CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF JAMMU

MBA (TOURISM AND TRAVEL)

Course Matrix

		FIRS	ST SEN	MESTE	:R					
Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 111	Management Process and Organizational Behavior	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 102	Tourism Concepts and Principles	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 113	Tourism Geography and Destination Knowledge	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 114	Quantitative Techniques	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 115	Travel Agency Management and Tour Operations	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 116	Leisure, Recreation & Hospitality Management	2	0	1	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 117	Communication for Professional Excellence	2	0	1	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 108	Study Tour Report	0	0	0	0	2	50	0	0	50
MTT 109	Seminar Course (Tourism Circuits- State Level)	0	0	3	3	2	50	0	0	50
MTT 110	Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100
	Total				25	28				900

Legends:

L:- Lectures per week ,T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment

COURSE CURRICULUM MBA (TOURISM AND TRAVEL) FIRST SEMESTER

COURSE CODE:	MTT 111
COURSE TITLE:	MANAGEMENT PROCESS AND ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	To give the basic understanding about the management functions and process so
	as to develop a managerial aptitude, To comprehend the different components of
	organizational behavior so as to develop the confidence of working with diverse
	organizations.
UNIT-1	INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT:
	Management: Meaning, nature, scope and importance of management. Functions
	of management, management roles, levels of management and management skills,
	corporate social responsibility, ethics and values in management. Evolution of
	management thought.
UNIT-2	MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS: PLANNING, ORGANISING, STAFFING, DIRECTING
J 2	AND CONTROLLING
	Planning: Meaning, nature and importance, planning process, types of planning,
	measures of effective planning barriers of effective planning, Management by
	Objectives (MBO). Decision making: meaning, types and process.
	Organising: Meaning, organisation structure, forms of organisation structure,
	power, authority, accountability, centralisation and decentralisation. Staffing: Meaning, Manpower planning, job analysis, selection, training and
	development.
	Directing: Meaning, nature, scope and principle of direction, motivation,
	leadership and communication.
	Controlling: Meaning , Importance, process, types of control, essentials of effective
	control and control techniques.
UNIT-3	INTRODUCTION TO ORGANISATION BEHAVIOUR
	Concept and importance of organization behaviour; contributing disciplines;
	models of OB; Challenges and opportunities for OB; Diversity in organizations.
UNIT-4	ATTITUDES, EMOTIONS, MOODS, PERSONALITY, VALUES AND PERCEPTIONS
	Main components of attitudes, major job attitudes, basic emotions and
	moods, OB application of emotions and moods. Personality and its models,
	personality trait relevance to OB. Importance of values, perception and factors
	influencing perception, link between perception and individual decision making.
UNIT-5	GROUP BEHAVIOUR & HRM : Defining and classifying groups, stages of group
	development, group decision making and group properties. Types of teams and
	creating effective team ,Definition of organization culture, functions of
	organization culture, creating and sustaining organization culture, learning of
	organization culture, Forces for organization change, resistance to change,
	approaches to manage organizational change. HRM : The Evolving Role of HRM in
	the tourism industry, Human Resource Planning (HRP), Job/Role Analysis,
	Recruitment & Selection, Orientation & Placement, Conflict and Stress
	management, Importance of Discipline and Counseling in Tourism.
REFERENCES	The Essentials of Management : Kuntz
	Principles and practices of Management : L.M.Prasad
	- It are a literature or manual demonstration and an area of the second

0	Fundamentals of OB : Slocum /Hellriegel
0	Organisational Behaviour: Stephen P. Robbins, Trimothy A. Judge, Neharika
	Vohra

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 111	Management Process and Organizational Behaviour	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CODE: MTT 102	
COURSE TITLE: TOURISM CONCEPTS AND PRINCIPLES	
COURSE OBJECTIVES: This course shall introduce learner to tourism's growth and development	t. The
course also highlights the role of tourism as an economic intervention a	
significance in economy; Course discusses the global nature of tourism, to	
product and emerging trends in tourism industry. It is also important to appr	
the future of tourism.	
JNIT-1 Tourism; an overview: Elements, Nature and Characteristics - Typology of Tourism;	urism
- Classification of Tourists - Tourism network - Interdisciplinary approach	nes to
tourism - Historical Development of Tourism - Major motivations and deterre	nts to
travel.	
JNIT-2 Tourism Industry; Structure and Components: Attractions – Accommodat	ion –
Activities – Transportation - F&B – Shopping - Entertainment - Infrastructur	e and
Hospitality - Emerging areas of tourism - Rural, Eco, Medical, MICE, Lit	erary,
Indigenous, Wellness, Film, Golf, etc., – Ideals of Responsible Tourism - Alte	ernate
Tourism - Case Studies on International Tourism.	
JNIT-3 Tourist Transportation:	
Air transportation: The airline industry present policies, practices. Function	ing of
Indian carriers. Air Corporation Act, Air charters.	
Surface Transport: Rent-a-car Scheme and Coach-Bus Tour, Transport & Insu	irance
documents, All-India Permits	
Rail Transport: Major Railway Systems of World, (Euro Rail and Amtrak)	
General information about Indian Railways, Types of rail tours in India:, Pala	ce-on-
Wheels and Royal Orient, Deccan Odyssey, Toy Trains etc. Indrail Pass.	
Water Transport: Historical past, cruise ships, ferries, hovercrafts, river and	canal
boats, Fly-cruise.	
JNIT-4 Tourism Impacts - Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) - Doxey's Index - Demonst	
Effect – Push and Pull Theory - Tourism System - Mathieson and Wall Mo	
Leiper's Model - Stanley Plog's Model of Destination Preferences - Deman	
Supply in tourism - Tourism regulations - Present trends in Domestic and C	Jiobai
tourism – MNC's in Tourism Industry. JNIT-5 Tourism Organizations: Role and Functions of World Tourism Organization (MTO)
Pacific Asia Travel Association(PATA), World Tourism &Travel Council (W	-
Ministry of Tourism, Govt. of India, ITDC, Department of Tourism, Govt. o	-
FHRAI, IHA, IATA, TAAI, IATO.	i Jak,
REFERENCES: Annual Report (2010-11), Ministry of Tourism, Government of India, New Dell	ni
Burkart A.J., Medlik S. (1974), Tourism - Past, Present and Future, Heinel	
London.	,
Chuck Y. Gee, James C. Makens & Dexter J. L. Choy (1989), The Travel Industr	v. Van
Nostrand Reinhold, New York.	,,
Ghosh Bishwanath (2000), Tourism and Travel Management, Vikas Publ	ishing
House, New Delhi.	J
Holloway, J. C. (1994), The Business of tourism, Pitman Publishing, London.	
Medlik, S. (1997), Understanding tourism, Butterworth Hinemann, Oxford.	
Michael M. Coltman (1989), Introduction to Travel and Tourism- An Interna	tional
Approach, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York.	
Page J. Stephen & Brunt Paul (2007), Tourism- A Modern Synthesis, Tho	mson
Publishers, London.	
Ray Youell (1998), Tourism-an introduction, Addison Wesley Longman, Essex.	
Sunetra Roday et al (2009), Tourism Operations and Management, C	Oxford
University Press.	

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 102	Tourism Concepts and Principles	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 113
COURSE TITLE:	TOURISM GEOGRAPHY AND DESTINATION KNOWLEDGE
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	Geography is the basic edifice of tourism. The knowledge of geography shall give an
	extra edge to the students in designing the itineraries for the travellers, suggesting
	them various destinations to the clients for their travel etc.
UNIT-1	Importance of geography in Tourism, IATA Areas, Factors affecting global and
	regional tourist movements; demand and origin factors, destinations and resource
	factors. Contemporary trends in international tourist movements.
UNIT-2	Europe : -The main tourism resources (Man-made, Physical & Symbiotic), Factors
	which makes Europe a leading Continent in terms of Tourist Arrivals & Tourism
	Receipts, Important tourist circuits and popular Itineraries of European countries
	like UK, France, Germany, Italy, Spain and Switzerland
UNIT-3	America : -The main tourism resources (Man-made, Physical & Symbiotic) of
	North America ,South America and Latin America
UNIT-4	Africa & Australia : -The main tourism resources (Man-made, Physical &
	Symbiotic), Factors which effects the growth and development of tourism in Africa,
	Case Study of Kenya, South Africa & Australia
UNIT-5	Asia:-The main tourism resources (Man-made, Physical & Symbiotic), The factors
	effecting the growth and development in Asian Region, A case study of India
REFERENCES:	Boniface, B.G. and Chris Cooper, The Geography of travel and Tourism Oxford:
	Butterworth Heinemann.
	Hall C.M. and Stephen, J. Page, The Geography of tourism and recreation.
	Environment, place & space, London: Routledge.
	Pearce Douglas, Tourism Today: A Geographical Analysis; New York: Longman.
	Singh R.L., India- A Regional Geography, Varanasi: National Geographical Society of
	India
	Seth P.N., Successful Tourism Management, Sterling Publisher: New Delhi
	Sarina Singh et. al., <i>India</i> , Lonely Planet Publications

