

# PROF. ROHAN SHENOY'S TEST-SERIES FOR MHT-CET BIOLOGY - 2011

Test ID:	<b>18 [SPECIMEN FOR 2011 TEST-SERIES]</b>
Version:	
Date:	2010-2011
Total MCQs:	<b>20</b>
Max. marks:	<b>20</b>
MCQ distribution:	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Natural resources and conservation--- 1 MCQs</li><li>2. Biotechnology--- 1 MCQs</li><li>3. Biofertilizers and medicinal plants--- 1 MCQs</li><li>4. Plant water relations--- 1 MCQs</li><li>5. Photosynthesis--- 1 MCQs</li><li>6. Respiration--- 1 MCQs</li><li>7. Reproduction in angiosperms--- 1 MCQs</li><li>8. Plant growth--- 1 MCQs</li><li>9. Human population--- 1 MCQs</li><li>10. Human health and disease--- 1 MCQs</li><li>11. Types of diseases--- 1 MCQs</li><li>12. Immunity system--- 1 MCQs</li><li>13. Biomedical technologies--- 1 MCQs</li><li>14. Bioinformatics--- 1 MCQs</li><li>15. Vermiculture and fisheries--- 1 MCQs</li><li>16. Circulation in animals--- 1 MCQs</li><li>17. Osmoregulation and excretion in animals--- 1 MCQs</li><li>18. Nervous co-ordination--- 1 MCQs</li><li>19. Hormonal co-ordination--- 1 MCQs</li><li>20. Reproduction and development in animals--- 1 MCQs</li></ol>

1. **Cells suspended in urine of a normal healthy person will**
  - a) Shrink due to loss of water
  - b) Swell, burst and finally die
  - c) Proliferate due to urochrome factors
  - d) Shrink due to proliferation of protoplasm
  
2. **Total no. of cranial nerves that carry sensory impulses are**
  - a) 4 pairs
  - b) 3 pairs
  - c) 7 pairs
  - d) 5 pairs
  
3. **A galactogogue is present in**
  - a) Flowers of Shatavari
  - b) Roots of Asparagus racemosus
  - c) Leaves of Holy Basil(Tulsi)
  - d) Twigs of neem
  
4. **Which of these as well as their isomers occur in EMP pathway?**
  - a) Glucose 6-phosphate
  - b) Dihydroxy acetone phosphate
  - c) 2-Phospho glyceric acid
  - d) All of the above
  
5. **Which of these organs are prominently affected by alcohol?**
  - a) Cerebellum
  - b) Liver
  - c) GIT
  - d) All of these
  
6. **Agents which produce allergy are known as**
  - a) Antigen
  - b) Oncogenes
  - c) Allergens
  - d) Carcinogens
  
7. **The average length of ovulatory cycle in a human female of reproductive age group is about \_\_\_\_ days.**
  - a) 14
  - b) 28
  - c) 42
  - d) 56
  
8. **How many turns of Calvin cycle are required to reduce one molecule of CO<sub>2</sub>?**
  - a) 1
  - b) 6
  - c) 36
  - d) 12 or 18
  
9. **Dry skin is NOT seen in**
  - a) Simmond's disease
  - b) Gull's disease
  - c) Grave's disease
  - d) Cretinism
  
10. **DNA fingerprinting technique can be used for**
  - a) Identification of genetic disorders such as haemophilia
  - c) Absolute unique identity of people

- b) Identification of criminals from evidence such as blood, semen, etc.      d) All of the above
11. **In a case of sexual reproduction in angiosperms, the male plant is hexaploid(6n) and ploidy of female plant is unknown. Which of the below can be the possible ploidy of the primary endosperm nucleus produced in the process?**
- a) 8      c) 11  
b) 10      d) Data is insufficient
12. **Part of the endoscopy machine that is not inserted into the body.**
- a) Source of light      c) Charge couple device(CCD)  
b) Probe      d) Minor surgical instruments
13. **Find the odd man.**
- a) Epibiotic species      c) Old endemics  
b) Ecological endemics      d) Living fossils
14. **Earthworms are put in layer no. \_\_\_\_ of vermibox.**
- a) 2      c) 5  
b) 3      d) 6
15. **Most abundant type of W.B.C.**
- a) Neutrophils      c) Lymphocytes  
b) Basophils      d) Monocytes
16. **Example of a fomite.**
- a) *Anopheles* and *Culex* mosquito      c) Droplet nuclei containing tubercle bacilli  
b) Water contaminated with *Salmonella*      d) Towels and handkerchief of patient
17. **Oncogenic viruses are those which cause**
- a) Cirrhosis of liver      c) Abortion in pregnancy  
b) Malignancy      d) Slow reflexes
18. **RELATED to computers.**
- a) BMR      c) CPU  
b) GFR      d) HIV
19. **NOT ASSOCIATED with closure of stomata.**
- a) Decrease in osmotic concentration of guard cells      c) Outflow of water from guard cells  
b) Night time      d) Increase in pH of guard cells

20. **Inarching is**

- a) Whip grafting
- b) Cleft grafting

- c) Approach grafting
- d) Crown grafting

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## ANSWER KEYS AND EXPLANATIONS

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1. **Cells suspended in urine of a normal healthy person will**

Ans: a) Shrink due to loss of water

Urine is hypertonic compared to the cell. Hence, the cell will lose water by exosmosis and shrink in size.

2. **Total no. of cranial nerves that carry sensory impulses are**

Ans: c) 7 pairs

Along with sensory type of nerves, mixed types of cranial nerves also carry sensory impulses. Thus, 3 pairs of sensory and 4 pairs of mixed, total 7 pairs out of 12 total pairs carry sensory impulses.

