Max. Marks: 200

**Total Questions: 200** 

Time:  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

### **SECTION - A**

**Analytical Ability** 

Questions: 75

I. Data Sufficiency

(Marks : 20)

Marks: 75

**Note:** In questions numbered 1 to 20, a question is followed by data in the form of two statements labelled as I and II. You must decide whether the data given in the statements are sufficient to answer the questions. Using the data make an appropriate choice from (1) to (4) as per the following guidelines:

- a) Mark choice (1) if the statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- b) Mark choice (2) if the statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- c) Mark choice (3) if both the statements I and II together are sufficient to answer the question but neither statement alone is sufficient.
- d) Mark choice (4) if both the statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question and additional data is required.
- 1. Are the sets A and B disjoint?

I. 
$$A \cup B = A \Delta B$$

II. 
$$A \cup B = A$$

**2.** Is the integer k, divisible by 12?

I. k is divisible by 3

II. k is divisible by 24

3. Given n is a natural number, is  $n(n^2 - 1)$  divisible by 24?

I. n is odd

II. n is multiple of 3

4. What is the value of  $\frac{a^2 - b^2}{a^2 + ab}$ ?

I. 
$$\frac{a}{b} = 1$$

II. 
$$a + b \neq 0$$

5. What is the value of a + b + c + d?

I. 
$$3a + 5b + 7c - 6d = 24$$

II. 
$$a - b - 3c + 10d = 16$$

- **6.** What is the slope of the straight line?
  - I. The straight line passes through the origin and the point (3, 2).
  - II. The straight line passes through (3, 3).



$$I. AB = AD$$

II. 
$$\angle A = 90^{\circ}$$



**8.** What is the area of triangle?

I. Its base is 10.

II. Its area is half of the area of a square with side 8.

**9.** Is x positive?

I. 
$$x^2 + 3x - 4 = 0$$
 II.  $x > -2$ 

**10.** What is the value of  $(x + y + z)^4 - x^4 - y^4 - z^4$ ?

I. 
$$z = 8$$

II. 
$$x = 6$$
,  $y = -6$ 

11. Is X an even number?

I. X + Y is even

II. X - Y is even.

12. What is the value of  $\cos \theta$ ?

I. 
$$\sin \theta = \frac{4}{5}$$

II. 
$$\sec \theta = \frac{5}{3}$$

13. What is the sum of the roots of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ? (a, b,  $c \in z$ )

I.  $a \neq c$ 

II. 
$$a = b$$

**14.** Is p v q true?

I. p is false

II. Atleast one of p and q is true

**15.** How much is Kumar's salary?

I. Kumar's salary at present is double Arvind's salary last year.

II. Aravind salary is Rs.850.

**16.** What is the rate of simple interest?

I. The principle doubles itself in 8 years.

II. The principle is Rs.1000

**17.** What is the speed of train?

I. It crosses a pole in 10 seconds.

II. The train is 200 m long.

18. What are the dimensions of a certain rectangle?

I. The perimeter of the rectangle is 14. II. The diagonal of the rectangle is 5.

**19.** What is the area of the triangle?

I. The triangle is equilateral.

II. One of the sides is 6.

- **20.** What is the curved surface area of a cylinder C?
  - I. The base area is 66. II. The volume is 264.

# II. Problem Solving

(Marks: 55)

a) Sequence and Series

(Marks: 25)

**Note:** In each of the questions numbered 21 to 35 a sequence of number or letters that follow a definite pattern is given. Each question has a blank space. This had to be filled by the correct answer from the four given options to complete the sequence without breaking the pattern.

- - 1) 117
- 2) 119
- 3) 120
- 4) 153

- **22.** 97, 89, 83, 79, 73, .....
  - 1) 69
- 2) 70
- 3) 67
- 4) 71

- **23.** 4, 7, 19, 67, .....1027
  - 1) 108
- 2) 259
- 3) 617
- 4) 148

- **24.** 113, 85, 61, 41, ......13, 5
  - 1) 24
- 2) 23
- 3) 25
- 4) 22

- **25.** 7, 21, 63, 189, ......1701
  - 1) 567
- 2) 381
- 3) 498
- 4) 683
- **26.**  $2 + \sqrt{5}$ ,  $9 + 4\sqrt{5}$ , ....,  $161 + 72\sqrt{5}$

- 1)  $18 + 16\sqrt{5}$  2)  $38 + 17\sqrt{5}$  3)  $64 + 32\sqrt{5}$  4)  $72 + 64\sqrt{5}$
- **27.** ABD, EFH, ....., MNP, QRT
  - 1) GHI
- 2) IJK
- 3) IJL
- 4) JKM

- **28.** CEGK, EGKM, ....., KMQS
  - 1) GJKM
- 2) GKMQ
- 3) GLMO
- 4) GMOS

- **29.** BDF, DHL, HPX, ....., FLR
  - 1) JFV
- 2) PGV
- 3) PFV
- 4) PFU

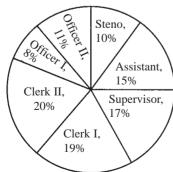
- **30.** ....., JIO, TSY, DCI
  - 1) ZYF
- 2) ZYE
- 3) XYD
- 4) ZYG

- **31.** 99:120::....::63
  - 1) 48
- 2) 42
- 3) 36
- 4) 24

32.	625 : 5 :: 1296 :			
	1) 9	2) 7	3) 6	4) 8
33.	ICET : ETCI ::	: GATE		
	1) GTAE	2) EGTA	3) TEGA	4) ETGA
34.	HCM : FAK :: SGD	·		
	1) QEB	2) QIB	3) ESQ	4) GES
35.	Chisel: Sculptor::	Harrow:		
	1) Gardener	2) Mason	3) Blacksmith	4) Guard
Not	e: In questions 36 to	45 pick the odd thi	ing out	
36.	1) 57	2) 67	3) 77	4) 87
37.	1) 125	2) 216	3) 225	4) 512
38.	1) 841	2) 441	3) 144	4) 343
39.	1) 56	2) 72	3) 94	4) 48
40.	1) 697	2) 957	3) 894	4) 876
41.	1) Krishna	2) Godavari	3) Narmada	4) Mahanadi
42.	1) LUNG	2) EYE	3) HEART	4) EAR
43.	1) CX	2) GT	3) IR	4) KO
44.	1) JLNQ	2) FHKO	3) CEHL	4) NPSW
45.	1) PRK	2) IRK	3) EST	4) ALN
<b>(b)</b>	Data Analysis			(Marks : 10)

