



NUJS LAW REVIEW CITATION AND STYLE STANDARD

The Board of Editors of the NUJS Law Review has devised the NUJS Law Review Citation and Style Standard in order to lend simplicity, uniformity and consistency to the authorities cited, and styles used. The citation standard has been derived from other citation standards commonly followed, and has been customised to suit the specific requirements of the Law Review. The following shall be uniformly followed in all future issues of the NUJS Law Review.

CITATION GUIDELINES

GENERAL CITATION STANDARDS

Books:

HARDAS SINGH, FREE INDIA 277–78 (2000).

Law Review Articles:

Rostum J. Neuwirth, *The European Union and the Ambivalence Towards the Process of European Integration*, 1 NUJS L. REV. 33 (2008) (Each Journal may be cited as per its own prescribed abbreviated form. Other commonly used citations may also be accepted.)

Edited Volumes:

V.N. SHUKLA, CONSTITUTION OF INDIA 131 (M.P.Singh ed., 2008).

Articles in Book:

Subha Sarkar & Bharat Sarkar, *Sixth Five Year Plan* in FISCAL CHALLENGES IN THE TWENTIETH CENTURY 121, 123 (2008).

Newspaper Articles:

Sarat Das, *India's Biggest Dream*, TIMES OF BENGAL (Kolkata) January 30, 2009.

Magazine Articles:

Sujata Singh, *Elections 2008*, THE PACIFIC FORTNIGHTLY (Kolkata) April 8, 2002, 43.

Online Materials:

Mention the name of the author (or the news agency when citing a news article) of the material. Mention the title in italics as on the webpage. Mention the date of the material where available. Then mention the uniform resource locator (URL) and the date when it was last visited. Where author information is not available, begin the citation from the title. If no clear title is discernible then cite the title as shown in the Title Bar of the Web browser.

- Indo Asian News Service, *India Elect to Bat Against Sri Lanka in Second ODI*, January 31, 2009, available at <http://beta.cricket.yahoo.com/cricket/news/article?id=item/2.0/-/cricket.indiaabroad.com/16c6e68269c8a654c3397c389d18a755/> (Last visited on January 31, 2009).

Municipal Statutes:

The Consumer Protection Act, 1986, § 3.

Reported Cases:

Keshavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala, AIR 1973 SC 1461.

Pending and Unreported Cases:

For pending cases, write the name or cause title of the case, the name of the court in which it is pending, the petition, suit or appeal number of the case and the fact that it is pending or unreported.

- Tirthankar v. Das, S.L.P. No. 5 of 2005 (S.C.) (Pending).
- George v. Rohit, Cri. App. 4 of 2007 (Delhi H.C.) (Unreported).

Working Papers:

Abhay Agarwal, *Annual Report on Professional Relations 16-17* (NUJS Pub. Law & Legal Theory Working Paper Group, Paper No. 12, 2000).

Symposia:

Symposium, *Terrorism and National Security*, 2 NUJS L. REV. 19 (2009).

Press Releases:

Press Release, RESERVE BANK OF UTOPIA, *Foreign Direct Investment in the Insurance Sector* (January 30, 2008) at URL (Last visited on October 3, 2008).

Memorandums:

Memorandum from NUJS Law Review Board to the Vice Chancellor, NUJS (September 30, 2008) (on file with author).

Interviews:

Interview of Shalini Bush, Director, NUJS School of Social Sciences by Ranjan Dutta in Kolkata, India (March 2, 2008).

The name of the interviewee would be followed by his/her designation and then the name of the interviewer, which shall be followed by the place of interview and lastly the date of interview within parentheses.

Speeches:

Anil Das, Chairman, Federal Relations Committee, Keynote Address at the NUJS Law Review Symposium: Basic Structure of the Constitution (March 2, 2008).

Dissertations/Theses:

William Bush, War Against Smuggling (August 15, 2008) (unpublished Ph. D. dissertation, National University of Juridical Sciences, Kolkata) (on file with author).

