## CHAROTAR UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester of B. Pharm Examination University Theory Examination October 2017 PH121 Pharmaceutical Biology-II

Date: 06/10/2017, Friday

Time:10:00 am to 1:00 pm

Maximum Marks: 80

## Instructions:

- 1. There are three sections in this question paper.
- 2. SECTION I comprises of Question 1. Total marks for Section 1 are 20. There are 20 sub-questions (MCQ type). Answers to SECTION I are to be given in Answer Sheet for MCQ type questions provided to you. Maximum time allotted for SECTION I is 30 minutes. Answers to SECTION I must be written during the first 30 minutes of the examination.
- 3. Answers to SECTION II and SECTION III are to be provided in separate Main Answer Books provided to you.
- 4. Figures to right indicate marks.
- 5. Draw neat labeled sketches wherever necessary.

## **SECTION - I**

Q-1 Attempt all questions. Each question is of one mark.

20

- 1. Deficiency of Vitamin A causes
  - [A] Osteoporosis
  - [B] Xeropthalmia
  - [C] Scurvy
  - [D] Rickets
- 2. In structure of DNA, organic base A refers to
  - [A] Adenine
  - [B] Adrenaline
  - [C] Adenosine
  - [D] Adiponitrile
- 3. Process in which DNA copies itself to produce daughter DNA molecule is
  - [A] Translation
  - [B] Transcription
  - [C] Replication
  - [D] DNA repair
- 4. Hormones that regulate renal Na and Cl reabsorption are
  - [A] Angiotensin-II
  - [B] Follicle stimulating hormone
  - [C] Leutilizing hormone
  - [D] Progesterone
- 5. Separation of two strands of DNA results in formation of
  - [A] Replication fork
  - [B] Replication bubble
  - [C] Primer
  - [D] Supercoiling
- 6. One of the the following is micro mineral
  - [A] Fe
  - [B] Ca
  - [C] P
  - [D] K

7.	Which organ has largest single mass of lymphatic tissue?
	[A] kidney
	[B] Red bone marrow
	[C] Spleen
	[D] Thymus
8.	When water loss is greater than water gain, condition is called as
	[A] Sweating
	[B] Dehydration
	[C] Diarrohea
	[D] All of above
9.	The two strands in a DNA is joined by
	[A] Co-valent bond
	[B] Hydrogen bond
	[C] ionic bond
10	[D] phosphodiester bond
10.	Which one is fat soluble vitamin?
	[A] Vitamin H
	[B] Vitamin A
	[C] Vitamin B12
	[D] Vitamin C
11.	Formation of protein from m-RNA is
	[A] Translation
	[B] Transcription
	[C] Replication
	[D] DNA repair
12.	Formation of phosphodiester linkage is catalysed by
	[A] DNA helicase
	[B] DNA plymerase
	[C] RNA polymearse
	[D] DNA ligase
13.	Source of vitamin D is
101	[A] Green vegetables
	[B] Fish oil
	[C] Microbes
	[D] UV rays
14.	Synthesis of new DNA strand occurs in
17,	[A] 5 prime to 3 prime
	[B] 3prime to 5 prime
	[C] 3prime to 3 prime
. ~	[D] 5 prime to 5 prime
15.	Following is not a stop codon in translation
	[A] UAA
	[B] UAG
	[C] UGA
	[D] UGG
16.	Which antibody is most abundant in blood?
	[A] IgM
	[B] IgG
	[C] IgD
	[D] IgA
17.	Genetic engineering primarily involves the manipulation of genetic material
- / •	[A] Protein
	[B] Chromosome
	[C] DNA
	]D] RNA

18. 19. 20.	Unit of gene is  [A] Genome  [B] DNA  [C] Chromosome  [D] None of the above  Codon AUG codes for synthesis of  [A] Cysteine  [B] Methionine  [C] Aspartic acid  [D] Arginine  Chyle is  [A] Lymph with protein	
	[B] Lymph with lipids [C] Lymph with carbohydrate [D] Lymph with blood	
	SECTION-II	
Q-2	Attempt any TWO of the following:	
A	Prepare a note on water gain and water loss.	05
В	Write about role of polymerase enzyme in DNA replication and transcription.	05
С	Prepare a note on Nucleotide and nucleoside.	05
Q-3	Attempt any TWO of the following:	
A	What is inflammation? Write about different stages involved in process of inflammation.	05
В	Make a note on DNA replication.	05
С	Define and classify vitamins. Prepare a note on vitamin A.	05
	SECTION-III	
Q-4	Attempt any FOUR of the following:	
A	Explain compositions, formation, circulation and functions of lymph.	05
В	Differentiate cell mediated and humoral immunity.	05
C	Classify body fluids. Explain compositions and functions of intracellular	05
	fluids.	
D	Classify the minerals and trace elements. Explain brief note on any two minerals.	05
E	Explain the important of genetical recombinant technique on human body.	05
F	Enlist the commincable disease. Write short note on Sexually Transmitted Diseases.	05

Q-5	Attempt any FOUR of the following:	
A	Explain any one water soluble vitamin in detail.	05
В	Classify types of immunity. Explain T- Cell mediated immunity.	05
C	Explain detail process of DNA translation.	05
D	Explain the role of RNA polymerase, topoisomer, DNA ligase and DNA	05
	Helicase.	
E	Define: 1) immunity 2) DNA 3) dehydration 4) Translation 5) Genetic	05
	engineering	
F	Draw the neat and labeled diagram of any one secondary organ of lymph	05
	and write their functions.	