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 113	Tourism Geography and Destination Knowledge	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 114
COURSE TITLE:	QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The objective of this course is to make the student acquaint with the basic
	knowledge of quantitative techniques and develop a fundamental understanding of
	the applications spread across different modules.
UNIT-1	Statistics: Meaning and Importance; Measures of Central Tendency: Mean,
	Partition Values: Median, Quartiles, Deciles, Perecentiles, Mode: Grouping Method
	and Empirical Method.
UNIT-2	Measures of Variation: Meaning and Importance; Range, Quartile Deviation
	,Standard Deviation, Coefficient of Variation, and its Significance; Skewness; Karl
	Pearson's Method, Bowley's Method, Kelly's Method.
UNIT-3	Simple Correlation Analysis: Meaning and Importance; Karl Pearson's Method,
	Rank Correlation, Simple Regression Analysis; Meaning and Importance; Regression
	Equations, Regression Coefficients and their Properties, Difference between
	Correlation and Regression Analysis.
UNIT-4	Index Numbers: Meaning and Importance; Lasperyres Method,
	Paasches Method, Fisher's Ideal Method; Time and Factor Reversal Test; Test of
	Consistency, Fixed & Chain Base Index Numbers, Splicing.
UNIT-5	Time Series Analysis: Meaning and Importance; Components: Trend, Seasonal,
	Cyclical and Irregular; Least Square Method; Moving
	Ratio to Moving Average Method.
REFERENCES:	Gupta, S.P., Statistical Methods, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi.
	Reddy C.R., Quantitative Methods for Management. Himalaya Publishing House
	Gupta,S.C., Fundamentals of Statistics.
	Levin,R.I.,and Rubin, D.S., Statistics for Management.PHI

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 114	Quantitative Techniques	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 115
COURSE TITLE:	TRAVEL AGENCY MANAGEMENT AND TOUR OPERATIONS
COURSE	Travel Agency Mgt. is the basis for understanding the modus operandi of a travel and tour
OBJECTIVES:	company. It shall substantiate the students with the basic practical inputs about the
	various procedures involved in handling the operations of a travel agency. Further the
	objectives of the course are to acquire an in-depth knowledge about the Tour Operation
	Management and to become familiar with the Tour Operation Techniques and strategies
	required for successful handling of Tour Operation Business.
UNIT-1	History and growth of travel agency business, emergence of Thomas Cook. Emergence of
	Travel Intermediaries, Indian travel agents and tour operators - an overview; Definition of
	travel agent and tour operator; differentiation, interrelationship of TA/TO and principles of
	present business trends and future prospects, problems and issues.
UNIT-2	Setting up travel agency/tour operation business: Market research, sources of funding,
	Comparative study of various types of organisation proprietorship, partnership, private
	limited and limited, Government rules for getting approval, IATA rules, regulation for
	accreditation, Documentation, Sources of earning: commissions, service charges etc
UNIT-3	Tour Operation: Definition- Concept-History and Growth of Tour Operation business. Types
	of Tour Operators. Organizational Structure, Forms of Organization, Departments and its
	functions. The Process of travel decision making, Mode and Destination selection.
	Reservation and Cancellation procedures for Tour related services-Hotels, Airlines, Cruise
	liners, Car rentals and Rail travel. Commission Structures from Suppliers of Service.
UNIT-4	Tour Operation Documentation: Voucher-Hotel and Airline Exchange Order, Pax Docket,
	Status Report, Daily Sales Record, AGT Statements-Credit Cards-Importance and Future.
	RBI Regulations for Tour Operators. Managing Tour Operation. Field Operations- inbound
	and outbound. Managing Distribution Role of Distribution in exchange process, Selling
	through distribution chains. Distribution System in Tourism Operation. Management of In-
	house operations.
UNIT-5	Itinerary preparation, important considerations for preparing itinerary, costing, packaging
	and promotion.
REFERENCES:	Mohinder Chand, <i>Travel Agency Management</i> , Anmol: Delhi
	Chunk, James, Dexter & Boberg, Professional Travel Agency Management. Prentice Hall
	Publication
	Fay Betsy, Essentials of Tour Management, New Jersey: Prentice Hall Publication.
	Negi J.M., Travel Agency and Tour Operation: Concepts and Principles, New Delhi: Kanishka
	Publishers & Distributors.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 115	Travel Agency Management and Tour Operations	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,MSE:

COURSE CODE:	MTT 116
COURSE TITLE:	Leisure, Recreation & Hospitality Management
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	This module prepares student to design, manage, and deliver, leisure, recreation and hospitality services to a variety of people in diverse settings. Hospitality, Leisure and Recreation, being one of the largest global industries, require higher levels of professionalism. The specific objectives of this module is to obtain an understanding of the meaning of leisure, recreation and hospitality in the Indian context and to have a broad overview of Leisure, Recreation and Hospitality services;
UNIT-1	Definition of leisure, Growth and Development of the Tourism & Leisure Industry, impact of Tourism & Leisure on environment, The relationship between tourism, leisure and recreation, The tourism system, Tourism through the ages, Tourism markets, Understanding tourist Behaviour. Future of Tourism & Leisure Industry.
UNIT-2	Recreation: an overview - Range of Recreation Businesses: Recreation Vehicles, parks, adventure travel, winter sports, historic sites, camping, resorts, motor coach operators, enthusiast groups, recreation product manufacturers - Development of the geography of tourism and recreation - Recreation Theories - Recreation and leisure services. Recreational and Tourist Motivation - Barriers to Recreation - Gender and Social Constraints.
UNIT-3	Recreation Management: Impact of recreation on tourism - Recreation Resource Management - Tourism and recreation planning and policy - Urban and rural recreation - Relationships between leisure, recreation and tourism. Trends in the recreation industry- Tourism recreation and climate change - Tourists and recreational demand for wilderness, National Parks and natural areas - Environmental perspectives on coastal recreation and tourism.
UNIT-4	Introduction to Hospitality industry and its distinctive characteristics. Types of accommodation and their grouping, classification, categorization and forms of Ownership - Hotel Organization: Organizational charts, major departments of a hotel - Front Office, Housekeeping, Food and Beverage Service Departments, Food Production, Engineering and Maintenance, Accounts, Human Resource, Security, Sales and Marketing, Purchase etc.
UNIT-5	Managerial issues: Trends, Problems; success-factors; Case study of the selected Hotel/Motel/Restaurant, brands. Future trends in Hospitality Industry, Role of Associations in hospitality management- Functions and operations.
REFERENCES	1.C. Michael Hall & Stephen J. Page (2006), The Geography of Tourism and Recreation- Environment, Place and Space, Third Edition, Routledge, London. 2.Gray and Ligouri: 'Hotel and motel management and operations' PHI,New Delhi,2000 3.George Torkildsen (2000), Leisure and Recreation Management, Fourth Edition, E&FN Spon, London 4.Jagmohan Negi (1997), Professional Hotel Management, S. Chand, New Delhi 5. William C. Gartner & David W. Lime (2000), Trends in Outdoor, Recreation, Leisure and Tourism, CABI, London

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 116	Leisure,		0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
	Recreation									
	&Hospitality									
	Management									

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal

 ${\bf Assessment} \ , \ {\bf MSE:} \ {\bf Mid} \ {\bf Semester} \ {\bf Exam}, \ {\bf ESE:} \ {\bf End} \ {\bf Semester} \ {\bf Exam}$