INTERNATIONAL MATERIALS

Cases:

Diversion of Water from Meuse (Neth. v. Belg.), 1937 P.C.I.J. (ser.A/B) No. 70, 7.

UN Sources :

General Assembly:

G.A. Res.47/1, ¶ 33, U.N. Doc. A/RES/47/1 (September 22, 1992).

Universal Declarations of Human Rights, G.A. Res. 217A, U.N. Doc. A/810 (December 12, 1948).

Security Council Resolutions:

S.C. Res. 508, ¶ 9, U.N. Doc. S/RES/508 (June 5, 1982).

UN Reports:

United Nations Economic and Social Council [ECOSOC], Sub-Commission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, Working Group on Minorities, *Working Paper: Universal and Regional Mechanisms for Minority Protection*, ¶ 17, U.N. Doc. E/CN.4/Sub.2/AC.5/1999/WP.6 (May 5, 1999).

Reports from conferences:

World Conference on Human Rights, June 14-25, 1993, *Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action*, ¶ 37, U.N. Doc. A/CONF.157/23 (July 12, 1993).

WTO panel and Appellate Body Materials:

Panel Report, *United States – Sections 301-310 of the Trade Act of 1974* (name of the Complainant), WT/DS 152/R (December 22, 1999) [hereinafter Section 301 Panel Report].

Appellate Body Report, *Brazil- Export Financing Programme for Aircraft* (name of the Complainant), ¶ 19, WT/DS46/AB/R (August 2, 1999).

General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade panel decisions:

Report of the Panel, Japan – *Restrictions on Imports of Certain Agricultural Products* (name of the Complainant), ¶ 5.2.2, L/6253 (February 2, 1988), GATT B.I.S.D. (35th Supp.) 163, 229 (1989).

Statutes of Foreign Jurisdictions:

Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, 2000 (U.S.).

Treaties:

Three or fewer parties:

Convention for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with Respect to Taxes on Estates, Inheritances, and Gifts (U.S., Canada and Mexico), November 24, 1978, 32 U.S.T. 1935.

Citation of a treaty among more than three parties:

North Atlantic Treaty, April 4, 1949, 63 Stat. 2241, 34 U.N.T.S. 243.

OTHER CITATION STANDARDS

Para & Section Symbols:

If a particular paragraph (¶) or section (§) of an authority is referred to, it should be cited in the following manner:

- ⁴⁵ See *Keshavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala*, AIR 1973 SC 1461, ¶ 2210.
- ⁴⁶ See *The Indian Penal Code*, 1860, § 56.

Quotations:

Original Quotations: Such quotations are to be kept within double quotation marks and retained in their original form without any italicization.

Quotations within quotations: Whenever possible, a quotation within a quotation should be attributed to its original source.

- Dr. Ambedkar noted the Constituent Assembly’s resolve “to ensure that ‘rule of law as a basic tenet of constituent democracy’ must be preserved at all costs.”³⁶

³⁶ CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY DEBATES, Vol. VIII, 122-4 (quoting M.K. GANDHI, *MY EXPERIMENTS WITH TRUTH*, 224 (1993)).

Speaking Footnotes or Explanatory Parentheticals:

Explanations to footnotes should be inside parentheticals.

- ³⁵ See Rostum J. Neuwirth, *The European Union and the Ambivalence Towards the Process of European Integration*, 1 NUJS L. REV. 33, 43 (2008) (discussing the problems to European integration).

SHORT CITATION FORMS

Supra

When an authority has been fully cited previously, the “*supra*” form may be used. The “*supra*” form generally consists of the last name of the author of the work, followed by a comma and the word “*supra*”. Volume, paragraph, section or page numbers may be added to refer to the specific material.

- ²⁸ SEERVAI, *supra* note 10, 6.
- ³⁵ *See supra* text accompanying notes 205-207.