# **Directions (46 - 50):** Study the following information to answer the given questions: Percentage of different types of employees in an organisation

# Total number of employees = 7000



	Out of these percent of			
	Direct	Promotees		
1. Steno	30	70		
2. Assistant	40	60		
3. Supervisor	50	50		
4. Clerk I	90	10		
5. Clerk II	30	70		
6. Officer I	90	10		
7. Officer II	70	30		

- **46.** What is the difference in Direct Recruits and Promotee Assistants?
  - 1) 210
- 2) 280
- 3) 180
- 4) 110

47.	7. The Promotee Clerk - I is <b>approximately</b> what percent of that of Direct Recruit Clerk - I?					
	1) 10	2) 9	3) 11	4) 10.50		
48.	How many employe	ees are Supervisors?				
	1) 1050	2) 1019	3) 1190	4) 1290		
49.	How many total Di	rect Recruits among	all types of em	ployees are there?		
	1) 4000	2) 3885	3) 3000	4) 3115		
<b>50.</b>	Which type of emplo	oyees has maximum	number of Dire	ect Recruits?		
	1) Clerk I & Office	r I	2) Officer I			
	3) Clerk I		4) Clerk II			
Dire	ections (51 - 55) Stu	dy the following Pie	e-chart <b>Per</b>	centage of teachers		
care	fully to answer these	e questions.		Biology Hindi		
	Percentage - wise	distribution of teac	hers	12% 8%		
	who teach six diff	erent subjects		Chemistry 27% English 27%		
	Total number of te	eachers = 1800	239	Physics 17% Maths 13%		
51.	If two-ninth of the	teachers who teach	Physics are fem	ale, then number of male		
	Physics teachers is teachers who teach		hat percentage	of the total number of		
	1) 57%	2) 42%	3) 63%	4) 69%		
52.	What is the total nu	umber of teachers tea	aching Chemistr	y, English and Biology?		
	1) 1226	2) 1116	3) 1176	4) 998		
53.						
	1) 352	2) 342	3) 643	4) 653		
54.	What is the respect	ive ratio of the num	ber of teachers	, who teach Mathematics		
	and the number of t	teachers who teach I	Hindi?			
	1) 13:8	2) 7:13	3) 7:26	4) 8 : 15		

**55.** If the percentage of Mathematics teachers is increased by 50% and percentage of Hindi teachers decreased by 25%, then what will be the total number of Mathematics and Hindi teachers together?

1) 390

2) 379

3) 459

4) 480

# c) Coding and Decoding Problems:

(Marks: 10)

**Directions** (56 - 60): In each of these questions a group of letters is given followed by four combinations of number/ symbol lettered (1), (2), (3) and (4). Letters are to be coded as per the scheme and conditions given below. You have to find out the serial number of the combination, which represents the letter group. Serial number of that combination is your answer.

Letter:	Е	Q	В	K	N	P	L	I	T	C	S	F	Н	W .	A
Digit / Symbol:	5	*	\$	2	©	#	4	9	@	6	1	8	%	7	3

**Conditions:** (i) If the first letter is a consonant and the last a vowel, both are to be coded as the code for the vowel.

- (ii) If the first letter is vowel and the last is a consonant, the codes for the two are to be interchanged.
- (iii) If both, the first and the last letters are consonants, both are to be coded as ' $\delta$  '.
  - (iv) If there are more than two vowels in the group of letters all vowels are to be coded as '  $\Psi$  '

