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SSC HIGHER SECONDARY DATA ENTRY OPERATOR & LDC EXAM ENGLISH LANGUAGE SOLVED QUESTION PAPER- 2010



## **PART-II**

## **ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

**Direction (51-55):** In the following question some of the sentences have errors and some have none. Find out which part of sentence has an error. If there is no error, your answer is (4) i.e. No error.

- **51.** The Principle and staff (1)/are waiting for (2)/ the chief guest. (3)/No error (4).
- **52.** He thinks (1) / himself (2)/ as a great scholar. (3) / No error (4)
- **53.** Unless (1) / you will study hard (2) / you cannot pass. (3)/ No error (4).
- **54.** I like (1) / the poetries (2)/ of Byron and Shelley. (3)/ No error (4).
- **55.** On last Sunday (1) / I met my friend (2)/ accidentally. (3)/ No error (4).

**Directions (56**-60): In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

- **56.** You may bring your dog where –
- (1) You have to pay
- (2) There is no water
- (3) Pets are allowed



(4) Pets can	sleep
<b>57.</b> The che	f was wondering –
(1) when to	brush his teeth
(2) what to	prepare for the important dinner
(3) How to	wash the dishes
(4) when to	take the dog for a walk
<b>58.</b> I have b	rought some books – you to examine.
(1) to	(2) avoiding
(3) with	(3) over
<b>59.</b> The spe	aker did not properly space out his speech, but went on – nly.
(1) stressing	g (2) avoiding
(3) devoting	g (4) decrying
<b>60.</b> The ush	er showed us –
(1) how to t	ake photographs
(2) where to	o sit
(3) when to	comb our hair
(4) how to	dance
<b>61.</b> Autocra	tic.
(1) Coopera	tive (2) Dictatorial



- (3) Inspirational (4) Charitable
- 62. Daring
- (1) Brilliant (2) Energetic
- (3) Enthusiastic (4) Courageous
- 63. Demonstrate
- (1) Remonstrate
- (2) Show
- (3) Witness
- (4) Complain
- **64.** Deliberate
- (1) Purposeless
- (2) Perpetrate
- (3) Intentional
- (4) Intervention
- 65. Defer
- (1) Postpone (2) Different
- (3) Accept (4) Disagree

Directions (66-70): In the following question, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word.

66. Abundance



- (1) Scanty (2) Tiny
- (3) Scarcity (4) Deficient
- 67. Unanimity
- (1) Amity (2) Enmity
- (3) Disagreement
- (4) Dissatisfaction
- **68.** Vice
- (1) Fame (2) Virtue
- (3) Fortune (4) Fate
- 69. Renowned
- (1) Famous (2) Owned
- (3) Unowned (4) Unknown
- 70. Provoke
- (1) Soothe (2) Incite
- (3) Smoothen (4) Entice

Directions (71 – 75): In the following questions, four alternatives are given for the sentence. Choose the alternative which best represses the meaning of the idiom/phrase.

- 71. Tagore was a man of letters.
- (1) of wide contacts.



- (2) an excellent letter dictator
- (3) a great writer of letters
- (4) proficient in literary art
- 72. His friends beat the boy to boy off old scores.
- (1) to refund old dues
- (2) to take revenge
- (3) to force him to be a scorer in a match
- (4) because he had not scored well earlier
- 73. Chintan is so innocent that he wears his heart on his sleeve.
- (1) Wears dress that does not match
- (2) Expresses his feelings openly
- (3) Wears colourful dresses
- (4) Expresses his feelings with the shape of a heart printed on its sleeve
- **74.** It was a red letter day in the history of the world.
- (1) a day with bloodshed.
- (2) a dangerous note about the destruction
- (3) a day memorable for some joyful event
- (4) a day with love and warmth
- **75.** The poor subordinates are made scapegoats by their superiors.



- (1) punished for others misdeeds
- (2) developed poor relations
- (3) treated humbly and respectfully
- (4) scolded with arrogant reactions

Direction (76-80): In the following questions, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below are given alternatives to the bold part at (1), (2) and (3) which may improve the sentence. Choose correct alternative. In case no improvement needed your answer is (4).