COURSE TITLE: COMMUNICATION FOR PROFESSIONAL EXCELLENCE The primary objective of business communication is to introduce the st various forms of written and oral communication that are necessary in business situations, perfecting verbal and non-verbal communication skills.	udent to
various forms of written and oral communication that are necessary in	udent to
	daciic to
business situations, perfecting verbal and non-verbal communication skills.	real-life
UNIT-1 Communication Fundamentals:	
Business Communication in today's world, The Communication Pr	
Communication Channels, Barriers to Communication, Verbal & n	on-verbal
communication.	
UNIT-2 Oral Communication:	
Elements of Good Oral Communication, Speaking and Listening Skills, Pro	ofessional
use of the telephone, Effective presentation skills.	
UNIT-3 Written communication:	
Report writing and presentation, Business Letters – layout and types,	Preparing
resume	
Application letters, Memo, Proposals, Legal aspects.	
UNIT-4 Customer care:	
Effective customer care, Managing customer complaints & negotiating	with the
customer, Handling Interpersonal Conflict, Counseling skills.	
UNIT-5 Personality Development:	
Basic traits of personality - dress, address, gestures and manners, Self e	
and development- identification of strengths and weaknesses, Ov	_
hesitation and fear of facing the public, Corrective and developmental e	xercises -
confidence building, role plays.	Dallata
REFERENCES: Murphy, H.A. and Peck, C.E.(2006) Effective Business Communications , N Tata McGraw Hill.	ew Deini:
Sharma R.C. and Mohan K. (2005) Business Report Writing and corresp	andanca
New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.	ondence,
Peanre, C.G. (2007) Principles of Business Communications.	
Communication in Tourism and Hospitality - Lynn Vander Wagen, Hospita	lity Press
Pty Ltd.	
Organizational Communication - Patricia Hayes Andrews and Richard T.	Herschel.
AI.T.B.S. Publishers and Distributors (Rgd).	
Interpersonal Skills for Travel and Tourism - Jon & Lisa Burton - Longm	an Group
Ltd.	r

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 117	COMMUNICATION FOR PROFESSIONAL EXCELLENCE	2	0	1	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 108									
COURSE TITLE:	TUDY TOUR REPORT									
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	 The objective of this course is to enable students to develop and relate theory to practice, to help them in getting practical exposure in organizing a tour, which will further help them to: Develop a knowledge and understanding of the different stakeholders of tourism industry. Analyze and appraise a particular form of tourism and tourism business at a specific destination. 									
Evaluation	3. Develop the ability and expertise from where to conduct a review/situational/observational analysis of the tourism industry. This report would be evaluated by an external/internal examiner, nominated by the University, out of 50 points.									

Course Code	Course Title	L	т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 108	Study Tour Report	0	0	0	0	2	50	0	0	50

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week , P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 109
COURSE TITLE:	Seminar Course (Tourism Circuits- State Level)
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The main objective of this course is to develop some specific skills among students like product knowledge, development of itineraries, and personality development through public speaking. This seminar will encourage students to have an in-depth knowledge of their state and the current events which will help students in their professional career development.
COURSE CONTENTS:	Field Visits / Practicum Note: The detailed course structure and methodology for the Field Visits / Practicum will be planned by the Faculty In-charge.
REFERENCES:	This course will have continuous internal assessment of 50 points and would be evaluated by an internal faculty.

Course Code	Course Title	L	т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 109	Seminar Course	0	0	0	0	2	50	0	0	50

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 110
COURSE TITLE:	Viva Voce
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	There shall be an oral examination at the end of first semester of the programme
	that will test student on his comprehension of the subject knowledge acquired
	during the first semester of learning.
EVALUATION	This comprehensive oral examination would be evaluated by a panel of external/internal examiners, nominated by the University. This viva would cover whole curriculum of first semester of programme and general understanding of
	tourism business

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 110	Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CURRICULUM MBA (TOURISM AND TRAVEL) SECOND SEMESTER

	SI	ECO	ND SI	EMES	TER					
Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 201	Tourism Marketing	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 212	Sustainable Tourism and Environmental Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 213	Tourism Resources of India	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 214	Tourism Policy, Planning & Development	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 205	Destination Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 216	Tour Guiding and Interpretation	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 207	Research Methodology	2	0	1	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 208	Foreign Language-1 (French)	2	0	1	3	2	50			50
MTT 209	Seminar Course (Tourism Circuits- National Level)	0	0	3	3	3	100	0	0	100
MTT 210	Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100
	Total				27	29				950
	Summer Training (Eight Weeks)									

COURSE CODE:	MTT 201
COURSE TITLE:	TOURISM MARKETING
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	Marketing is the core of any business activity today. It is therefore important for
	a manager to understand the concepts of marketing and refer to same in
	managing, planning and controlling. The objective of this course is to acquaint
	the participants with concepts and techniques used in marketing both at micro
	and macro levels.
UNIT-1	Understanding Marketing and Marketing Process: Marketing Concepts, Nature
	and Scope of Marketing, Marketing Mix, Marketing Management Philosophies,
	Strategic Planning and Marketing Process. Marketing Environment, Uniqueness
	of Tourism Marketing
UNIT-2	Services Marketing: Concepts, Definition, Characteristics, Services Marketing
	Mix. Service Quality and Service Gap Analysis Model.
UNIT-3	Market Targeting: Market Segmentation and Tourism Market. Identifying
	Market Segments and Selecting Target Market. Identifying & Developing
	Market Activities of Tourism Market. Marketing mix for travel and tourism.
UNIT-4	Managing the Product / Service, Product Decisions-Product Line, Product Mix,
	Product Life Cycle, New Product Development, Branding and Packaging
	Decisions.
UNIT-5	Pricing Tourism Products: Pricing Considerations and Approaches, Pricing
	Strategies and Methods. Marketing of Small Tourism Business. Distribution
	Channel in Travel and Tourism, Cooperation and conflict Management,
	Promotion Decision – Promotion Mix: Advertising, Sales Promotion, Personal
	Selling, and Publicity.
References	Marketing for Hospitality and Tourism - Philip Kotler, Jon Bower, James
	Maken Tourism Marketing: Les Lumsdon
	Marketing for Tourism - J. Christopher Holloway & Chris Robinson
	Marketing Management - V.S. Ramaswamy , S. Namakuman
	Tourism Marketing & Management Handbook - Stephen F. Wilt and Luiz
	Mountinho
	Marketing in Travel and Tourism - Victor T.C. Middleton
	Marketing Management Analysis, Planning and Control, Kotler, Philip. PHI.
	Principles of Marketing, Kotler Philip and Armstrong, G. PHI. Fundamentals of Marketing, Stanton, Willam J., McGraw Hill.
	Marketing Management, Bhattacharya K. Sisir., National Publishing House.
	Marketing Management Strategy and Cases, Dalrymple, J.D. and Parson, J.L.,
	John Wiley and Sons.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 201	Tourism Marketing	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CODE	MTT-212								
COURSE TITLE	Sustainable Tourism and Environmental Management								
UNIT-I	Sustainable Development- Evolution, Characteristics & Requirements; Major Dimensions of Sustainability; Approaches to Sustainable Tourism Development: Tourism & Millennium Development Goals; Alternative Tourism Models; Sustainable Tourism and Poverty Alleviation; National Geographic Society & Geotourism Principles.								
UNIT-II	Tourism, Environment and Society: Tourism & the Natural Environment; Tourism & the Touristic Representation of Nature; Environmental Impacts of Tourism; Tourism & Resource Management; National Parks: Wilderness & Culture; Ecotourism Theory & Practice; Tourism, Sustainability & Social Theory; Climate Change: Issues & Implications for Tourism; Disappearing Destinations; Tourism & Environmental Peacebuilding.								
UNIT-III	Sustainable Tourism Planning; Meaning & Principles of STP; Agenda 21 for Travel and Tourism Industry; Basic Concepts in Sustainable Design: Climate analysis, Locality analysis and Site analysis; Carrying Capacity Analysis; Zoning System.								
UNIT-IV	Instruments for Sustainable Tourism: Measurement Instruments; Command & Control Instruments; Economic Instruments; Voluntary Instruments & Supporting Instruments.								
UNIT-V	Global Initiatives: Global Observatory on Sustainable Tourism (GOST); Global Sustainable Tourism Criteria & Council (GSTC), International Task Force on Sustainable Tourism Development, Global Partnership for Sustainable Tourism; Potential of Ecotourism in Post-Conflict Peacebuilding: Case Study on Siachin Glacier; Homestays-An Approach to Facilitate Ecotourism: Case Study on Korzok, Ladakh; Ecotourism between India & Pakistan: Case Study on K2 Peace Park.								
References	 Inskeep, E. (1991), Tourism Planning: An Integrated and Sustainable Development Approach, New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold. Ritchie, J.R. & Crouch, I.G (2005), The Competitive Destination –A Sustainable Tourism Perspective, CABI Publishing, UK. Mowforth, M. and Munt, I. (2003), Tourism and Sustainability. Development and New Tourism in the Third World. Routledge, London. Middleton, V.T.C and Hawkins, R. (1998), Sustainable Tourism: A Marketing Perspective, Butterworth – Heinemann, Oxford. Weaver, D. (2001), The Encyclopedia of Ecotourism, CABI Publication, UK. Wahab, S and John J. Pigram, J.J. (1997), Tourism, Development and Growth: The Challenge of Sustainability, Routledge, London. 								