#### 56. KAWIPL

1) δ37973

2)  $\delta 379 \# \delta$ 

3)  $4\delta 7\delta #2$ 

4) δ37393

**57.** IQCPWF

1) 9\*6#78

2) 9\*6#79

3) \*6#73δ

4) 8\*6#79

**58.** TCKAPE

1) @623#@

2) @623#5

3) 5623#5

4) 5623#@

59. IKBQFA

1) 92\$8\*3

2) 923\$\*8

3) 92\*83\$

4) 92\$\*83

**60.** IBTNAE

1) \$9@©3Ψ

2) \$@©3ΨΨ

3) \P\$@39\C

4) Ψ\$@©ΨΨ

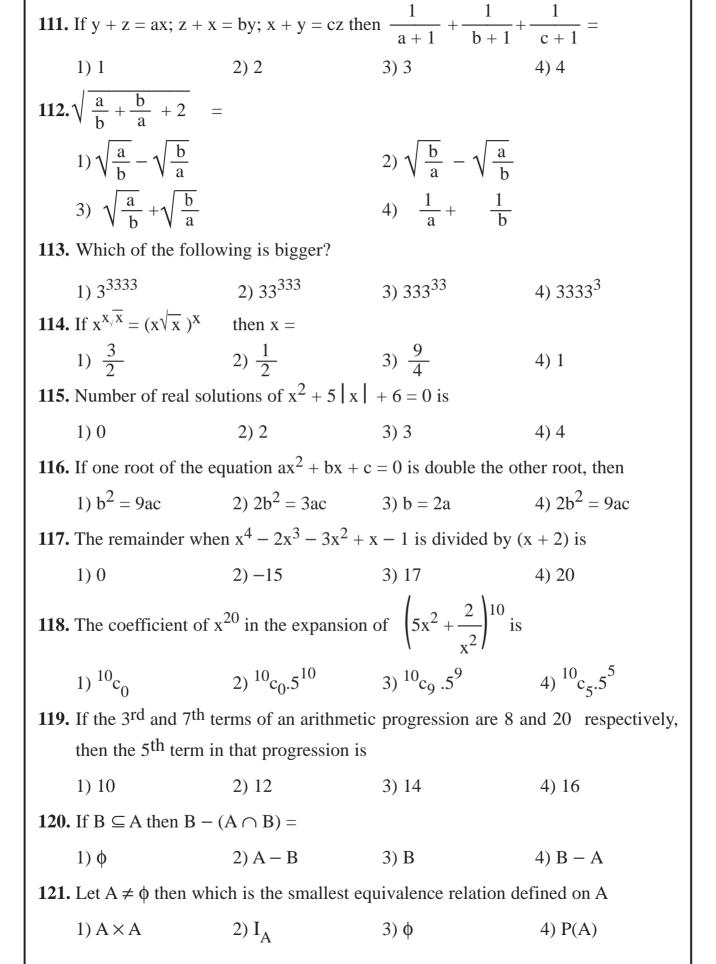
D.						
	<b>Directions (61 - 65):</b> Observe the following coding pattern and answer these questions in the second of the secon					
uon	ons based on the same pattern.					
	For $r = 1, 2, 3, \dots 25, 26$ the code for the $r^{th}$ letter is $(3r - 2)^{th}$ letter. For decoding the inverse process is followed.					
61.	What is the code for the word CURRENCY?					
010			3) GIZZNGUN	4) GIZZMGNU		
62.	What is the code for			1) 612211161(6		
02.			3) JNGZACNM	4) JMGZMACM		
63.	How many letters a	·	·	1) 01/10/21/11 101/1		
	1) Zero	2) One	3) Two	4) Three		
64.	Which word is code	•	5, 1	1) 111100		
0 10		2) DREAM	3) DRUNK	4) DRIVE		
65.	Which word is cod	,	0,2101,11	.,		
	1) TEMPLE	2) TEMPER	3) TENANT	4) TROUSER		
(d) I	Date, Time & Arran	gement Problems:		(Marks : 10)		
	Which will be the fi		096?			
	1) 2100	2) 2104		4) 2108		
67.	1) 2100	2) 2104	3) 2102	,		
67.	1) 2100	2) 2104 day was celebrated	3) 2102	4) 2108 gust 1996. What was		
67.	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199	2) 2104 day was celebrated	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug	gust 1996. What was		
	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday	<ul><li>2) 2104</li><li>day was celebrated</li><li>6?</li><li>2) Tuesday</li></ul>	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug 3) Monday	gust 1996. What was		
	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday	<ul><li>2) 2104</li><li>day was celebrated</li><li>6?</li><li>2) Tuesday</li></ul>	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug 3) Monday	gust 1996. What was 4) Thursday		
	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday In a clock the angle 1) 60°	<ul> <li>2) 2104</li> <li>day was celebrated</li> <li>6?</li> <li>2) Tuesday</li> <li>between the hours a</li> <li>2) 95°</li> </ul>	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug 3) Monday and minute hand at 5	gust 1996. What was 4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is		
68.	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday In a clock the angle 1) 60°	<ul> <li>2) 2104</li> <li>day was celebrated</li> <li>6?</li> <li>2) Tuesday</li> <li>between the hours a</li> <li>2) 95°</li> </ul>	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug 3) Monday and minute hand at 5	gust 1996. What was  4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is  4) 90°		
68.	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday In a clock the angle 1) 60° At what time betwee other?	2) 2104 day was celebrated 6? 2) Tuesday between the hours a 2) 95° en 7 and 8 O'clock v	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug 3) Monday and minute hand at 5	yust 1996. What was  4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is 4) 90° k be opposite to each		
68. 69.	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday In a clock the angle 1) 60° At what time betwee other? 1) 9 past 5 $\frac{5}{11}$	2) 2104 day was celebrated 6? 2) Tuesday between the hours a 2) 95° en 7 and 8 O'clock v  2) 7 past 5 $\frac{5}{11}$	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug  3) Monday and minute hand at 5  3) 120° will the hands of cloc  3) 7 past $6\frac{6}{11}$	yust 1996. What was  4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is 4) 90° k be opposite to each		
68. 69.	1) 2100 The Independence the first day of 199 1) Wednesday In a clock the angle 1) 60° At what time betwee other? 1) 9 past 5 $\frac{5}{11}$ Five friends P, Q, I	2) 2104 day was celebrated 6? 2) Tuesday between the hours a 2) 95° en 7 and 8 O'clock v  2) 7 past 5 $\frac{5}{11}$ R, S and T are sittin	3) 2102 Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug  3) Monday  3) Monday  3) 120°  will the hands of cloc  3) 7 past 6 6/11  g on a bench. P is si	gust 1996. What was  4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is 4) 90° k be opposite to each  4) 7 past $10\frac{10}{11}$		
68. 69.	1) 2100  The Independence the first day of 199  1) Wednesday  In a clock the angle  1) 60°  At what time betwee other?  1) 9 past 5 \frac{5}{11}  Five friends P, Q, I sitting next to S. S is at the second points.	2) 2104 day was celebrated 6? 2) Tuesday between the hours a 2) 95° en 7 and 8 O'clock v  2) 7 past 5 $\frac{5}{11}$ R, S and T are sittin is not sitting next w	3) 2102  Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug  3) Monday  and minute hand at 5  3) 120°  will the hands of cloc  3) 7 past 6 6/11  g on a bench. P is so  with T. T is at the left	gust 1996. What was  4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is 4) 90° k be opposite to each  4) 7 past $10\frac{10}{11}$ itting next to Q, R is		
68. 69.	1) 2100  The Independence the first day of 199  1) Wednesday  In a clock the angle  1) 60°  At what time betwee other?  1) 9 past 5 \frac{5}{11}  Five friends P, Q, I sitting next to S. S	2) 2104 day was celebrated 6? 2) Tuesday between the hours a 2) 95° en 7 and 8 O'clock v  2) 7 past 5 $\frac{5}{11}$ R, S and T are sittin is not sitting next w	3) 2102  Friday the 15 <sup>th</sup> Aug  3) Monday  and minute hand at 5  3) 120°  will the hands of cloc  3) 7 past $6\frac{6}{11}$ g on a bench. P is so with T. T is at the left sits to the right sid	4) Thursday hours 10 minutes is 4) 90° k be opposite to each 4) 7 past $10\frac{10}{11}$ itting next to Q, R is t end of the bench. R e of Q. Who are the		