- 76. She had read Oliver Twist when she had been fourteen years old.
- (1) had become (2) has become
- (3) was
- (4) No improvement
- 77. Children like to eat sweets, isn't it?
- (1) do they? (2) is it?
- (3) don't they?
- (4) No improvement
- 78. He took disadvantage of the situation and cheated many people.
- (1) chance (2) advantage
- (3) disapproval
- (4) No improvement



<b>79.</b> He was so afraid that his knees knocked one another.
(1) one aginst
(2) each other
(3) both
(4) No improvement
<b>80.</b> All the candidates will give a test on Friday.
(1) appear
(2) take
(3) accept
(4) No improvement
Directions (81-85): In the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words / sentence.
<b>81.</b> A person who is physically dependent on a substance
(1) Criminal (2) Martyr
(3) Gladiator (4) Addict
82. A child born after the death of its father is called
(1) An orphan
(2) A deprived

(3) A waif



- (4) A posthumous child
- 83. A movement of part of the body to express an idea or feeling
- (1) jibe (2) Gesture
- (3) Pose (4) Mimicry
- **84.** A legal agreement by which a person borrows money from a bank usually to buy a house
- (1) Document (2) Mortgage
- (3) Lease (4) Invoice
- 85. Failing to discharge one's duty
- (1) Debacle (2) Dereliction
- (3) Determination
- (4) Deterrent

**Directions (86-95):** In the following passage, some of the words have been left out. First read the passage over and try to understand what it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given.

A seminar is generally a form of **(86)** interaction. Either at an academy **(87)** or a commercial or **(88)** organization. It has the function of **(89)**. Small groups for **(90)** meetings, focusing each time on some **(91)** subject, in which everyone present is **(92)** to participate. This is often **(93)** through an ongoing dialogue with a seminar **(94)** or instructor. Normally participants must not be **(95)** in the field under discussion.



- **86.** (1) academic (2) social
  - (3) informal (4) artificial
- **87.** (1) institution (2) intermission
  - (3) intervention (4) interface
- **88.** (1) provincial (2) proverbial
  - (3) professional (4) progressive
- **89.** (1) bringing out
  - (2) bringing together
  - (3) bringing among
  - (4) bringing off
- 90. (1) recurring (2) repeating
  - (3) reverting (3) prevented
- 91. (1) particular (2) partial
  - (3) previous (4) prevented
- **92.** (1) intrusted (2) encouraged
  - (3) enlarged (4) endured
- 93. (1) accomplished
  - (2) encouraged



- (3) acknowledged (4) acquired
- **94.** (1) follower (2) member
  - (3) leader (4) associated
- **95.** (1) professional (2) teacher
  - (3) starter (4) beginners

**Directions (96 – 100):** In the following questions. You have one brief passage with 5 questions. You have one brief passage with 5 questions following the passage. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

## **PASSAGE**

India records the world's highest per-capita incidence of water-borne and hepatitis. In spite of which concern For safe drinking water is still abysmally low even among educated Indians. This alarming indifference was borne out in a survey conducted by market research agency Research International Ltd. Based on a study scross all major cities in India. The survey found that over 73 per cent of all households in the highest income categories (SEC A & B) drink tap water without boiling it and as many as 55 per cent of the same group drink tap water after filtration through a cloth, but without boiling.

Though every school child knows that unboiled tap water contains unseen disease causing germs, and is ference to boiling water will come as a Narvekar, Deputy Director, Director, Directorate of Health Services, and Government of Maharashtra. "We regularly monitor



water quality in all major urban centres in this State. During 1995-96, we found that 9,730 out of 159,233 samples of water were contaminated with disease causing organisms, representing a high 6.11 per cent of the total number of samples collected and analysed. This is an alarmingly high level of contamination considering that Maharashtra is one of the more developed states in India and it may be higher in other states. Also during late summer months when there is water scarcity, and during the monsoon season, contamination of drinking water is very high. Hence during these months it is doubly important to ensure drinking water is adequately sanitized."

- **96.** In India the concern for safe drinking water is:
- (1) very low (2) good
- (3) enough
- (4) more than expected
- **97.** In the highest income categories. The number of people drinks tap water without boiling it is:
- (1) about half of the house holds
- (2) all the house holds
- (3) nearly three fourth of the households
- (4) one fourth of the households
- 98. During rainy season, drinking water should be:



- (1) cleaned (2) sanitized
- (3) Stored (4) used
- **99.** There is a high level of to boiling water.
- (1) interest (2) indifference
- (3) care (4) curiosity
- 100. According to the passage, unboiled tap water contains –
- (1) impurities (2) chemicals
- (3) germs
- (4) waste matter

**Answer: English Language** 

51	1
52	3
53	2
54	2
55	1
56	3
57	2
58	2
59	1
60	2
61	2
62	4
63	2
64	3
65	1
66	3
67	3
68	2

76	3
77	3
78	2
79	2
80	2
81	4
82	4
83	2
84	2
85	2
86	3
87	1
88	3
89	2
90	1
91	1
92	2
93	1



4
1
4
2
2
3
1

94	3
95	4
96	1
97	3
98	2
99	2
100	3