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 212	Sustainable Tourism and Environmental Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week , P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 213
COURSE TITLE:	TOURISM RESOURCES OF INDIA
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	A thorough knowledge about the various product offered in tourism is a must for a tourism professional who shall be, in the future involved in the sales & marketing of the tourism product.
UNIT-1	Tourism Products: Definition, Concept and classification; Cultural Heritage of India - Stages of evolution, continuity; Heritage – Meaning, types of Heritage Tourism, Heritage Management Organisations - UNESCO, ASI, ICOMOS, INTACH.
UNIT-2	Architectural Heritage of India, glimpses on the prominent architecture style flourished in different period. Different style of architecture in India - Hindu, Jain, Buddhist and Islamic.
UNIT-3	Popular Religious Centres of Hindu, Buddhist, Jain, Sikh, Muslim and Christian religions. Selected case studies of World Heritage Sites in India (Taj Mahal, Khajuraho, Konark, and Ajanta & Elora Caves).
UNIT-4	Important Museums, Art Galleries and Libraries of India; Performing arts of India: classical dances, folk dances and folk culture; Handicrafts and textiles: important handicraft objects and centres, craft <i>melas</i> ; Souvenir industry; Fairs and Festivals: Social, religious and commercial fairs of touristic significance. Indian cuisine (gastronomy), regional variations
UNIT-5	Major wildlife sanctuaries, national parks and biological reserves; (Jim Corbett Tiger Reserve, Kanha, Kaziranga, Sasan Gir, Dachigam, Hemis, Ranthambhore and Keoladeo Ghana). Hill Stations, Beaches, Deserts and Islands of India.
REFERENCES:	Agrawal V.S.: The Heritage of Indian Art, Govt. of India Publication. Basham A L: The Wonder that was India, Tapling Publishing Co., New York Basham A L: The Cultural History of India, Tapling Publishing Co., New York Christopher Tadgell: The History of Architecture in India, Penguin, New Delhi Daljeet and PC Jain: Indian Miniature Paintings, Brijwasi Art Press Dalmia Yashodhra: Contemporary Indian Art: Other Remedies, Marg Publisher, Mumbai Dixit Manoj and Charu Sheela, Tourism Product of India, Lucknow: New Royal Publisher Jagannathan Shankutala: Hinduism — an Introduction, Vakils, Feffer and Simon, Mumbai Keay John: India: A History, Harper Collins Luniya B.N.:Ancient Indian Culture, Laxmi Narain Educational Publisher, Agra Pattanaik Devdutt: A Handbook of Hindu Mythology, Penguin Global Brown Percy, Indian Architecture. Venkataraman Leela: Indian Classical Dance, Roli Books Thapar Romila and Percival Spear: History of India, Orient Longman, New Delhi Sarina Singh et. al., India, Lonely Planet Publications, Australia

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 213	Tourism Resources of India	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment , MSE: Mid Semester Exam, ESE: End Semester Exam

COURSE CODE:	MTT 214
COURSE TITLE:	TOURISM POLICY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The Course is intended to build a holistic understanding about the
	conceptualization of planning process and policy making, its dynamics, its
	methodologies and applications in the tourism sector.
UNIT-1	Policy: Concept, Need and Objective; Importance and scope of tourism policy
	institutional framework of public tourism policy; The role of govt., public and
	private sector in formulation of tourism policy; Policy making bodies and its
	process at national levels.
UNIT-2	Conceptual meaning of Tourism Planning, Evolution of Tourism Planning,
	General Concepts of Planning, Levels and Types of Tourism Planning, Public
	and Private sectors role in Tourism Development
UNIT-3	Study of National Tourism Policy 1982 and 2002, National Action Plan
	Tourism, 1992: Special Tourism Area Development Programme. The concept
	of National Tourism Board, National Committee on Tourism
UNIT-4	Tourism Planning at International, national, regional, state and local level.
	Tourism and Five-year Plans in India with special reference to 12th Five-year
	Plan. Agents and typologies of tourism development.
UNIT-5	Case study of tourism policies of a few countries- Singapore, Malaysia and
	States (Rajasthan, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Himachal Pradesh).
REFERENCES:	Mohinder Chand, Travel Agency Management, Anmol: Delhi
	Chunk, James, Dexter & Boberg, Professional Travel Agency Management.
	Prentice Hall Publication
	Fay Betsy, Essentials of Tour Management, New Jersey: Prentice Hall
	Publication.
	Negi J.M., Travel Agency and Tour Operation: Concepts and Principles, New
	Delhi: Kanishka Publishers & Distributors.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 214	Tourism Policy Planning And Development	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 205
COURSE TITLE:	DESTINATION MANAGEMENT
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	This course will make students to understand and appreciate competition
	between tourism destinations, which has continued to increase in recent years
	and how destinations can be built.
UNIT-1	Tourism Destination: Definition, Concepts, and Perspectives. Patterns of
	destination use, tourist behaviour. Typologies of Tourism Destination -
	Historic-cultural, Tourist city, Villages, Resort, Protected Areas,
	Health/Wellness, Tourist Circuits. Destination Life Cycle, Destination
	Visioning, Destination attractiveness and competitiveness; Destination
	Management Planning (DMP): concepts, benefits, characteristics, process;
	strategic planning for tourism destination
UNIT-2	Destination Management Organisations (DMOs)-roles, importance, types;
	Destination Management Companies (DMCs); role of stakeholders; product
	development (Company perspective); performance measurement; two roles of
	DMOs- IDD and EMD.
UNIT-3	Internal Destination Development (IDD): IDD activities; feasibility analysis;
	carrying capacity and sustainability; integrated quality management of
	destination; destination benchmarking; destination e-business and information
	management.
UNIT-4	External Destination Marketing: EMD activities; understanding travel trends,
	market research, destination positioning, image and branding (cases of
	Incredible India, God's Own Country, Go Goa, etc), promotion of destination
	through special events. Destination Marketing Strategy and Plan.
UNIT-5	Strategic Issues in Destination Management: Global forces and impacts on
	destinations- safety and security, health, economic, accessibility. Critical
	success factors of destination management organizations, the future of tourism
	destination.
REFERENCES:	David Pike (2008), Destination Marketing, UK: Butterworth-Heinemann
	Frank Howie (2003), Managing the Tourist Destination, London: Continuum.
	Ernie Heath and Geoffrey Wall (1992), Marketing Tourism Destinations, John
	Wiley and Son, Inc.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 205	Destination Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 216
COURSE TITLE:	Tour Guiding and Interpretation
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The purpose of this course is to acquire an in-depth knowledge about the
	profession of tour guiding and interpretation and to become familiar with
	the techniques and approaches for successful presentations of the destinations to the tourists.
UNIT-1	Tour Guiding: Concept-History-Dimensions and Present Status.
	Certification of tourist guides in India.Role and Responsibilities of Tour
	Guide, Code of Conduct for tour guides, Personal hygiene and grooming
	checklist for tour guides. Principles of Tour Guide, Occupational Skill
	Standards -How to develop tour guiding skills.
UNIT-2	Dealing with tourist arrivals and departures, Communication for tour
	guiding-Language –Posture and Presentation. Roadblocks in Communication, Speaking faults, Body language.
UNIT-3	Tour commentary-Composition and Contains-Microphone Technique-
CIVII-3	Sense of Humor-How to deals with awkward questions Timing and
	Indications-Apology and Pausing. Linking commentary with what to be
	seen. Managing difficult situations, Handing Complaints First Aid:
	Importance and General procedures
UNIT-4	Visitor interpretation: Concept-Principles and Types.
	How to develop good interpretation skills-Popular understanding of a
	place. Principles of good interpretive practice by David Uzzel.
UNIT-5	Re-constructive and Recreative Interpretation, personal and Stereo type. Nature interpretation-Concept-Perspective-Approach-Principles of Nature
01411-3	interpretation. Book Field model of Nature Interpretation
	Intrinsic quality of a Resource Hierarchy of Interpretation.
	Heritage interpretation.
REFERENCES:	Travel Agency & Tour Operations, Foster D
	Conducting Tours, Dellers
	Travel Agency and Tour Operation, J M Negi
	Travel Agency Management, M.N. Chand
	Tour Operations and Tour Guiding, J.N. Negi
	What time is this place, David Hetchenberg.