71.	If $34 \Delta 35 = 15$ ; $55$	$\Delta \ 86 = 24; 78 \ \Delta \ 19$	$0 = 25$ ; then 27 $\Delta$ 20	= ?
	1) 15	2) 17	3) 11	4) 23
72.	A and B are brother	rs. F is the son of B	. G is the sister of B	. A is the father of E
	then what is the rela	ation of G to E?		
	1) Uncle	2) Nephew	3) Aunt	4) Sister
73.	Nag travels 5 km to	owards North and th	en 6 km towards rig	ht. Then he travels 8
	km towards right ar	nd again 10 km towa	ards right. How far is	s he from the starting
	point and in which	direction?		
	1) 5 km NorthEast		2) 7 km South	
	3) 5 km SouthWest		4) 5 km North	
74.	If $a*b = a^3 + b^3 - 3$	Bab. then $\frac{(2*1)*(2*1)}{(2*1)}$	$\frac{(1)}{(1)} = ?$	
	1) 1	2) 3	3) 9	4) 27
75.	$If a*b = a^2 + ab + 3$	3 + (4*5) = ?		
	1) 12	2) 19	3) 129	4) 60
		SECTIO	N - B	
		MATHEMATIC	AL ABILITY	
Qu	estions: 75			Marks: 75
I. A	Arithmetical Abili	ty		
<b>76.</b>	The average age of	a board of 10 advis	sors of a company is	the same as it was 3
	year back on acco	unt of the replacer	ment of one of the	older advisors by a
	younger men. What	is the difference be	etween older and you	inger man?
	1) 30	2) 15	3) 13	4) 45
77.	The monthly income	es of A and B are in	the ratio 4:5, their	expenses are in the
	ratio 5 : 6. If A saves	s Rs.25 per month a	nd B saves Rs.50 per	r month. What is A's
	salary?			
	1) Rs.500	2) Rs.400	3) Rs.600	4) Rs.750
<b>78.</b>	The price of a book	goes up by 10% per	year. After how mar	ny years will its price
	have increased by a	tleast 45%?		
	1) 2 years	2) 3 years	3) 4 years	4) 5 years

<b>79.</b>	If one pipe can fill a tank in $1\frac{1}{2}$ hr and another pipe can fill the same tank in						
	45 min, how long will the two pipes take to fill the tank together?						
	1) 20 min.	2) 30 min.	3) 25 min.	4) 35 min.			
80.	If 6 men can do a jo	b in 14 days, how r	many men would be	needed to do the job			
	in 21 days?						
	1) 4	2) 1	3) 5	4) 2			
81.	Five tailors A, B, C	, D and E stitch 180	0 shirts in 90 days w	orking alternatively.			
	Find the minimum J	possible number of	shirts that can be stit	ched in a single day			
	by working together	r <b>.</b>					
	1) 100	2) 20	3) 50	4) 4			
82.	When A, B and C ar	re employed for a ta	sk, A and B together	do 70% of the work			
	and B and C togethe	er do 50% of the wo	ork. Who is most effi	cient?			
	1) A	2) B	3) C				
	4) Can't be determine	ned					
83.	A man is walking at	a speed of 9 kmph.	After every 1 kilom	etre he takes rest for			
	9 minutes. How mu	ch time will he take	to cover a distance	of 27 km?			
	1) 6 hr.	2) 6 hrs. 45 min.	3) 6 hrs. 54 min.	4) 6 hrs. 35 min.			
84.	A sum was put at s	imple interest at a c	ertain rate for 2 yea	rs had it been put at			
	3% pa higher rate it	would have fetched	d Rs.72 more. Find the	he sum.			
	1) Rs.1200	2) Rs.1500	3) Rs.1800	4) Rs.2000			
85.	How many three dig	git numbers are divi	sible by 6 in all?				
	1) 149	2) 150	3) 151	4) 166			
86.	The total number of	prime numbers wh	ich are contained in	$(30)^6$ is			
	1) 16	2) 12	3) 15	4) 18			
87.	The product of any	three consecutive n	umber is divisible by	7			
	1) 4	2) 6	3) 8	4) 5			
88.	From each of the tw	o given numbers ha	lf the smaller numbe	r is subtracted of the			
	resulting numbers th	ne larger one is three	times as large as the	smaller. What is the			
	ratio of the two nun	nbers?					
	1) 2:1	2) 3:1	3) 3:2	4) 4:5			

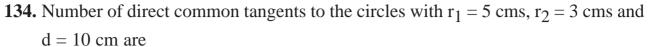
89.	A and B are partners in a business. A contributes $\frac{1}{4}$ th of the capital for 15					
	months and B received $\frac{2}{3}$ of the profit for how long B's money was used?					
	1) 6	2) 9	3) 10	4) 12		
90.	A : B = 2 : 3, B : C	= 4:5, C:D=5:	8 then $A : D =$			
	1) 2 : 3	2) 3 : 2	3) 1:3	4) 3:1		
91.	The diagonal of a	parallelogram is 25	5 cm and the sides	are 20 m and 15 m		
	respectively. What					
	1) 300 m <sup>2</sup>	2) 150 m <sup>2</sup>	3) 75 m <sup>2</sup>	4) 600 m <sup>2</sup>		
92.	The perimeter of a	circle is equal to that	at of a square. Their	areas are in the ratio		
	1) 11 : 11	2) 11 : 12	3) 13:11	4) 14:11		
93.	If a roll of plastic sh	eet 1000 m long cove	ers 1500 sq.mt. the w	idth of plastic sheet is		
	1) 1 m	2) 1.5 m	3) 2.5 m	4) 2.75 m		
94.	The difference betw	veen areas of two sq	uares is $225 \text{ m}^2$ . The	e length of the bigger		
	square is 25 m, the	length of the smalle	er square is			
	1) 20 m	2) 15 m	,	4) 10 m		
95.	The area of a square	e is 1024 cm <sup>2</sup> . What	is the respective rational	o between the length		
	and the breadth of	a rectangle whose le	ength is twice the si	de of the square and		
		ss than the side of the	-			
		2) 16:5		4) 32 : 5		
96.	A man buys an artic	cle at $\frac{3}{4}$ its value an	nd sells it for 20% m	ore than its value.		
	His profit based on	the cost is				
	1) 45%	2) 50%	3) 55%	4) 60%		
97.	A cloth merchant a	nnounces 25% rebat	e in prices. If one no	eeds to have a rebate		
	of Rs.40, then how	many shirts each co	osting Rs.32, he show	ıld purchase?		
	1) 5	2) 6	3) 7	4) 10		
98.	A number exceeds	its 75% by 125. Wh	at is the number?			
	1) 50	2) 75	3) 125	4) 100		
99.	The price of an arti	icle is cut by 20%.	To restore it to the fo	ormer value, the new		
	price must be incre	ased by				
	1) 20%	2) 25%	3) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$	4) 24%		