3. **A galactogogue is present in**

Ans: b) Roots of *Asparagus racemosus*

Galactogogues (or lactogogues) are substances that induce milk production and flow. **Roots** of *Asparagus racemosus* are believed to stimulate milk production and flow.

4. **Which of these as well as their isomers occur in EMP pathway?**

Ans: d) All of the above

1. Glucose 6-phosphate : Fructose 6-phosphate
2. DHAP : 3-PGAL
3. 2-PGA : 3-PGA

5. **Which of these organs are prominently affected by alcohol?**

Ans: d) All of these

1. Alcohol affects cerebellum and causes incoordination of body movements
2. Alcohol causes fatty liver disease in early stages and cirrhosis in late stages
3. Alcohol causes inflammation of the mucosal lining of the GIT. This results in malabsorption and nutritional deficiencies.

6. **Agents which produce allergy are known as**

Ans: c) Allergens

- Antigen = substance that can evoke immune response.
- Oncogenes = mutated genes that lead to cancer.
- Allergens = antigens that produce allergy. Ex: pollen grains, dust, drugs, etc.
- Carcinogens are substances capable of producing cancer. They produce mutations in normal genes and convert them into oncogenes. Ex: radiations, alcohol, tar, benzopyrene, etc.

7. **The average length of ovulatory cycle in a human female of reproductive age group is about \_\_\_\_ days.**

Ans: d) 56

The average of menstrual cycle is about 28 days, while that of an ovulatory cycle is about 56 days. This is because each ovary releases the ovum alternatively.

8. **How many turns of Calvin cycle are required to reduce one molecule of CO<sub>2</sub>?**

Ans: a) 1

Calvin cycle (C<sub>3</sub> cycle) reduces 1 CO<sub>2</sub> molecule per turn.

NB: Glucose is a 6C sugar. Thus, 6 CO<sub>2</sub> must be reduced, or in other words, 6 turns are required for the formation of 1 glucose.

9. **Dry skin is NOT seen in**

Ans: c) Grave's disease

- Simmond's disease is hyposecretion of GH in adults. Skin is dry and wrinkled.

- Gull's disease is myxoedema or hyposecretion of thyroxine in adults. Skin is dry, thick, puffy, cold, and shows loss of hair.

10. **DNA fingerprinting technique can be used for**

Ans: b) Identification of criminals from evidence such as blood, semen, etc.

DNA fingerprinting technique **CANNOT** be used for identification of genetic disorders and establishing unique identity of people. Reasons for them being:

1. Genetic disorders like haemophilia, black urine disease, etc. result from mutations in the coding regions of the DNA (euchromatin). However, DNA fingerprinting is based upon VNTRs which are not present in these regions.

2. People with the same genetic constitutions such as monozygotic (identical) twins have the exactly same DNA, including VNTRs. Therefore the DNA profile of identical twins will be same even though they are two different persons. [However, DNA profile of dizygotic (fraternal) twins will not be similar].

11. **In a case of sexual reproduction in angiosperms, the male plant is hexaploid (6n) and ploidy of female plant is unknown. Which of the below can be the possible ploidy of the primary endosperm nucleus produced in the process?**

Ans: c) 11

After studying the process of gamete formation and double fertilization in angiosperms, one can come to the following conclusions:

1. Ploidy of PEN = (Half of male parent ploidy) + ploidy of secondary nucleus.

2. Ploidy of secondary nucleus is always an even no., and never an odd no.

Thus, after substituting given information:

Ploidy of PEN = 3 + An even no, or we can say:

(PEN - 3) should be equal to some even no.

Substituting values of (a), (b) and (c) in above equation, options (a) and (b) return values 5 and 7 respectively which are not even nos. However, option (c) returns 8 which is an even no.

12. **Part of the endoscopy machine that is not inserted into the body.**

Ans: a) Source of light

For endoscopy,

- The light is obtained from a cold source located outside the body.
- The light is transmitted to the site of examination by the optical fibres running through the probe.
- Charge couple device(CDD) is present at the tip of the tube. It acts like a video camera. It converts the reflected light into electric signals and sends them to the video monitor on which the internal view is displayed in real-time.
- Minor surgical instruments can be fitted to extra attachments provided at the tip of the probe.

13. **Find the odd man.**

Ans: b) Ecological endemics

Options (a), (c) and (d) mean the same - relic endemics.  
Ecological endemics are paleo endemics.

14. **Earthworms are put in layer no. \_\_\_\_ of vermibox.**

Ans: b) 3

Earthworms are setup into third layer of the vermibox along with dry crop residue. There are total 7 layers, numbered 1 - 7 from bottom to top.

15. **Most abundant type of W.B.C.**

Ans: a) Neutrophils

- Neutrophils comprise about 65 - 70% of white blood cells.
- Lymphocytes = 28 - 30%
- Eosinophils = 3%
- Monocytes = 1 - 3%
- Basophils = only 0.5% [Most scarce type]

16. **Example of a fomite.**

Ans: d) Towels and handkerchief of patient

Fomites are inanimate(non-living) articles that are contaminated by the handling of the patient. They are capable of harbouring and transmitting the pathogens to other people who handle. Other examples of fomites are soap, objects, door handles, utensils, etc.

17. **Oncogenic viruses are those which cause**

Ans: b) Malignancy

Oncogenic viruses are those which cause cancer or malignancy. Ex: Cancer of the cervix(part of uterus) is mostly caused by Human Papilloma Virus(HPV).

18. **RELATED to computers.**

Ans: c) CPU

BMR = Basal Metabolic Rate; GFR = Glomerular Filtration Rate, HIV = Human Immunodeficiency Virus.

20. **Inarching is**

Ans: c) Approach grafting

- Whip grafting is also known as tongue grafting.
- Cleft grafting is a.k.a. wedge grafting.
- Inarching is a.k.a. approach grafting.