Course Code	Course Title	L	т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 216	Tour Guiding and Interpretation	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

 $\mathbf{MSE}: \mathbf{Mid} \ \mathbf{Semester} \ \mathbf{Exam}, \ \mathbf{ESE}: \mathbf{End} \ \mathbf{Semester} \ \mathbf{Exam}$

COURSE CODE:	MTT 207
COURSE TITLE:	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The objective of this course is to make the student acquaint with the research methodology which will help in developing business strategies.
UNIT-1	Meaning of research; Objectives, types of research and approach; meaning of method and methodology, scientific research process; Identification and defining of research problem, research design and types.
UNIT-2	Research Design: Meaning, need and important features, types of research design, selection and formulation of research problem. Hypothesis formulation and its importance in research; types of hypothesis
UNIT-3	Types and sources of data. Collection techniques: questionnaire, schedules, participant observation, interviews, focused-group, nominal group (NGT). Difference between case study and survey methods;
UNIT-4	Questionnaire design considerations; Sampling-definition, types and their importance, type of sampling designs; sampling size and its determination, sampling in qualitative research.
UNIT-5	Interpretation techniques; Report writing; Presentation;
REFERENCES:	 Gaur, A.S. and Gaur, S.S. (2006). Statistical methods for practice and research, New Delhi: Response books. Krishnaswami, O.R. and Ranganatham, M. (2005). Methodology of research in social sciences, 2/e, Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House. Punch, Keith, F. (2003). Survey research – the basics, New Delhi: Sage Publications. Walliman, Nicholas (2006). Social research methods, New Delhi: Sage Publications. Chandan, J.S. (1998). Statistics for business and economics, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 207	Research Methodology	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week , P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 208`
COURSE TITLE:	FOREIGN LANGUAGE – 1 (FRENCH)
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	Tourism is a business of dealing with strangers and some basic knowledge of foreign language is necessary for tourism professionals. Further in hospitality industry French is considered as an important language therefore learners will try to learn basic French in this course.
SYLLABUS	Conjugation of verbs from the text to be put in present tense only A series of exercises covering the grammar Translation of sentences from the text form French to English and English to French Demanding of a service: A simple dialogue to be formed between two persons for any of the following situations:- reserving of train tickets, room booking, giving directions to reach a place, taking a phone call, ordering food, fixing a date
REFERENCES	Bienvenue En France – Tome I By A. Monnerie. Chapters 1-7 Cours De Langue Dt De Civilisation Francaises Book I. By G. Mauger. Chapters 1-14.

Course Code	Course Title	L	т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 208	FOREIGN LANGUAGE – 1 (FRENCH)	2	0	1	3	2	50			50

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week , P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 209
COURSE TITLE:	Seminar Course (Tourism Circuits- National Level)
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The main objective of this course is to develop some specific skills among students like product knowledge, development of itineraries, and personality development through public speaking. This seminar will encourage students to have an in-depth knowledge of the country
	and the current events which will help students in their professional career development.
COURSE CONTENTS:	Field Visits / Practicum Note: The detailed course structure and methodology for the Field Visits / Practicum will be planned by the Faculty In-charge.
REFERENCES:	This course will have continuous internal assessment of 100 points and would be evaluated by an internal faculty.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 209	Seminar Course	0	0	3	3	3	100	0	0	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 210										
COURSE TITLE:	Viva Voce										
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	There shall be an oral examination at the end of first semester of the										
	programme that will test student on his comprehension of the subject										
	nowledge acquired during the first semester of learning.										
EVALUATION	This comprehensive oral examination would be evaluated by a panel of										
	external/internal examiners, nominated by the University, out of 100 points.										
	This viva would cover whole curriculum of first semester of programme and										
	general understanding of tourism business										

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 210	Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

CENTRAL UNIVERSITY OF JAMMU MBA (TOURISM AND TRAVEL) Course Matrix

		THIE	RD SEI	MEST	ER					
Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 301	Entrepreneurship Development in Tourism	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 302	Tourism Product Designing & Development	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 303	Foreign Language-2 (French)	2	0	1	3	2	50			50
	MAJOR SPECIALIZATION -1									
MTT 304	Inbound Operation Management	2	0	1	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 305	Outbound Operation Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 306	MAJOR SPECIALIZATION -2									
TT 01	Event Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
TT 02	Aviation Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 307	MINOR SPECIALIZATION -1									
TT 01	Travel Writing & Journalism	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
TT 02	Cross- Cultural Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 308	MINOR SPECIALIZATION -2									
TT 01	Adventure tourism Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
TT 02	Heritage Tourism Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
MTT 309	Summer Training Report	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100
MTT 310	Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100
					25	29				950

Legends:L:- Lectures per week,**T**: Tutorials per week,**P**: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment MSE: Mid Semester Exam, ESE: End Semester Exam

COURSE CURRICULUM THIRD SEMESTER

COURSE CODE:	MTT 301
COURSE TITLE:	Entrepreneurship Development in Tourism
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The objective of the course is to enable the learners to start and manage small
	enterprises. This includes: How to scout for a good tourism business idea? How to analyse
	the business environment specially customers and competitors? How to analyse
	feasibility? How to prepare a Business Plan?
	How to start a business in tourism sector?
UNIT-1	Entrepreneurship - Concept and definitions; Entrepreneurship - Theories & Approaches -
	Types of Entrepreneurs— Entrepreneurial Motivation — Entrepreneurial Climate- Myths about Entrepreneurship - Role of Entrepreneurship in Economic Development-
	Entrepreneurial skill for travel, tourism and hospitality trade; problems of
	entrepreneurship in travel trade.
UNIT-2	Entrepreneurship in Tourism – Opportunities Identification – Business Plan - Feasibility
	Report – Funding options-Organizational Framework for Promotion and Development of
	Tourism and Travel Business- Venture Creation and Management in tourism.
UNIT-3	Conceptualising a business; business model; business strategy- understanding customers
	and analyzing competition; Form of organization and legal considerations; networking and
UNIT-4	collaboration; good business practices; Setting up a tourism enterprise- steps, procedures, licenses, registration etc.; Institutional
UNIT-4	support for MSMEs.
UNIT-5	Management Issues in Tourism & Hospitality Industry; Entrepreneurial case studies of
	major MNCs and National Tourism and Travel Firms- MakeMyTrip, Thomas Cook, Cox and
	Kings, Kuoni, Equation, Taj Hotel, Radisson Hotel, Welcome etc
REFERENCES	Chowdhary, N & Prakash, M (2010). Managing A Small Tourism Business, Matrix Publication, New Delhi.
	Desai, Vasant. Small-Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship. Himalaya Publishing House,
	Delhi
	Mohanty, Sangram Keshari. Fundamentals of entrepreneurship, New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.
	Kaulgud, Aruna. Entrepreneurship Management. Vikas Publishing House, Delhi.

Course Matrix:

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 301	Entrepreneurship		0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
	Development in									
	Tourism									

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 302
COURSE TITLE:	Tourism Product Designing & Development
COURSE	
OBJECTIVES:	The overall objective of this module is to provide students with an understanding of the tourism product designing and development in general; and the specific skills and steps required in Tourism product development. The subject will develop students' awareness of the importance of the Tourism product development at both national and international level, and at the same time, students will also familiarize themselves with the key elements and processes of tourism product development, and the theoretical concepts and principles underlying them.
UNIT-1	Definitions, Influences and Determinants: Defining Tourism Product Development, the Tourism Destination and its Characteristics, Variables Influencing Tourism Product Development, Destination Strategy for Tourism Product Development, the Role of Destination Authorities in Tourism Product Development
UNIT-2	Principles of Tourism Product Development: Principles and Procedures for Tourism Product Development-Market Research, Stakeholder Consultation and Collaboration, Market: Product Matching, Tourism and Product Development Areas (TDAs), Clusters, Circuits and Events, Product Portfolio, Investment Plan and Funding
UNIT-3	Steps in the Tourism Product Development Process: The Present Situation Analysis- PEST Analysis, SWOT Analysis, Tourism Area Life Cycle (TALC) Analysis, Boston Consulting Group Matrix. Identification of Tourism Product Development. Putting the Plan into Action.
UNIT-4	Destination Variations: Mature Destinations, Newly Emerging Destinations, Destinations with Fragile Environments/Endangered Species., Countries with Perception Problems in International Markets, Destinations with a Dominant Product, Destinations without a Major Tourism Development Opportunity, Destinations Specializing in Sports/Adventure/Activity Tourism etc.
UNIT-5	New Tourism Product Creation and Package Designing: Meaning of tourism packaging and its importance, packaging for group verses Individual traveler. Packaging verses product development. The Steps to Building A Tourism Package. Indian Tourism Segments- SWOT analysis. Niche Tourism Products—Film tourism, Golf tourism, Adventure, rural tourism, MICE, Wellness, Medical, events etc
REFERENCES	Kotler, P. Marketing Management. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi. Ramaswamy, V.S. and Namakumari, S. Marketing Management, Planning and Control. Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi. Kumar, A. and Meenakshi, N. Marketing Management. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 302	Tourism Product Designing & Development	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 303
COURSE TITLE:	FOREIGN LANGUAGE – 2 (FRENCH)
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	Tourism is a business of dealing with strangers and some basic knowledge of foreign
	language is necessary for tourism professionals. Further in hospitality industry
	French is considered as an important language therefore learners will try to learn
	basic French in this course.
SYLLABUS	Conjugation of Verbs from the text into present and past tense.
	A series of short grammar exercise from the chapters done, covering areas of: Pronons demonstratit, changing of tenses, pronons complement, possessif, les comparatives, interrogation, etc Translation of sentences from the text, French to English and English to French. Demanding of a service: simple dialogue to be formed in any of the following situations: Calling a Taxi, Reservation of a dinner table, Hotel room, etc.
REFERENCES	Bienvenue En France – Tome I By A. Monnerie. Chapters 8-13 Cours De Langue Dt De Civilisation Francaises Book I. By G. Mauger. Chapters 15-22.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 303	Foreign Language -2 (French)	2	0	1	3	3	50			50