Γ



. If $[a_{ij}]_{2\times 2}$ and $a_{ij}$	$=i^2-j^2$ then A =		
$1)\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$2) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$3)\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$4) \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , the	en A <sup>n</sup> =		
$1)\begin{bmatrix} 1 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$2)\begin{bmatrix} 2 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$3)\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	$4)\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & n \end{bmatrix}$
. The area of triangle	with vertices $(0, 0)$	(2, -3), (4, 5) is	
1) 11 sq. units		2) 15 sq. units	
3) 20 sq. units		4) 40 sq. units.	
. A line drawn throug	gh A (5, 3) makes an	angle of 45° with the	ne X-axis at B. Then
the distance between	n the points A and B	3 is	
1) $4\sqrt{3}$	2) $4\sqrt{2}$	3) $2\sqrt{3}$	4) $3\sqrt{2}$
If p, q are two states	ments, then $\sim$ (p $\rightarrow$	q) is equivalent to	
$1) \sim pvq$	$2) \sim p \wedge q$	3) pv (~ q)	4) p∧(~ q)
$\frac{\cos 15^{\circ} - \sin 15^{\circ}}{}$	_		
$1)\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	2) $2 + \sqrt{3}$	3) $\sqrt{3}$	4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
If $p(\sec \theta - \tan \theta) =$	= $(\sec \theta + \tan \theta) \cos \theta$	$s^2 \theta$ , then p =	
$1) (1 - \cos \theta)^2$	$2) (1 + \cos \theta)^2$	$3) (1 - \sin \theta)^2$	$4) (1 + \sin \theta)^2$
The tops of two pol	les of height 24 mts	, 20 mts are connec	ted by a wire. If the
wire makes an angle	e 30° with the horize	ontal then length of	wire is
1) 2 mts	2) 4 mts	3) 8 mts	4) 6 mts
The largest 2 digit r	number that satisfies	$2x \equiv 5 \pmod{3}$ is _	
1) 99	2) 98	3) 97	4) 96
. The remainder obta	ined when $5^{11} - 5$ is	s divided by 11 is _	
1) 4	2) 11	3) 3	4) 0
If $\angle ACB = 120^{\circ}$ the	en ∠AOB = (H	ere 'O' is centre)	0
	\		
,		,	A 120° B
	1) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , the $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ The area of triangle 1) 11 sq. units 3) 20 sq. units  A line drawn through the distance betwee 1) $4\sqrt{3}$ If p, q are two states 1) $\sim pvq$ $\frac{\cos 15^{\circ} - \sin 15^{\circ}}{\cos 15^{\circ} + \sin 15^{\circ}} = \frac{1}{2}$ If $p(\sec \theta - \tan \theta) = \frac{1}{2}$ If $p(\sec \theta - \tan \theta) = \frac{1}{2}$ The tops of two points are two states 1) 2 mts  The largest 2 digit in 1) 99  The remainder obtains 1) 4	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , then $A^n = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$ . The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$ . The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$ . The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$ . The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$ . The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$ . The tops of two poles of height 24 mts wire makes an angle $30^\circ$ with the horizon $(1, 2)$ and $(1, 2)$ and $(1, 2)$ are the argest 2 digit number that satisfies $(1, 2)$ and $(1, 2)$ are the argument obtained when $(1, 2)$ and $(1, 2)$ are the argument of the argume	1) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 3) $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , then $A^n = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 2) $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 3) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2n \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ The area of triangle with vertices $(0, 0), (2, -3), (4, 5)$ is  1) 11 sq. units  2) 15 sq. units  3) 20 sq. units  4) 40 sq. units.  A line drawn through A $(5, 3)$ makes an angle of $45^\circ$ with the distance between the points A and B is  1) $4\sqrt{3}$ 2) $4\sqrt{2}$ 3) $2\sqrt{3}$ If p, q are two statements, then $\sim (p \rightarrow q)$ is equivalent to  1) $\sim pvq$ 2) $\sim p \land q$ 3) $pv (\sim q)$ $\frac{\cos 15^\circ - \sin 15^\circ}{\cos 15^\circ + \sin 15^\circ} =$ 1) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 2) $2 + \sqrt{3}$ 3) $\sqrt{3}$ If p(sec $\theta - \tan \theta$ ) = (sec $\theta + \tan \theta$ ) cos <sup>2</sup> $\theta$ , then p =  1) $(1 - \cos \theta)^2$ 2) $(1 + \cos \theta)^2$ 3) $(1 - \sin \theta)^2$ The tops of two poles of height 24 mts, 20 mts are connect wire makes an angle 30° with the horizontal then length of 1) 2 mts  2) 4 mts  3) 8 mts  The largest 2 digit number that satisfies $2x \equiv 5 \pmod{3}$ is  1) 99  2) 98  3) 97  The remainder obtained when $5^{11} - 5$ is divided by 11 is  1) 4  2) 11  3) 3  If $\angle ACB = 120^\circ$ then $\angle AOB =$ (Here 'O' is centre)  1) 240°  2) 180°

