (लक्ष्मीनारायण अग्रवाल, आगरा -3)।
15. सत्यपाल रुहेला : सर्वेक्षण, अनुसंधान और सांख्यिकी, विकास पब्लिशिंग हाऊस, दिल्ली, 1970।
16. रविन्द्रनाथ मुखर्जी : सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण व शोध (सरस्वती सदन, दिल्ली)।
17. बी.एम. जैन : रिसर्च मेथडोलोजी (रिसर्च पब्लिकेशन, जयपुर)।
18. श्यामलाल वर्मा : राजनीति विज्ञान में अनुसंधान प्रविधि, राजस्थान हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी, जयपुर।