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 304								
COURSE TITLE:	INBOUND OPERATION MANAGEMENT								
	(MAJOR SPECILIZATION -1)								
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	To comprehend the planning and execution of the inbound tourism operations in the most efficient and effective manner whilst ensuring the utmost level of professionalism, To make students aware of the competencies which are expected of them as inbound tourism professionals by the tourism industry, To create awareness about the various famous destinations of inbound tourism and to aware about the most promoted itineraries for the inbound tourists by the top tour operator organizations and to make students aware of the present inbound tourism scenario.								
UNIT-1	INBOUND TOURISM PROCESS: Definition/ Meaning of inbound tourism, Importance of Networks;B2B and B2C,Source Markets of inbound tourism, Marketing Initiatives, Booking and Execution, Inbound tourism scenario in India, Challenges and opportunities in Inbound Tourism, Importance of Inbound Tourism to India.								
UNIT-2	MEGA INBOUND TOURISM CIRCUITS: Golden Triangle of India, Golden Triangle of Odisha, Buddhist Circuits of India, Jainism Circuits of India, Char Dhams of India etc.								
	Andhra Pradesh Tirupati: Kadapa Heritage Tourist Circuit etc.								
	Assam: National Park Mega Circuit National Park Mega Circuit covering Manas, Orang,								
	Nameri, Kaziranga, Jorhat, Sibsagar & Majouli								
	Bihar: Bodhgaya-Rajgir-Nalanda- Circuit								
	Goa: Churches of Goa								
	Gujarat: Dwarka-Nageshwar-Bet Dwarka Circuit								
	Odisha: Bhubaneshwar- Puri-Chilka- Circuit								
	Uttarakahnd : Haridwar-Rishikesh-Munikireti- Circuit ,Char Dhams of Uttarakhand.								
UNIT-3	ITINERARY ANALYSIS OF THE TOP TOUR OPERATORS								
	o Cox & Kings								
	 Le Passage to India 								
	o Thomas Cook								
	o Kuoni								
	Online Travel Agencies (OTAs)								
	 Others General information about Indian Railways, Types of rail tours in India:,Palace-on-Wheels and Royal Orient, Deccan Odyssey, Toy Trains etc. Indrail Pass. 								
UNIT-4	INBOUND TOURISM SCENARIO AND FORMALITES :Inbound tourism statistics, VOA (
	Visa on arrival) to different countries and its formalities, Regulations for NRI/Indian								
	Diaspora , characteristics of best itinerary, feasibility check of an itinerary, useful								
	linkages with hotels, transportation and excursion points, procedure of introducing								
	new itineraries and problems involved in it, Knowledge of seasonality, special rates,								

	price undercutting in tourism and its remedies for successful business exchange programs, decision of percentage mark ups, costing as the marketing tool.								
UNIT-5	NESTING OF THE TOURISM TRAINEES Induction ,Organisation Culture (Cases of leading travel houses), Competencies expected: Networking ability, amicability, techno savvy, initiative, confident, time management, analytic skills, written and verbal communication skills, etc.								
References	Tourism Products of India by Manoj Dixit and Charu Sheela Lonely Planet: India								

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 304	INBOUND OPERATION MANAGEMENT (MAJOR SPECILIZATION -1)	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week , P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 305
COURSE TITLE:	OUTBOUND OPERATION MANAGEMENT
	(MAJOR SPECILIZATION -1)
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The purpose of this course is to acquire in-depth knowledge about the Outbound operations and the necessary formalities involved in it. The objectives of this course it to give injunction to the student about the outbound operations. The course covers the major outbound destinations and the some of the popular outbound itineraries.
UNIT-1	CONTEMPORARY PRESPECTIVES IN OUTBOUND TOURISM: Outbound tourism and its
	challenges, Top outbound tourism markets of India, Factors affecting Outbound and
	regional tourist movements, Demand and origin factors, destination & resource factors.
	Contemporary trends in outbound tourist mobility, Political aspects of the outbound travel,
	tourism Barriers to travel, regulations, need for government support to promote outbound
	tourism, political stability, travel advisories, political risk, and crisis management.
	Understanding about EU, Schengen nations, and EURAIL passes etc.
UNIT-2	DESTINATION PROFILE ASSESSMENT:
	Understanding the leading tourism markets of the world, Europe, North America, South
	America, Australasia, Africa.
	Europe : Spain ,Italy ,France ,UK,Germany etc.
	Africa: Egypt,South Africa,Kenya etc.
	North America : Canada,USA
	South America : Brazil, Argentia etc
	South East Asia, Middle East
UNIT-3	ITINERARY ANALYSIS: Concepts of airbnb,rome2rio web portals, Couch surfing, Home Exchange etc. in Outbound Tourism, Escorted International Group Tour Packages, Different Europe Tour Packages, America tour package, Canada tour packages, African tour packages, South east Asia tour packages.
UNIT-4	OUTBOUND TRADE RELATED FORMALITIES Knowledge of travel documents, passport, visa, multiple visa, different fees for visa to different areas, travel insurance, health insurance, Foreign exchange policy of India, amount of foreign exchange valid for an outbound traveler in and from India, custom clearances and immigration formalities, weight of luggage in international aircraft valid.
UNIT-5	TOURISM AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS Supranational tourism regimes (SAARC,
	ASEAN,EU etc.) , Cross-border tourism policies (Case studies)
REFERENCES	Pearce, D.G. and Butler, R.W. Contemporary issues in tourism development, Routledge
	Hall, CM and Page, SJ. The Geography of Tourism and Recreation, Routledge.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 305	OUTBOUND OPERATION MANAGEMENT	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
	(MAJOR SPECILIZATION -1)									

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 306 (TT 01) –MAJOR SPECILIZATION -2
COURSE TITLE:	EVENT MANAGEMENT
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The purpose of this course is to familiarize the students with the essentials of
	event management and the potential of MICE in the industry.
UNIT-1	Introduction: Meaning, characteristics and types of events; Social, Economic,
	Political and Developmental implications of events.
UNIT-2	Dynamics of Event Management: Event Planning and organizing; Event
	preparation, logistics and support services; Financial management and Marketing
	of events, Risk management and emergency services.
UNIT-3	Introduction to MICE: Components of MICE, Economic and Social significance of
	MICE, Introduction to professional meeting planning-definition, types and roles;
	associate, corporate and independent meeting planners; TA's and TO's as meeting
	planner; Convention Visitor Bureaus-functions, structure and funding sources.
UNIT-4	Event Marketing: Customer care; Marketing equipments and tools – Promotion,
	Media Relations and Publicity ; Event Co-ordination - Visual and Electronic
	Communication ; Event Presentation; Event Evaluation; Case Studies of events of
	National and International importance.
UNIT-5	Travel Industry Fairs : Benefits of Fairs - ITB, WTM, BTF, TTW, FITUR, KTM, IITM, CIl- Events, PATA Travel Mart.
REFERENCES	Leonard H. Hoyle (2002), Event Marketing, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
	Anton Shone & Bryn Parry (2002), Successful Event Management, Cengage Learning.
	Bhatia A.K. (2001), Event Management, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
	David C. Watt (1998), Event Management in Leisure and Tourism, Pearson, UK.