<b>133.</b> If the perimeter	of a regular hexagon	is 24 cm, then it	s area in sq. cm. is
1) $12\sqrt{6}$	2) 18	3) $18\sqrt{3}$	4) $24\sqrt{3}$
<b>134.</b> Number of direction	ct common tangents to	the circles with r	$r_1 = 5$ cms, $r_2 = 3$ cm

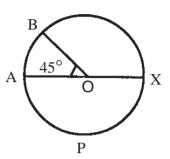




135. 'O' is the centre of the circle and  $\angle AOB = 45^{\circ}$ , then ratio of the areas of sectors AOB, OBX, APX







136. 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x(x+1)(2x+3)}{x^3} =$$

- 3) 0

4) 3

137. Lim 
$$\frac{\sqrt{4+x} - \sqrt{4-x}}{x} =$$
1) 1 2) -1

- $(3)\frac{1}{2}$
- 4) 2

138. 
$$\frac{d}{dx} (\log_x 10) =$$

$$2) \frac{-\log 10}{x(\log x)^2}$$

2) 
$$\frac{-\log 10}{x(\log x)^2}$$
 3)  $\frac{-\log 10}{(\log x)^2}$  4)  $\frac{x}{\log 10}$ 

$$4)\frac{x}{\log 10}$$

**139.** If f (x) = 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$
 then f'(x) at x = 4 is

1) 
$$\frac{-1}{16}$$

$$(2)\frac{-1}{8}$$

3) 
$$\frac{-1}{4}$$

4) 
$$\frac{1}{8}$$

**140.** If 
$$y = 3x^2 + 8 \sin x + \log x$$
 then  $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ 

$$1) 2x + \tan x + \frac{1}{x}$$

2) 
$$6x - \cos x + \frac{1}{x}$$
  
4)  $6x + \sin x + \frac{1}{x}$ 

3) 
$$6x + 8\cos x + \frac{1}{x}$$

4) 
$$6x + \sin x + \frac{1}{x}$$

- 141. A frequency distribution contains 8 classes, width of each class is 10. If the lower bound of the first class is 15, then the lower bound of the 7<sup>th</sup> class is ....
  - 1)80

- 2) 82
- 3) 94
- 4) 75
- **142.** Mean Deviation about median of first five prime numbers is....
  - 1) 5

- 2) 2.5
- 3) 2.6
- 4) 1.25

<b>143.</b> If $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - k) = 0$	then $k = \dots$					
1) Median	2) Mean	3) Mode	4) Harmonic Mean			
<b>144.</b> The mean mark of b	ooy in a particular su	ubject was 79 and tha	at of girl was 73. The			
average mark of all	average mark of all the students was 75 then the ratio of boy to girl is					
1) 2:1	2) 2 : 3		4) 1: 2			
<b>145.</b> If the standard devi	ation of n consecuti	ve positive integers	is $2\sqrt{13}$ then $n =$			
1) 25	2) 35	3) 15	4) 7			
<b>146.</b> If $P(A) = 0.3$ , $P(B)$	$= 0.6$ , $P(A \cap B) =$	= 0.2 then $P(A \cap B)$	) =			
1) 0.7	2) 0.5	3) 0.4	4) 0.3			
<b>147.</b> A card is drawn fro	m a well shuffled p	ack of cards. What i	s the probability that			
it is either diamond	or spade?					
1) $\frac{7}{13}$	2) $\frac{4}{7}$	3) $\frac{2}{3}$	4) $\frac{1}{2}$			
<b>148.</b> 8 coins are tossed s	imultaneously. The	probability of getting	g at least six heads is			
$1)\frac{39}{256}$	2) $\frac{29}{256}$	3) $\frac{31}{256}$	4) $\frac{37}{256}$			
<b>149.</b> The probability that	t a leap year will ha	ve exactly 52 fridays	s is			
$1)\frac{1}{7}$	$2)\frac{2}{7}$	$3)\frac{6}{7}$	4) $\frac{5}{7}$			
<b>150.</b> In a family of 6 chi	ldren, the probabilit	ty that the family to	have 3 boys is			
1) $\frac{5}{16}$	2) $\frac{7}{16}$	3) $\frac{1}{2}$	4) $\frac{1}{8}$			
	SECTIO	N - C				
	Communicati	ion Ability				
Questions: 50		-	Marks: 50			
<b>PART - 1</b>						
Choose the correct answer:						
<b>151.</b> Which of the following is the correct order of the four major functions of a com-						
puter?						
1) Process $\rightarrow$ Output $\rightarrow$ Input $\rightarrow$ Storage						
2) Input $\rightarrow$ Output	$\rightarrow$ Process $\rightarrow$ Stora	age				
3) Process $\rightarrow$ Stora	$ge \rightarrow Input \rightarrow Out$	put				
4) Input $\rightarrow$ Process $\rightarrow$ Output $\rightarrow$ Storage						

152. A byte can hold one of data.									
	1) bit	2) binary digit	3) character	4) kilobyte					
153.	Auxiliary memory i	s also called							
	1) Primary Memory		2) Third Memory						
	3) Extra Memory		4) Secondary Memory						
154.	<b>154.</b> Which of the following is a universal gate?								
	1) AND	2) NOR	3) Buffer	4) Inverter					
155.	<b>155.</b> The scrambling of code is known as								
	1) encryption		2) a firewall						
	3) scrambling		4) password-proofing						
156.	<b>156.</b> NCD stands for								
	1) Non Convertible Demand		2) Non Convertible Display						
	3) Non Convertible	Debenture	4) Non Convertible	Discount					
157.	Bulls come in the ca	se of							
	1) Regular Market		2) Stock Market						
	3) Hyper Market		4) Money Market						
158.	Commercial paper of	comes under							
	1) Capital Market		2) FOREX Market						
	3) STOCK Market		4) Money Market						
159.	NAV is applicable to	0							
	1) Mutual Funds		2) Share Market						
	3) Gold Market		4) Forward Market						
160.	Coupon Rate means	3							
	1) Int. Rate on Bank	Int. Rate on Bank Deposit  2) Int. Rate on Loan given by RBI		n given by RBI					
	3) Int. Rate on Govt	t. Rate on Govt. Bonds 4) Int. Rate on Equity Shares							
		PART	- 2						
Cho	ose the correct mea	ning for the word	given:						
161.	Insane								
	1) mad	2) save	3) sot	4) dot					
162.	Masticate								
	1) chew	2) repair bones	3) beat	4) revive					
163.	Confiscate								
	1) seize	2) punish	3) impeach	4) sue					