Hereinafter

For authority that would be too long to cite repeatedly with the usual “*supra*” or for which the regular shortened form would confuse the reader, a special short form may be established. After the first citation of the authority, but before any explanatory parenthetical place the word “*hereinafter*” and the special shortened form in brackets.

- ³⁴ *Proposed Amendments to the Code of Criminal Procedure: Hearings Before the Central Administrative Reforms Committee, 12th Conference. 92-93 (1977) (hereinafter Hearings).*
- ³⁸ Hearings, *supra* note 34, 33.

Infra

It is used to refer to material that appears later in the piece.

- ³⁷ *See* discussion *infra* Part II.B.2, III.C.1.
- ³⁵ *See infra* 106-107.
- ¹⁴³ SEERVAI, *infra* note 10, 6.

Id.

It may be used to refer to the immediately preceding authority.

- ¹⁴ *Id.*, 58.
- ⁴⁷ *See id.* § 1.7.

SOME INTRODUCTORY SIGNALS

E.g.

Cited authority states the proposition; other authorities also state the proposition, but citation to them would not be helpful or is not necessary. “*E.g.*” may also be used in combination with other signals, preceded by a comma:

- ⁴ *See, e.g.,*
- ⁴⁷ *But see, e.g.,*

See

Cited authority clearly supports the proposition. “*See*” is used when the proposition is not directly stated by the cited authority but directly follows from it. There is an inferential step between the authority cited and the proposition it supports.

See also

Cited authority constitutes additional source material that supports the proposition. It is commonly used to cite an authority supporting a proposition which has already been cited or discussed. The use of a parenthetical explanation of the source's relevance following a citation introduced by "*see also*" is encouraged.

C.f.

Literally "*c.f.*" means compare. Cited authority cites a proposition different from the main proposition but sufficiently analogous to lend support. The citation's relevance will usually be clear only if it is explained to the reader. Therefore, parenthetical explanations however brief are strongly recommended. Comparison of the authorities cited will offer support for or will illustrate the proposition.

Signals which suggest comparison

If different authorities are to be compared within the footnote itself, then one may use the following signals:

- ⁵⁴*Compare* Keshavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala, AIR 1973 SC 1461 (creating the basic structure doctrine), *and* Indira Gandhi v. Rajnarain, (1975) Supp. (1) SCC 1 (applying the doctrine in context of election law), *with* I.C. Golaknath v. State of Punjab, AIR 1967 SC 1643 (relating the issue of amendment to the ouster of jurisdiction of the High Courts under Article 226 of the Constitution).

Signals which indicate contradiction

But see

Cited authority clearly supports a proposition contrary to the main proposition. "*But see*" is used where "*see*" would have been used in case of a supporting authority.

See generally

Cited authority presents helpful background material related to the proposition. The use of a parenthetical explanation of the source material's relevance following each authority introduced by "*see generally*" is encouraged.

- ⁴³*See generally* T.V.G.N.S. Sudhakar, *International Criminal Justice: An Analysis of International Judicial Institutions*, 1 NUJS L. REV. 1 (2009) (arguing that international criminal judicial institutions are desirable mediums for enforcement of international criminal law).

STYLE GUIDELINES

TITLE

[Times New Roman, 16 Points, Bold, All Caps, Centre Align]

Name of Author(s)

[Times New Roman, 14 Points, Italics, Centre Align]

Abstract Text

[Times New Roman, 11 Points, Italics, Justify, 0.5 inch indent on both sides]

I. INTRODUCTION (HEADING LEVEL 1)

[Times New Roman, 13 Points, All Caps, Centre Align]

A. HEADING LEVEL 2

[Times New Roman, 12 Points, All Caps, Italics, Left Align]

1. Heading level 3

[Times New Roman, 12 Points, Left Align]

Text

[Times New Roman, 12 Points, Justify, Single Line Spacing]

Footnotes

[Times New Roman, 10 Points, Justify, Single Line Spacing]