Course Code	Course Title	L	т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 306 (TT-01)	EVENT MANAGEMENT	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment,

COURSE CODE:	MTT 306 (TT 02) - MAJOR SPECILIZATION -2								
COURSE TITLE:	AVIATION MANAGEMENT								
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The knowledge of structure and dynamics of airline industry is pre-requisite for any tourism professional. This course is about understanding airport management, constructing airfare and basic concept of air cargo.								
UNIT-1	Introduction: Evolution of aviation industry; International Conventions- Warsaw								
	Convention, Chicago Convention; Functions and role of ICAO, IATA, DGCA and								
	AAI. Understanding OAG codes decodes of cities, countries, airports, aircrafts,								
	airlines; Time difference, Flying time, Elapse time; Hub and Spoke system.								
UNIT-2	Airport Management: Travel Documentation; Airport Facilities, Check-in								
	formalities, In-flight services, Classes of service and comfort, special passengers,								
	Baggage handling- procedures and practices.								
UNIT-3	Airline Ticketing: Meaning and Types; Airline ticketing procedure, Reissuance of ticket, cancellation of ticket; Types of airline Journeys; Air fare construction: IATA-UFTAA fare formula, calculation of MPM, TPM, EMA and EMS.								
UNIT-4	Computer and IT in Airline Reservation: Major online reservation packages; CRS/GDS- Meaning, characteristics, function codes of packages such as Amadeus/Galileo; Planning itinerary by air.								
UNIT-5	Air Cargo: Meaning, Cargo rates-Baggage Allowance, Weight and piece concept; Dangerous goods; Airway Bill; Consignment; Case study of Cargo operating airlines.								
REFERENCES	Jagmohan Negi (2005). Air Travel Ticketing and Fare Construction, Kanishka, New Delhi.								
	 Gupta, S.K. (2007). International Airfare and Ticketing- Methods and Techniques. New Delhi: UDH Publishers and Distributers (P) Ltd. 								
	 3. Davidoff, D.S. and Davidoff, P.G. (1995). Air Fares and Ticketing. New York: Prentice Hall. Foster, Dennis L. (2010). IATA Ticketing Hand Book. 								

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
					Week					
MTT 306	AVIATION	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
(TT-02)	MANAGEMENT									

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,MSE: Mid Semester Exam, ESE: End Semester Exam

COURSE CODE	MTT-307 (TT-01)
COURSE TITLE	TRAVEL WRITING AND JOURNALISM
COURSE	To provide basic understanding about travel journalism and its role in tourism promotion; and to equip
OBJECTIVES	the students with the practical know-how on travel writing and the dynamics of making travelogues.
UNIT-1	Travel Writing: Introduction & Historical Evolution; Types of Travel Stories: Service Stories, Destination Stories, Autobiographical Tales – Anthologies; Quintessential Qualities of a Good Travel Writer; Publishing
	Opportunities: Articles and Short Pieces of Travel Writing for Newspapers, Magazines, Travel Newsletters, Short Pieces for Books, The Internet, Travel Books, Guide Books, Accommodation Guides, Business Travel, Coffee Table Books.
UNIT-2	Electronic Media in Documenting Destinations, Travel and Transport, Hospitality and Tourism resources - Nature of Media Coverage: Webcast and Telecast; Script writing for Travel Programs: Identifying points for Visual Support, Conducting interviews; Virtual tourism.
UNIT-3	The Art & Craft of Travel Writing: Elements of Good Travel Writing, Crafting a Structure, Five Compelling Beginnings, The Middle Section, Conclusion that Leads to new Directions, Elements of Structure: Building Blocks, Transitions; Research Topics: Sources of Information; Research on the Internet; Researching on the spot; Organizing research material.
UNIT-4	Developing Ideas for Travel Articles: Journey Pieces; Activity Pieces; Special Interest Piece; Side-trips; Reviews; Ideas from Own Travel Experiences; Ideas from other Sources.
UNIT-5	The Tools of the Trade: Journal, Audio Recorder, Camera, Laptop Computer; How to Portray the Experiences: Practical Tips; Choosing the Right Words - Verbs, Adjectives and Clichés, Illustrations; The Practicality of taking Photographs, Non-photographic Illustrations; Carrier Prospects: Working as a Staff Writer; Working as a Freelancer; Part-Time Travel Writing.
References	 Janet Macdonald (2000), Travel Writing, Robert Hale, London. Brunt.P. (1997), Market Research in Travel and Tourism, Butterworth and Heinemann, UK. Clark, Riley,M., Wood,R.C. (1998), Researching and Writing Dissertations in Hospitality and Tourism, UK. Neilson C. (2001), Tourism and the Media: Tourist Decision Making, Information and Communication, Hospitality Press, Melbourne. Arvaham E. & Ketter E. (2008), Media Strategies for Marketing Places in Crisis, Elsevier, UK., UK.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 307	Travel Writing and Journalism	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100
(TT 01)										

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,MSE:

COURSE CODE:	MTT 307 (TT-02)
COURSE TITLE:	CROSS CULTURAL MANAGEMENT
COURSE	This course will focus on issues related to managing inter cultural interactions as
OBJECTIVES:	primarily the tourism business is focused on handling people with various cultural
	beliefs. It highlights the importance of recognising and addressing cross cultural
	sensitivities. A large part of tourism business is to either handle inbound tourists or
	accompany tourist to an outbound destination. In both cases a tour manager must
	prepare for cross-cultural sensitivities. This course will discuss issues related to managing
	intercultural interactions.
UNIT-1	Introduction to Cross Cultural Management, Elements and Characteristics of Culture, The
	Global Community & Cultural Diversity, Narratives, Natives & Tourists, Significance of
	Culture in International Management, Growing presence of Multinationals with
	Expatriate Managers.
UNIT-2	Cultural Theories and Practice: Cultures as Adaptive Systems, Ideational Theories of
	Culture: Cultures as Cognitive Systems; Cultures as Structural Systems; Cultures as
	Symbolic Systems; Intercultural Theories: Contact Model, Acculturation Theory,
	Enculturation Theory, Social Exchange and Social Representation Theory.
UNIT-3	Globalisation, Tourism and Culture: Cultural Variability-Sources of Differences;
	Identifying Differences in Culture-Specific Perception – the Kluckhohn- Strodtbeck
	Model, Hall's Model of High and Low Context Cultures, Hofstede's Model; Tourism &
	Cultural change.
UNIT-4	Intercultural Communication: Concepts and Challenges; Cultural Influences on Tourist
	Behaviour, Learning about Host Culture; Social Interactions; Culture Shock; the Phases of
	Cultural Shock; Influence on Services; Ethical Considerations: Fundamentalism;
	Relativism.
UNIT-5	Cross Cultural Comparisons: Cultural Basis for International Society, the Anthropological
	Concept, Local vs Global Culture, Differences among International Societies like the
	United States, China, Russia, Islamic Civilization, India etc.; Multiculturalism and
	Competence.
REFERENCES:	Reisinger, Yvette (2009). International Tourism: Cultures and Behaviours. Burlington: Butterworth- Heinemann
	Hodgetts Richard and Luthans, Fred (2008). International Management: Culture, Strategy and
	Behaviours. New Delhi: Tata McGraw Hill.
	Hooker, John (2003). Working Across Cultures. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
	Deresky, Helen (2007). International Management- Managing Across Borders and Cultures (Eastern Economic Edition). New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India Private Limited.
	Carr-Ruffino, N. (2008). Managing Diversity: People Skills for a Multicultural Workplace. Boston,
Course Matrix:	MA: Pearson Custom Publishing.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 307 (TT- 02)	Cross-Cultural Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment, MSE: Mid Semester