164	<b>1.</b> Pensive							
	1) large	2) sorrowful	3) confident	4) affectionate				
165	5. Dredge							
	1) press	2) clear away	3) bring down	4) raise				
Fil	Fill in the blank choosing the correct word:							
166	166. He tends to worry over fears.							
	1) imaginative		2) imaginary					
	3) immature		4) incorrigible					
167	7. Prof. Nayak's lauda	able scientific achieve	vements and his blin	d belief in astrology				
	are							
	1) incomparable		2) incompatible					
	3) invincible		4) inappropriate					
168	<b>168.</b> The policy of the government on improving the quality of higher education							
	without jettisoning the system of reservation in college admissions is a							
	1) confusion	2) confabulation						
	3) conflict	4) conundrum						
169	<b>169.</b> Hari and Rajesh are unable to complete the task.							
	1) neither	2) either	3) each	4) both				
170	<b>).</b> The guru advised t	he householders to	seek fr	om time to time for				
	intense spiritual pra	actice.						
	1) solidarity	2) soliloquy	3) solution	4) solitude				
		PART	- 3					
Ch	oose the correct ans	wer:						
<b>17</b> 1	l. 'He might win'. The	e speaker is						
	1) expressing doubt		2) expressing a wish					
	3) expressing permission		4) an expression showing anxiety					
172. She knows the news,								
	1) doesn't she?	2) didn't she?	3) hasn't she?	4) isn't she?				
173	3. Scarcely had he cal							
	1) than	2) then	3) when	4) that				
174	174. You are able to secure a rank. How would you express it?							
			-	2) I may secure a rank.				
	3) I will secure a rank.		4) I can secure a rank.					
	5, 1 seedie a la	<del>-</del>	., I tall becale a la					

175.	175. 'He walks as if he was drunk'. Here he is						
	1) not drunk		2) drunk				
	3) either (1) or (2)		4) neither (1) nor (2)				
Fill in the blank with appropriate Phrase/ Verb/ Preposition:							
176. The hard labour is telling their health.							
	1) about	2) at	3) with	4) upon			
177.	177. Kumari dissuaded me joining them.						
	1) from	2) at	3) to	4) with			
178.	The teacher said, 'B	e quiet, boys.' (Rew	rrite it)				
	1) The teacher said	that the boys should	l be quiet.				
	2) The teacher called the boys and ordered them to be quiet.						
	3) The teacher urged the boys to be quiet.						
	4) The teacher commanded the boys that they be quiet.						
179.	The organizers have	e the pro	ogramme.				
	1) put off	2) put out	3) put down	4) put on			
180.	Maneesha is good	English	•				
	1) at	2) in	3) about	4) for			
181.	The ministers were p	ractising corrupt affa	airs. (The passive form	n of the sentence is)			
	1) Corrupt affairs were practised by the ministers.						
	2) Corrupt affairs w	ere being practised	by the ministers.				
	3) Corrupt affairs ha	ad been practised by	ministers.				
	4) Corrupt affairs ha	ad been practised by	the ministers.				
182.	Don't quarrel	with other over trif	fles.				
	1) pick up		2) pick out				
	3) pick on		4) pick down				
<b>183.</b> At this time yesterday we cricket.							
	1) played		2) are playing				
	3) were playing		4) had been playing				
<b>184.</b> Somesh was disgusted their attitudes.							
	1) at	2) by	3) with	4) about			
185.	My sister	unwell sind	•				
	1) is		2) being				
	3) was		4) has been				

#### **PART - 4**

# Read the following passage and answer the questions (186-190):

Marie Sklodowska Curie (1867-1934) was born in Warsaw, Poland. As a student, she participated in the student's revolutionary organization which was fighting against the dictatorial regime in Poland. She was forced to leave Poland for Paris because of her involvement in such activities. In 1903 she shared with her husband Pierre Curie and another scientist Henri Becquerel, the Nobel Prize in Physics for the discovery of radioactivity. Later in 1911, she received the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for the discovery and isolation of radium. She was the first person to win two Nobel Prizes. She and her husband discovered Polonium. This element was named in honour of her motherland, Poland.

Marie and her daughter Irene Joliot Curie died of radiation-included illness. These two women risked their lives for the sake of advancement of science, which now greatly benefits the society. Irene and her husband Frederick Joliot-Curie shared the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1935. The Curies thus created a record by four family members having received the Nobel Prize.

Despite her spectacular contribution to science, Marie's nomination to the French Academy of Sciences in 1911 was rejected by one vote because she was a woman!

- **186.** Marie Curie won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry for .....
  - 1) discovery of radioactivity
- 2) discovery and isolation of radium

3) discovery of X-ray

- 4) laws of Radioactive Decay
- **187.** Frederick Joliot-Curie was Marie Curie's ......
  - 1) husband
- 2) brother
- 3) son
- 4) son-in-law
- **188.** In what way did Marie Curie and her daughter risk their lives for the advancement of science?
  - 1) They defied the dictators of Poland and France.
  - 2) They discovered Polonium which had great side effects.
  - 3) They exposed themselves to radium and died of radium-induced illness.
  - 4) They joined terrorist organizations.
- **189.** Which of the following is true?
  - 1) Polonium was named after Marie Curie's motherland.
  - 2) Polonium was Henri Becquerel's contribution to Science.
  - 3) The discovery of polonium helped Marie Curie get nominated to the French Academy of Sciences.
  - 4) Marie won the Nobel Prize for the discovery of polonium in 1935.