Exam, **ESE**: End Semester Exam

COURSE CODE:	MTT 308 (TT 01) –MINOR SPECILIZATION -2
COURSE TITLE:	ADVENTURE TOURISM
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	Adventure tourism is considered as an essential part of tourism and an understanding of this type of tourism is required for any tourism professional. This course would provide a basic knowledge of adventure tourism's technicalities and an understanding of various organizations working in the related field.
UNIT-1	Introduction of Adventure Tourism, Definition and history of adventure tourism, various components of adventure tourism.
UNIT-2	Types of adventure tourism, popular adventure tourism activities (Mountaineering, Trekking, Rafting, Paragliding, Skiing, Safaris etc.) and Artificial environment adventure, Case study of Himachal Pradesh & Uttarakhand.
UNIT-3	The demand and supply side: The adventure tourist, The adventure tourism market, Destinations and venues, Management of adventure tourism: Marketing, Risk management, Ethical issues in adventure tourism.
UNIT-4	Training in adventure tourism, popular adventure programs in India, role of adventure tourism guides, tools and techniques of communication in adventure operations, different grades of adventure (with special reference to trekking, rafting and climbing).
UNIT-5	Role and history of IMF in developing the adventure tourism in India, history and development of mountaineering institutes of India, Role of ATOAI in promoting adventure tourism in India, Future of adventure tourism in India.
REFERENCES:	Swarbrooke J., C. Beard, S. Leckie and G. Pomfret. Adventure Tourism- New Frontier, Butterworth Heinemann: London Buckley, Ralf, Adventure Tourism, CABI: Oxfordshire, UK Negi Jagmohan, Adventure Tourism and Sports: Risks and Challenges (a set of 2 volumes), Delhi: Kanishka Malik, S.S., Adventure Tourism, Delhi: Rahul Adventure Travel Report, 1997. http://www.tia.org/pubs/domestic.asp?PublicationID=40 Adventure Travel Society, 2001. http://www.adventuretravel.com/research_definitions.htm Darst, P. and G. Armstrong. Outdoor Adventure Activities for School and Recreation Programs. Minneapolis: MN: Burgess. Ewert, A.W. Outdoor Adventure Pursuits. Worthington, Ohio: Publishing Horizons Inc.

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 308 (TT 01)	Adventure Tourism Management	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,MSE:

COURSE CODE:	MTT 308 (TT 02) –MINOR SPECILIZATION -2
COURSE TITLE:	HERITAGE TOURISM MANAGEMENT
COURSE	This course is important to study because of India is rich in its cultural and heritage
OBJECTIVES:	properties and its maintenance is necessary. This will help to understand the nature
	of this form of tourism and conservation.
UNIT-1	Cultural and heritage tourism, its manifestations, characteristics and commonalities
	between cultural and heritage tourism, tangible and intangible elements of culture.
	Demand and supply side of cultural and heritage tourism.
UNIT-2	What is Heritage? Meaning and concept. Criterions for selection as heritage sites,
	monuments and zones by UNESCO. Types of heritage property. World famous
	heritage sites and monuments in India.
UNIT-3	Cultural and Heritage Management, objectives and strategies, Protection,
	Conservation and Preservation, Cultural and Heritage Marketing, Destination
	development. Heritage Hotels and their classification.
UNIT-4	Indian Culture: General Features, Sources, Components and Evolution. Structure of
	Indian Society, Rites and Rituals, Elements of Indian Art; (Dance, Music, Literature,
	Cinema, Handicrafts).
UNIT-5	National and International Organisations engaged in Heritage Management (UNESCO,
	ICOMOS, ASI, INTACH and NGOs); Museums- concept and classifications (National
	Museum, New Delhi; Bharat Kala Bhawan, etc.), Art Galleries and Libraries of India.
REFERENCES:	Allchin, B., Allchin, F.R. et al. <i>Conservation of Indian Heritage</i> , Cosmo Publishers, New Delhi.
	Ashworth, G. J., The Tourist Historic City. Retrospect and Prospect of Managing the Heritage City, Pergamon, Oxford
	Agrawal V.S.: <i>The Heritage of Indian Art</i> , Govt. of India Publication.nnel View Publication.
	Christopher Tadgell : <i>The History of Architecture in India</i> , Penguin, New Delhi
	Timothy Dallen J. Cultural Heritage and Tourism: An Introduction, Channel View Publication.
	Dalmia Yashodhra: Contemporary Indian Art: Other Remedies , Marg Publisher, Mumbai
	Luniya B.N.: Ancient Indian Culture, Laxmi Narain Educational Publisher, Agra
	Venkataraman Leela: <i>Indian Classical Dance,</i> Roli Books
	Sarina Singh et. al., India, Lonely Planet Publications, Australia
	Acharya Ram: Tourism and Culture heritage of India, RBSA Pub, Jaipur
	Goswami O.: Story of Indian music: Its growth and Synthesis, Asia Pub House, Mumbai
	Bhavani, Enakshi: Dance in India, DB Taraporevala Sons & Co.
Course Matrix:	

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 308	HERITAGE TOURISM MANAGMENT	3	0	0	3	3	25	25	50	100

L: Lecturers per week, T: Tutorials per week, P: Practical per week, CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment, MSE: Mid Semester Exam, ESE: End Semester Exam

COURSE CODE:	MTT 309							
COURSE TITLE:	SUMMER TRAINING REPORT							
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The objective of this course is to enable students to							
	develop and relate theory to practice							
	help themselves in making an informed career choice after exposure to the actual work environment							
	observing the systems, processes, interactions and human relations in the organization							
	get an opportunity to understand the expectations of industry							
	 prepare themselves for final placements. 							
REFERENCES:	Evaluation: Student presentations would be organised based on their on-the-job training reports. Presentations would be organized according to a predetermined schedule. A panel of teachers would evaluate the presentations, draft reports and participations. They would give students feedback on their summer training reports. Based on feedback, students would submit a final report which would be evaluated by an external/internal examiner, nominated by the University, out of 100 points.							

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 309	Summer Training report	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week ,P: Practical per week ,CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment ,MSE: Mid Semester Exam, ESE: End Semester Exam

COURSE CODE:	MTT 310
COURSE TITLE:	Viva Voce
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	There shall be an oral examination at the end of third semester of the programme
	that will test student on his comprehension of the subject knowledge acquired
	during the first semester of learning.
EVALUATION	This comprehensive oral examination would be evaluated by a panel of
	external/internal examiners, nominated by the University, out of 50 points. This viva
	would cover whole curriculum of first semester of programme and general
	understanding of tourism business

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	P	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
MTT 310	Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	100	100

L: Lecturers per week , T: Tutorials per week , P: Practical per week , CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment , MSE:

	FC	DUR	TH SI	EMES	STER					
Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	Р	Hours Per Week	Credit	CIA	MSE	ESE	Total
*MTT 401	Dissertations: Project Report and Presentation	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	100	100
**MTT402	On-the- Job Training: Report Presentation	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	200	200
MTT403	Comprehensive Viva Voce	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	200	200
	Total					16				500
	Grand Total									3300

Legends:

L:- Lectures per week T: Tutorials per week P: Practical per week CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment

MSE: Mid Semester Exam ESE: End Semester Exam

NOTE:-

*MTT 401- The Internal mentors shall be allocated to the students in 3rd Semester for the guidance of the Dissertation and students needs to submit their report before going for the OJT in 4th Semester.

**MTT402- OJT is the compulsory course and will be of at least 4-6 months

COURSE CODE:	MTT 401
COURSE TITLE:	DISSERTATIONS: PROJECT REPORT AND PRESENTATION
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The objective of this course is to enable students to develop an aptitude of research aptitude; the course shall develop the ability and expertise from where to conduct a review/situational/observational analysis of the tourism industry.
COURSE CONTENT:	The guidelines and detailed instructions to complete dissertations will be given by the mentors allocated by the Department.
Evaluation	This report would be evaluated by an external/internal examiner, nominated by the University, out of 100 points.

COURSE CODE:	MTT 402
COURSE TITLE:	ON-THE- JOB TRAINING: REPORT PRESENTATION
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	The objective of this course is to enable students to
	develop and relate theory to practice
	help themselves in making an informed career
	choice after exposure to the actual work
	environment
	observing the systems, processes, interactions
	and human relations in the organization
	• get an opportunity to understand the
	expectations of industry
	prepare themselves for final placements.
REFERENCES:	Evaluation: Student presentations would be organised
	based on their on-the-job training reports. Presentations
	would be organized according to a predetermined
	schedule. A panel of teachers would evaluate the
	presentations, draft reports and participations. They
	would give students feedback on their training reports.
	Based on feedback, students would submit a final report
	which would be evaluated by an external/internal
	examiner, nominated by the University, out of 200
	points.

COURSE CODE:	MTT 403
COURSE TITLE:	Comprehensive Viva Voce
COURSE OBJECTIVES:	There shall be an oral examination at the end of fourth semester of the programme that will test student on his
	comprehension of the subject knowledge acquired
	during the two years of learning.
EVALUATION	This comprehensive oral examination would be evaluated by a panel of external/internal examiners,
	nominated by the University, out of 200 points. This viva would cover whole curriculum of degree programme and
	general understanding of tourism business