- **190.** Marie Curie's nomination to the French Academy of Sciences in 1911 was rejected by one vote because ......
  - 1) she had already won the Nobel Prize
  - 2) she had won two Nobel Prizes
  - 3) she was a woman

4) she was Polish

# Read the following passages and answer the questions (191-195):

Just as some men like to play football or cricket, so some men like to climb mountains. This is often very difficult to do, for mountains are not just big hills, paths are usually very steep. Some mountain sides are straight up and down, so that it may take many hours to climb as little as one hundred feet. There is always the danger that you may fall off and be killed or injured. Men talk about conquering a mountain. It is a wonderful feeling to reach the top of a mountain after climbing for hours and may be, even days. You look down and see the whole country below you. You feel god-like. Two Italian prisoners of war escaped from a prison camp in Kenya during the war. They did not try to get back to their own country, for they knew that was impossible. Instead, they climbed to the top of Mount Kenya, and then they came down again and gave themselves up. They had wanted to get that feeling of freedom that one has, after climbing a difficult mountain.

- **191.** Some men like to climb mountains because
  - 1) they do not like to play football or cricket.
  - 2) they want to have a wonderful feeling.
  - 3) they know the trick of climbing.
  - 4) they like to face danger.
- 192. To climb mountains is often difficult because
  - 1) mountains are big hills.
- 2) it consumes more time.
- 3) prisoners often escape from camps and settle there.
- 4) paths are steep and uneven.
- **193.** It is a wonderful feeling ..... 'It' refers to .....
  - 1) the steep path.

2) the mountain

3) the prisoner

- 4) mountaineering
- **194.** Two Italian prisoners escaped from the camp and climbed on the top of Mount Kenya
  - 1) to get the feeling of freedom.
- 2) to escape to Italy.
- 3) to gain fame as mountaineers.
- 4) to get a reward.

- 195. Mountaineering is not a very popular sport like football or cricket because
  - 1) it may take many hours or days.
  - 2) there are no spectators in this sport.
  - 3) people do not want to enjoy a god-like feeling.
  - 4) it may take a few hours or days.

# Read the following passage and answer the questions (196-200):

To avoid the various foolish opinions to which mankind is prone, no superhuman brain is required. A few simple rules will keep you free, not from all errors, but from silly errors. If the matter is one that can be settled by observation, make the observation yourself. Aristotle could have avoided the mistake of thinking that women have fewer teeth than men, by the simple device of asking Mrs. Aristotle to keep her mouth open while he counted. Thinking that you know when, in fact, you do not is a bad mistake, to which we are all prone. I believe myself that hedgehogs eat black beetles, because I have been told that they do; but if I was writing a book on the habits of hedgehogs, I should not commit myself until I had seen one enjoying this diet. Aristotle, however, was less cautious. Ancient and medieval writers knew all about ancient unicorns and salamanders; not one of them thought it necessary to avoid dogmatic statements about them because he had never seen one of them.

**196.** The author portrays mankind as

1) very intelligent

2) having superhuman qualities

3) nervous and weak

4) lazy and ignorant

197. The author is in favour of drawing conclusions on the basis of

1) reasoning

2) study of eminent thinkers

3) empirical evidence

4) discussion and consultation

**198.** According to the author, unicorns and salamanders

- 1) existed in the past but now have become extinct
- 2) are invisible

3) never really existed

4) have caused strange stories to be written about them

**199.** The author implies that

- 1) hedgehogs eat black beetles
- 2) hedgehogs do not really eat black beetles
- 3) he is writing a book about hedgehogs
- 4) he has never seen a hedgehog eating beetles

**200.** The attitude of the author is

1) philosophic

2) scientific

3) cultural

4) sensible

# Key

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1-1; 2-2; 3-1; 4-1; 5-3; 6-1; 7-4; 8-2; 9-3; 10-3; 11-4; 12-2; 13-2; 14-2; 15-4; 16-1;
17-3; 18-3; 19-3; 20-3; 21-3; 22-4; 23-2; 24-3; 25-1; 26-2; 27-3; 28-2; 29-3; 30-2;
31-1; 32-3; 33-4; 34-1; 35-1; 36-2; 37-3; 38-4; 39-3; 40-1; 41-3; 42-3; 43-4; 44-1;
45-1; 46-1; 47-3; 48-3; 49-2; 50-3; 51-2; 52-2; 53-2; 54-1; 55-3; 56-2; 57-4; 58-3;
59-4; 60-4; 61-1; 62-4; 63-3; 64-3; 65-1; 66-2; 67-2; 68-2; 69-2; 70-2; 71-3; 72-3;
73-3; 74-3; 75-3. 76-1; 77-2; 78-3; 79-2; 80-1; 81-2; 82-1; 83-3; 84-1; 85-2;
86-4; 87-2; 88-1; 89-3; 90-3; 91-1; 92-4; 93-2; 94-1; 95-2; 96-4; 97-1; 98-1;
99-2; 100-3; 101-3; 102-4; 103-1; 104-3; 105-3; 106-3; 107-4; 108-1; 109-3;
110-3; 111-1; 112-3; 113-1; 114-3; 115-1; 116-4; 117-3; 118-2; 119-3; 120-1;
121-2; 122-4; 123-3; 124-1; 125-4; 126-4; 127-4; 128-4; 129-3; 130-3; 131-4;
132-4; 133-4; 134-2; 135-4; 136-2; 137-3; 138-2; 139-1; 140-3; 141-4; 142-3;
143-2; 144-4; 145-1; 146-4; 147-4; 148-4; 149-3;
                                                   150-1. 151-4; 152-3; 153-4;
154-2; 155-1; 156-3; 157-2; 158-4; 159-1; 160-3; 161-1; 162-1; 163-1; 164-2;
165-2; 166-2; 167-2; 168-4; 169-4; 170-4; 171-1; 172-1; 173-3; 174-4; 175-1;
176-4; 177-1; 178-3; 179-1; 180-1; 181-2; 182-1; 183-3; 184-3; 185-4; 186-2;
187-1; 188-3; 189-1; 190-3; 191-2; 192-4; 193-4; 194-1; 195-1; 196-4; 197-3;
198-3; 199-1; 200-2.
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